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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXIX NO. 264 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1941 PRICE: ONE ANNA

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STALIN PROCLAIMS WAR WITHOUT MERCY

Nazi Advance Stemmed In Central Sector

SUCCESSFUL RUSSIAN COUNTER-ATTACKS

Flare Up In Leningrad Front: Crimea Still Fights On

LONDON, November 6.

NEWS reaching London shows that the fifth German offensive against Moscow is being very definitely held.

A front line despatch broadcast by the Moscow radio describes the failure of the new enemy attack as a fiasco for the German High Command. The despatch adds that the danger to Moscow still exists, the enemy is still strong, fierce battles have still to be fought but that the Russians are ready and confident.

NAZIS PUSHED BACK

The official Tass Agency says that for the last few days fighting has been particularly stubborn at the two extremes of the Moscow Front. The Germans are known to be keeping up their counter-attacks in the Kalinin Sector, and in the Volokolamsk Sector the Russians have pushed the enemy back and reoccupied a number of villages. The Russian cavalry pierced the German lines and attacked them from the rear. The Germans resisted for some hours, but they were finally forced to retreat.

In the Mojaisk Sector a big enemy tank formation was repelled by the concentrated fire of Russian artillery and numbers of damaged tanks were littered on the road. At one point a German unit was surrounded this morning.

BIG ARMS FACTORIES REMOVED

South-west of Moscow, according to the Tass report, the Russian Army is still repelling the enemy, inflicting huge losses on the Germans.

South of Moscow in the Tula Sector where the Germans had been held for more than a week, the position is still grave. The Germans are known to be accumulating reserves in this Sector. The big arms factories have already been moved further east.

Weather conditions outside Moscow are very bad, alternating between frost and snow; but the Russian Air Force has been active pounding the enemy tanks troops and supply lines.

In the Crimea the Germans have nowhere penetrated the outer defences of Sebastopol.

To-day's German Communique still talks of German and Rumanian troops advancing towards the coast of the Black Sea through the Yaila mountains.

SOVIET STRATEGY IN CRIMEA

A British Officer who has just returned to London from the Crimea says it was never the intention of the Russians to hold any intermediate position once they were driven back from the Perekop Isthmus. The Russian withdrawal, he says, was carried out as planned.

Sebastopol, according to this Officer, is very strongly fortified, the outer defences being roughly twenty miles from the city and the army is well supplied. He describes the Russian troops there as being full of spirits.

At the other end of the Front the general situation is unaltered There are reports both from Russian and German sources of action around Leningrad.

Near Murmansk in the Arctic the weather has prevented any large scale operations.

Successful Counter Attacks

MOSCOW:—Soviet troops holding the approaches to Moscow successfully counter-attacked at a number of points, telegraphs the correspondent of the Official Agency in the Central Front. The fighting was particularly obstinate on the flanks during Tuesday and Wednesday. Soviet tank units captured a village and subsequently advanced further. Cavalry penetrated to the enemy's rear in a night attack and caused considerable losses before being obliged to retreat at daybreak. Motorised infantry captured a fortified point and also a village inflicting "colossal losses". Concentrated artillery fire repulsed a large formation of tanks attempting to pierce the Soviet defences along the road to Mojaisk. A great number of enemy

(Continued on Page 7)

LITVINOFF FOR WASHINGTON

Ex-Commissar For Foreign Affairs Back Again In Diplomatic Service

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.

It is reported that M. Litvinoff has been selected as Russian Ambassador in Washington.

It is reported in diplomatic circles that M. Litvinoff has been selected to succeed M. Oumansky as Russian Ambassador in the United States. M. Oumansky is now in Russia.

Two Factors In Stalin's Policy

LONDON:—The news of M. Litvinoff's appointment to Washington, if confirmed, may be taken as a fresh evidence of two factors in M. Stalin's policy, writes Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent.

Firstly, it is a sign of the high importance Russia now attaches to its contact with the United States for, though M. Oumansky has been a success, M. Litvinoff is doubtless better known as an international figure.

Secondly, the appointment is a further sign the way in which the Soviet Union is striving to utilise all its talent in the most advantageous way.

It is in line with the recent appointments of Shaposhnikoff, the master mind of Russian military strategy to be the Chief of Staff and Marshal Voroshilov, expert organiser, to take charge of Russia's system of defence in depth.

To-day's news means that now M. Litvinoff too has been sent to a post consonant with his abilities.

Harvesting Time In Russia.
—(Courtesy: "The Gazette", Montreal).

Roosevelt's Tribute To I. L. O.'s Work

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.

President Roosevelt addressing the International Labour Office Conference here to-day said:

"The I. L. O. has been tried and tested. Through those extravagant years of the twenties it kept doggedly to its task of shortening the hours of labour, protecting women and children and agriculture industry, making life more bearable for merchant seamen, keeping factories and mines of the world fit places for human beings to work in.....now for more than two years you have weathered the vicissitudes of a world at war. Though Hitler's 'juggernaut' has crowded your permanent staff out of its home at Geneva, here in the New World, thanks in large part to the efforts of our friend Mr. John Winant, you have been carrying on. And when this world struggle is over, you will be prepared to play your own part in formulating those social policies upon which the permanence of peace will so much depend.

The essence of our struggle is that all men shall be free. There can be no real freedom for the common man without enlightened social policies. In the last analysis, they are stakes for which the democracies are to-day fighting. Your concern is the concern of all the democratic peoples. To many of your member states, adherence to the I. L. O. meant great sacrifice. There is no greater evidence of the vitality of the I. L. O. than the loyal presence here to-day of representatives of nations which suffer under the last dictator

I welcome those representatives especially. I extend the hand of courage to the delegates of those labour organisations whose leaders to-day are languishing in concentration camps for having dared to stand up for ideals without which no civilisation can live

U. S. WORKERS' SACRIFICE

Through you, delegates, from these despoiled lands, the United States sends your people this message: "You have not been forgotten". We in the United States have so far been called on for very limited sacrifices but even in this country we are beginning to feel the pinch of war. Names may be unfamiliar to you but workers of Manitoaac in Wisconsin who used to make aluminium utensils have had to sacrifice their jobs in order that we may send planes to Britain, Russia and China. Rubber workers in hundreds of scattered plants have had to sacrifice their opportunities for immediate employment that there may be ships to carry planes and tanks to Liverpool, Archangel and Rangoon.—Reuter.

(Message Incomplete)

Tokyo Protest To Moscow

Sequel To Sinking Of Japanese Ship

TOKYO, Nov. 6.

It is officially announced that Japan has protested to the U.S.S.R. about the sinking of the "Kebi Maru".

The Japanese Foreign Office in an announcement says that the "Kebi Maru" was clearly sunk by a Soviet floating mine. A most solemn protest was made to the Soviet Ambassador. The latest reports give 17 dead with 247 persons rescued, nine of whom are seriously injured.

All ten lifeboats carried by the "Kebi Maru" have been picked up according to a report reaching Seishin, Korea, quoted by the Domei Japanese News Agency.

Hit Mine And Sank

The Japanese steamer "Kebi Maru" 4,050 tons sank off Joshin on the north-eastern coast of Korea on Wednesday night within thirty minutes, after striking a drifting mine, according to a telephone message from Sishein in north-eastern Korea to the official Japanese News Agency.

It is recalled, says the Japanese Agency, on September 18, the Japanese Government filed a strong protest with the Soviet Government concerning floating Russian mines in the Japanese Sea and the sinking of one Japanese vessel and damage to another were attributed to this cause.

The fate of "Kebi Maru's" 342 passengers and 80 crew is not known but it is believed that they have been saved.

It is understood that the Japanese Government is lodging a strong protest with the Soviet Government.

According to the Japanese News Agency the Soviet Ambassador has been requested to call on Thursday afternoon at the Japanese Foreign Office and it is understood, the Agency says, the summons is connected with the sinking of the "Kebi Maru".—Reuter.

British Press Criticises America

LONDON, Nov. 6.

Anglo-American diplomatic co operation in the war against Germany is raised in the London Press this morning in connection with Finland. The press criticises America and asks for declaration of war on Finland.—Reuter.

SOVIET EMERGES STRONGER FROM MISFORTUNE

Hitler's 'Blitzkrieg' Plan Miscarried

BALANCE-SHEET OF FOUR MONTHS OF WAR

Call To Strike At Nazi Rear: Red Army Remains Intact

"THE misfortune that the Soviet Union has passed through has not weakened the country, but strengthened it", declared M. Stalin addressing a session of the Moscow Soviet in Moscow this afternoon commemorating the 24th anniversary of the October Revolution on Thursday. M. Molotov and Marshal Budenny were among the Soviet leaders present.

NAZI PLAN MISCARRIED

M. Stalin said that the Germans considered that they could finish the Soviet campaign in a month and a half, but "their plan has miscarried."

German casualties in the first four months of the war amounted to four and a half million killed, wounded and prisoners.

M. Stalin declared that Hitler "has no more likeness to Napoleon than a cat to lion."

RED REAR STRONG

M. Stalin added that there were unfavourable circumstances for the Red Army which had compelled them to retreat. One cause of the ill-success of the Soviet armies was lack of tanks."

But, added M. Stalin:

"Never has the rear of the Red Army been as strong as now. No other country could have suffered the losses suffered by the Soviet. If the Soviet State has stood firm, it shows that it is fundamentally more solid than other countries".

BALANCE-SHEET FOR FOUR MONTHS

LONDON, Nov. 6.

M. Stalin in a speech to the Moscow Soviet stated that during the first four months of war German casualties were four and a half millions killed, wounded and taken prisoner.

M. Stalin stated that Soviet casualties were 1,358,000 in killed, wounded and taken prisoner.—Reuter.

M. STALIN.

"CAUTION GONE MAD"

British Promises And Performances

LONDON, Nov. 6.

Commenting on the Burma Premier's return from London as "a disappointed man" the weekly review "Time and Tide" expresses the opinion that the British Government's caution "in so wording its promises that their performance can always be postponed is considered by many to be caution gone mad."

The paper questions the wisdom of offending the Burmese nation "at a moment when it sent its Premier 20,000 miles through dangerous seas to ask for a plain straightforward assurance from us."—Reuter.

STALIN'S SPEECH

No Mercy To Nazis

LONDON, Nov. 6.

M. Stalin to-day addressed a session of the Moscow Soviet held to commemorate the 24th anniversary of the October Revolution. He said, according to the Moscow Radio:

"Twenty-four years have passed since the Socialist Revolution established Soviet Order in our land. The period of peaceful construction has ended. Now comes the time of struggle against German annexationists. Our task is to assert all our efforts in the war of liberation. The enemy has subjugated Lithuania, Latvia, Estonia and Moldavia. The German Fascist annexationists are robbing our country. They are destroying our towns and villages. Savage Fascist hordes are slaughtering the peaceful inhabitants of our country. This is German civilisation.

NAZI PLAN MISCARRIED

The Germans considered they could finish the Soviet campaign in a month and a half and announced this everywhere. But their plan was miscarried. They did not manage to finish the war in the West and their plans for war in the East also did not materialise.

France went down to Hitler from fear. The Germans thought the same would happen in the case of Great Britain and the United States. But these two countries did not join in the attack against Soviet Russia, but became her staunch allies.

The Germans thought the so-

(Continued on Page 7)

TIME FOR LAUNCHING NEW PEACE OFFENSIVE

Congress May Appreciate Release Of Politicals, Leading To Entire Reorientation In Its Policy

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 6

The main Point which seems to be worrying the Government of India on the question of releasing Congress prisoners is said to be uncertainty regarding Congress reaction to such gesture.

As one prominent member of the Congress Working Committee told me shortly after his release, it would be humiliating for Congress to ask or expect Government to release Congress prisoners and then as 'quid pro quo' withdraw civil disobedience movement. But while Government does not know what Congress will do if, prisoners are released. Congress leaders are equally in a fix and do not know what Government will do if Congress makes any gesture on its part. If both parties are sure about each other's views, it is felt the time is ripe for launching a new peace move between Congress and Government. Sir Tej Bahadur will not be averse to playing the role of the intermediary once again provided both parties are in a mood to accept his intervention. Political circles here, however are strongly of opinion that Government of India should proclaim a general amnesty to Congress prisoners and thereby afford a chance to Congress leaders to call a meeting of the All-India Congress Committee to reconsider the situation. In this way Government would have made a gesture which may be appreciated by all reasonable persons in the country. It is also likely the A. I. C. C. may lead the entire reorientation in Congress policy

JAPAN AND AXIS PACT

LONDON, (By Cable).

"Japan interprets Article III of the Axis Pact (under which she can be called upon to go to the aid of her Allies) according to her own independent judgment based on the facts of any actual case", said Mr. Ishii, the Government spokesman.

This statement, which is in line with the policy announced by the Third Konoye Cabinet after Mr. Matsuoka's retirement, was made (cables the "Times" Tokyo correspondent) in response to questions about Hitler's declaration that the United States had attacked Germany.

At present Japan is seeking an agreement with the United States, and while the entire press is hammering at the United States in an effort to obtain concessions, the Axis Pact, which has played such a large part in earlier similar campaigns, is scarcely mentioned.

Mr. Ishii emphasised that, although the Washington conversations are dormant momentarily, Japan still hopes that "the United States will have an understanding of Japan's position."

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20. MATRIMONIAL

Parsi bachelor of independent means and reformed ideas, age 42, wishes to correspond with like-minded Parsi lady with matrimonial view. Kindly write Box No. 15314, "Bombay Chronicle."

SOCIAL

Ladies, Gentlemen wishing penfriends, companions (free service). Apply: Secretary, Supermen Allied Circle, Dharampura, Lahore. (15309)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Manager with general sales experience security essential. Apply between 9—11 a. m., 1—4 p. m. Gayfield Co., Victoria Building, Parsi Bazar, Fort. (15313)

Wanted for an upcountry Woollen Mill a competent Spinning Master, knowing to spin on mules blanket counts from Indian wools. Apply with testimonials. Only experienced and practical hands should apply. Box No. 6401, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—General Clerks for Bombay Presidency. Pay Rs. 25 to 50. Bright future. State minimum pay Cash deposit Rs. 100. Apply with 10 pice stamps. Director, Hindustan National Board of Trade, Railway Road, Lahore. (15304)

Wanted a Health Officer for Bhavnagar City Municipality, (1) Grade of the post Rs. 50 to 75 with Rs. 7 cycle allowance, (2) No private practice is allowed, (3) The candidate must be an L.C.P.S. or of a higher qualification, with experience of Municipal Sanitation, (4) Candidate with experience in Malaria control will be preferred, (5) Applications must reach the President City Municipality Bhavnagar before 20th November, 1941, stating age, caste, native place, qualifications, experience, date of passing the examination, with copies of testimonials. (6459)

Wanted for the D. G. National College, Hyderabad Sind, (affiliated to the University of Bombay) a lady Physical Instructor in the scale of Rs. 50—5—75 to give physical instruction to lady-students, (instructing in drill, gymnastics, games, etc.). Applications should be accompanied by certificates of merit, good conduct, etc. and reach the Principal by 19th November, 1941. The person selected will have to join by the end of November, 1941. H. S. Bharvani, Principal. (6468)

Wanted as Teacher for a High School in an Indian State a B.A.B.T. with Persian in B.A. Pay Rs. 60|- p.m. to 80 - by biennial increment of Rs. 5|- p. m. Efficiency bar. Rs. 80|- p. m. to 100|- by biennial increment of Rs. 5|- p. m. Efficiency bar. Rs. 100|- p. m. to 125|- by biennial increment of Rs. 5|- p. m. Must be ready to join immediately. Service pensionable. Knowledge of Gujarati essential. Only B.T.s need apply. Apply Box No. 6411, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

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THE RAWALPINDI ELECTRIC POWER COMPANY, LIMITED.
Registered Office:
Electricity Building, Mayo Road, RAWALPINDI.

ANNOUNCE the opening for business hereunder defined of their Bombay Branch Office at Lakshmi Building, Sir Pherozshah Mehta Road, Fort, as from 10-45 A. M. on the 10TH NOVEMBER, 1941, which office will, in future, comprise, Stores Purchase, Administration and Development Departments. All matters referring to Plant and Stores will be dealt with solely through Bombay Branch Office.
CHIEF ENGINEER & GENERAL MANAGER.
Rawalpindi Electric Power Company, Limited.
Tel. No. 33736.
Tels. "Pindilux."
(6464)

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE A. R. P. CONTROLLER, Bombay, requires premises in various parts of the City comprising the following in each case:
(a) open ground approximately 5,000 sq. yards in area.
(b) buildings for Offices and Godowns.
Suitable premises would be taken on lease by the Government of Bombay.
D. SYMINGTON,
A.R.P. Controller.
Council Hall,
Bombay 3rd November, 1941.
(6438)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted a competent Graduate Muslim Head-Master for the Islamia Madressa in a small State in Kathiawar. Previous teaching experience essential; also knowledge of Urdu and Gujarati. Starting pay Rs. 70-5-2-90. Apply with copies of testimonials to Box No 6391, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted as Teacher for a High School in an Indian State a B.A.B.T. with Science or Mathematics as Special Subject. Pay Rs. 60 - p. m. to 80|- by biennial increment of Rs. 5|- p. m. Efficiency bar. Rs. 80|- p. m. to 100|- by biennial increment of Rs. 5|- p. m. Efficiency bar. Rs. 100|- p. m. to 125|- by biennial increment of Rs. 5|- p. m. Must be ready to join immediately. Service pensionable. Knowledge of Gujarati essential. Only B.T.s need apply. Apply Box No. 6412, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an experienced Head Master for a High School in an Indian State. Must be at least B.A.B.T. or B.Sc. B.T., M.A.B.T. or M.Sc.B.T. will be preferred. Will be expected to join about 1st June, 1942. Service pensionable. Pay according to qualification. Apply stating lowest terms to Box No. 6413, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted an Experienced Salesman for a Spinning and Weaving Mill in Rajputana. Apply sharp stating previous experience and minimum salary acceptable (no counter offer) to Box No. 6410 "Bombay Chronicle."

303. MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted—A Cotton Bowl 48" on Cotton with ample Diameter 5 7|8" Journal. Write to Sekhsaria Bros. Ltd., Mirzapur. (U. P.) (15302)

Wanted Alternator, New or Second hand, capacity about 15 K. W. 50 Cycle, 3 Phase, 400 volts and 230 volts, either singly or coupled with an Oil Engine. Post Box No. 6469, "Bombay Chronicle."

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Free Two Grand Win Doubles with Rs. 5|- "Certainty Card," which will not pay less than Rs. 500 for Rs. 10. See "Follow Me." Nawab Building, Hornby Road, opposite Thos. Cook. Phone 34151. (15315)

Be your own Tipster for life by following Astrolaw's marvellous and scientific system can be worked within 3 minutes. Available: New Book Co., Hornby Road. (15311)

651 MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Wanted on hire or purchase 300 tip wagons, 2 miles line and 10 crossings with accessories complete. Apply Box No. 15251, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

NOTICE.

WANTED candidates to fill:
Eight posts of ASSISTANT TIME-KEEPERS on pay Rs. 30 in the grade of Rs. 30-4-50-5-55 with efficiency bar at Rs. 50|-.
The following conditions will apply:
Age between 18 and 25 years on 30-11-41.
Educational qualifications:—Matriculation, Junior Cambridge or equivalent examination of recognised University.
Candidates should be physically fit generally and have the following sight standard:—
(a) Distant Vision: Tested with Landolt's split rings must not be less than 6|9 in either eye with or without glasses.
(b) Near Vision Snellen 0.6 in either eye with or without glasses.
Form of application obtainable from the Divisional Engineer G.I.P. Railway, V. T. Bombay, on payment of Re. 1 - by Money Order. Full name and address of applicant should be entered in BLOCK CAPITAL letters on MONEY ORDER COUPONS. If this condition is not complied with the Money Order will not be accepted. Last date for receipt of Money Order is 17-11-41. Candidates called for examination and interview should attend entirely at their own expense. A call to attend examination or interview will not imply offer of definite employment.
(6452)

DEPARTMENT OF SUPPLY

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF SUPPLIES, BOMBAY.

TENDER NOTICE.

THE CONTROLLER OF SUPPLIES, (Purchase Branch) Bombay, invites tenders for 4,00 000 Faucet Bodies and Caps to Trade Pattern Petrol Cans 2 gallons capacity similar to those manufactured by Messrs. Burmah Shell Oil Storage and Distributing Co. of India Ltd. A sample of the Faucet body and Cap can be seen in this office during working hours.
TENDER No. MP|8D|2252.
Price of tender forms is Rs. 10| per set and is not refundable. Payments should be made in cash or by Money Order only to the Controller of Supplies (Purchase Branch) Shahibag House, Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. Tenders will be received up to 4 P. M. on 17-11-41.
(6467)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

NOTICE

TENDERS for the supply of Hay and Rice Straw for one year from 1-3-1942 will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay not later than 1 P.M. (B.T.) on 19-11-1941.
TENDER I.—Hay about 44,35,000 lbs. and Rice Straw about 25,000 lbs. to be supplied in Bombay.
TENDER II.—Hay about 42,60,000 lbs. to be supplied at the Municipal Slaughter House at Bandra.
Forms of Tenders, specifications etc. will be given to any one on payment of Rupee one only for each set of Tender forms by the undersigned who will give any further particulars required.
The Tenders should be enclosed in a sealed envelope which must be endorsed *"Tender for the supply of Hay and Rice Straw for Municipal cattle"* addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay.
Only hand pressed bundles of Hay of the crops of the years 1940 and 1941 will be accepted.
By order of the Municipal Commissioner.
D. A. CONTRACTOR.
Assistant Health Officer.
For Executive Health Officer.
Public Health Deptt.,
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 5-11-1941.
6465

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN on behalf of our client Mr. KOMALSING KUVERSING that his brother Kunjalsing Kuversing, died on the 1st day of June, 1941, leaving behind him the immovable property, situate at Hyderabad, Deccan (Residency). Our client has got a right, title and interest in the said property. Bai Krishnabai, widow of Kunjalsing Kuversing or any other person has no right to sell the said property and if any one purchases the same he shall purchase it with notice of our client's right, title and interest therein.
Dated this 5th day of November, 1941.
Messrs. JOSHI & CO.
Attorneys for Mr. Komalsing Kuversing.
Address:—
Ali Chambers, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.
6463

Public Notices

POWELLS LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SECOND ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of Powells Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at Lamington Road, Bombay, at 5 P. M. (S.T.), on Thursday the 27th November, 1941, to transact the following business:
AGENDA.
1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report, Audited Statement of Accounts and Balance Sheet for the year ending 31st May, 1941.
2. To declare a dividend.
3. To elect the Directors, who retire but who are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors and fix their remuneration.
5. To consider any other business that may be brought forward with the permission of the Chairman.

The SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 12th November to the 27th November, 1941, both days inclusive. The dividend when sanctioned will be payable to those Shareholders whose names appear on the Register of Members on 27th November, 1941.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
Y. R. VAIDYA,
Secretary.
Bombay, 7th November, 1941.
(6465)

Auction Sales

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF 1152 BALES WESTERN: KHANDESH: BERAR: SOUTHERN & CENTRAL INDIA: (AMALNER: BAILHONGAL: SENDHWA: HUBLI—JAYVANT: YADGIRI: CHALISGAON SHIRPUR: DONDAICHE: BIR VIRUM: MALEGAON).
Messrs. MENESSE & CO. will sell by public auction on FRIDAY the 7th November, 1941, at 2-15 P.M. (S.T.) at Cotton Depot, Sewree, near Cotton Exchange room by order of the Insurance Office concerned the above mentioned cotton slightly damaged by fire and water salved from the fire that occurred on the 25th October, 1941, to cotton of Messrs. Laljee Thackersey & Co.
The above will be sold in different lots to suit the requirements of the purchasers.
MENESSE & CO.

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"'SIKANDAR' has merits and in such abundance that not only Mr. Sohrab Modi but the whole of India must feel proud of it."
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MINERVA'S
MILLION-RUPEE MOVIE
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SIKANDAR
Directed by: SOHRAB MODI
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DAILY 3 SHOWS:
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SHANTA HUBLIKAR, NAZIR & JAGDISH
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SUNRISE PICTURES'
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3RD WEEK
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The Picture with the NOBLEST message!

YOUR REPLY PLEASE
Why Bombay Collects
at the 'Majestic' to witness
'ROYAL'—JEWEL No 16.
"SWAMI"
3 THIRD THRILLING WEEK 3
MAJESTIC
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
स्वामी
ROYAL RELEASE No 16

NO MUSIC BEFORE PLACE OF WORSHIP

Hindu Leader's Suggestion

CALCUTTA, Nov. 5.

The suggestion that the Hindu processions in Mymensingh, Dinajpur and other places which are being kept in abeyance for some time past due to certain restrictory orders, be allowed to pass outside prayer hours, and that a law be enacted thereafter that no procession shall be permitted in future to pass with music at any hour in front of any place of worship, is put forward by the Hindu leader, Mr. B. C. Chatterjee, in a open letter addressed to the Hon. Sir Nazimuddin, Home Minister of Bengal.—A. P.

AID FOR DETENUS

N. M. Joshi's Appeal For Rs. 5,000

Mr. N. M. Joshi, M.L.A. (Central), Chairman, Detenu Aid Committee has issued the following appeal:—
The Bombay Detenu Aid Committee has been appointed by the Bombay Civil Liberties Union to collect funds and to give assistance to the needy families of the detenus and to the detenus themselves who may need for themselves some cash and some necessary articles in prisons. Out of the net sum of about Rs. 1,700 so far at the disposal of the committee, besides some assistance received and distributed in the shape of articles such as cloth, tea, soap, oil and books, a sum of Rs 700 has already been spent Rs. 300 in cash, Rs 200 for cloth, ing and Rs 200 for other necessary articles. The assistance given by the Committee is extremely meagre considering the need but the estimate of the amount required to provide even this meagre assistance is going up not only for continuing, month by month, this assistance promised but to take up new applications as they come before the Committee. Assistance to the extent of Rs 1,222 has also been given to the family of some detenus out of the balance of an old fund but when this balance is exhausted the responsibility of the Detenu Aid Committee will still more be increased. The Committee, therefore is at present aiming at collecting Rs 5,000 for the Detenu Aid Fund and makes an appeal to the public to contribute generously towards it to enable the Committee to achieve its object.
Contributions should be sent either to Mr. N. M. Joshi, M.L.A. or to Miss Kamal Wagle C/o The Social Service League Sandhurst Road Girgaum, Bombay. 4.

NEWSPAPERS' SOCIETY AND NEWSPRINT

NEW DELHI, Nov. 5.

A deputation on behalf of the Indian and Eastern Newspapers Society consisting of Mr. Arthur Moore, Editor, "Statesman" Mr. K. Srinivasan, Editor, "The Hindu", Mr. Tushar Kanti Ghose Editor, "Amrit Bazar Patrika" Mr Smith, "Times of India", Mr Bali 'The Tribune", Mr. C. R. Srinivasan, Editor, "Swadeshamitran" Mr. Devidas Gandhi, Editor, "Hindustan Times", Mr. Wright, "Civil and Military Gazette", Mr. Cowley 'The Statesman", and Mr. Asu De Secretary of the Society, waited on the Commerce Member, Sir Ramaswamy Mudaliar, this afternoon and are believed to have discussed with him questions relating to newsprint.—A. P.

Editors To Take Decision Before Leaving Delhi

NEW DELHI, Nov. 5.

It is learned that the difficulties which the newspapers are facing with regard to the supply of newsprint as a result of shortage of shipping are being discussed by the members of the Indian and Eastern Newspapers Society, who are at present here. The question of taking steps to adopt the number of pages of each day's issue to the smaller newsprint supply as also the feasibility of increasing the price of newspapers are believed to be receiving the attention of Government and newspaper interests.
Some definite decision is expected to be reached before the editors leave Delhi.—A. P.

Padshah Saheb's Appeal To Nellorians

MADRAS, Nov. 5.

The Hon. Mr. S. M. Padshah Saheb, President of the Presidency Muslim League, in a statement to the Press says:
"It is really painful to see that the harmonious relationship that has been existing between the Muslims and the Hindus of our great province for centuries is seriously affected now The grave situation in Nellore is causing anxiety to all lovers of peace. The sooner harmony and concord is restored in Nellore the better. I wish that the leaders of the Hindu Mahasabha had realised this, and abstained from further embittering feelings between the two communities.
"I most earnestly appeal to my Muslim brethren of Nellore to continue to be patient and brave in spite of the grave provocation and severe persecution to which they are subjected and, I assure them that every Muslim will stand by them in this hour of their trial."—A. P.

Burma Premier Leaves

LONDON, Nov. 5.

"England has been very kind to me personally and I feel sure she will be equally generous to my country," declared the Prime Minister of Burma U Saw on leaving England to-day for Lisbon on the first stage of his journey home.—Reuter.

Stay-In-Strike By G. I. P. Rly. Workshop Men

DEMAND DEARNESS ALLOWANCE AND GENERAL INCREASE IN WAGES

BOMBAY, Thursday.

WHEN THE G. I. P. RAILWAY PAREL WORKSHOP WHISTLE WAS BLOWN AT 8 O'CLOCK THIS MORNING, NEARLY 7,000 WORKERS QUIETLY WALKED INTO THE WORKSHOP IN A QUEUE BUT IMMEDIATELY WENT ON A STAY-IN-STRIKE.

The strike it is stated was the result of an unsuccessful attempt to secure dearness allowance, on account of rise in the cost of the working class index figure and in accordance with the Rao Committee recommendations and also to secure a general promotion in wages.
The workers peacefully squatted on the floor.
It is stated that the strength of the Parel Workshop was recently further reinforced by a complement of 1,000 workers who were brought here from Dohad Workshop.
After an hour's lunch interval the workers were again allowed into the workshop at 1 p.m.
It appears the strike came as a surprise and the only intimation of it to Mr. Lamb, the Manager, was when the workers started shouting and refused to do the work in the morning.
Mr. Lamb it appears, directed two notices to be put up in the workshop. At first the notice asked the workers immediately to take up work with a warning that disciplinary action would be taken if they did not comply with the notice by 11-45 a.m. The workers were adamant.
A second notice was put up subsequently and it appears that they were told that the day's wages would be deducted. But the workers were still unmoved.
After lunch they filed in again and sat near the machinery in a perfectly peaceful manner. The strike continued for the whole day.
The Secretary, G. I. P. Railwaymen's Union, writes:—
Seven thousand workers in the G. I. P. Railway, Parel Workshop declared stay-in-strike on Thursday from 8 a.m. on the ground that their demand of dearness allowance being rejected. The workers demanded as per Rao's Committee's Report that they should get Rs. 7-8-0 upto Rs. 200. The workers had asked for deputation to the Chief Mechanical Engineer The C. M. E. insisted upon opening grain shops. The workers refused to the idea and called on strike.
Chief Mechanical Engineer, Parel issued a notice to the workers at 11-30 a.m. asking them to resume duty otherwise their wages from the time will be cut. The workers continued the strike in the afternoon peacefully.

KEEP POLITICS OUT OF RAILWAY MANAGEMENT

Chhatari Stands For Adequate Wages For Workers

HYDERABAD, Nov. 5.

The Nawab of Chhatari, speaking at the first meeting of the new Railway Board of the Nizam's State Railway which came into existence after the abolition of the Board in England stressed upon the task of controlling, and undertaking, which is of the very greatest importance to Hyderabad.
He said, "The rail, road and air services whose future guidance have been entrusted to us are primarily a commercial undertaking and we owe it as our duty to the Nizam's Government to direct them accordingly—free from all political and other similar influences strictly in accordance with our constitution."
The capital involved in this undertaking was 16 crores rupees, the gross earnings last year were nearly 310 lakhs, the working expenses 160 lakhs, the number of passengers carried over 21 millions and the quantity of goods moved more than three million tons.
The total staff employed exceeded 17,000 and the annual wages bill was about eighty lakhs.
After the period of world depression, the state railway, he said, had made an astonishing recovery not only financially but also in efficiency.
Referring to the problem of labour, the Nawab of Chhatari was of the opinion that employees, particularly the lower staff should adequately be paid in accordance with other local wage levels for such staff.
Finally, he suggested planning for the post-war period when difficulties which must arise would have to be overcome.—A. P.

Increased Allowances For State Railway Workers

NEW DELHI, Nov. 5.

Proposals to increase the dearness allowance given to State Railway employees are understood to have been placed before a meeting of the Standing Finance Committee for Railways to-day
The provision of Rs. 120 lakhs now made for the payment of the allowance is to be increased by Rs 80 lakhs, and the rates of allowance, namely Rs. 2 Rs. 2-8 and Rs. 3 according to the categories of the employees concerned, are to be increased by 50 per cent

Employees getting upto Rs. 70 a month instead of Rs 60 a month, as at present, are henceforth to receive the allowance.
A further meeting of the Committee has been called for November 14 at which questions relating to the acquisition of the Bengal North-Western Railway and the Rohilkhand Terrain Railway are expected to come up for consideration. The question will also be discussed by the Central Advisory Council, which meets here on November 8.—A. P.

LAHORE STRIKE CALLED OFF

LAHORE, Nov. 5.

Following an amicable settlement of the dispute between the representatives of the Workers' Union and the Chairman of the Company, the strike in the Lahore Electric Supply Company, which began on November 1, was called off this evening. The workers are expected to resume work to-morrow.
All strikers except those who were arrested, will be re-employed by the company and the cases of such arrested persons as establish their claim of re-employment in terms of loyalty and efficiency will also be considered sympathetically.
After the strikers return to work tomorrow, the Chairman of the Company is expected to recommend to the Deputy Commissioner that the company has no interest in the prosecution of the arrested persons.—A. P.

"CHANDALIKA" SCORES SUCCESS

Bombay Artists Stage Tagore's Play

Packed and appreciative audiences witnessed, at the Capitol Theatre on Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, a delightful performance of "Chandalika" a dance-drama by Dr. Rabindranath Tagore The dance-drama was faithfully and efficiently rendered into Gujarati by Mr. Bachubhai Shukla, the Principal of the Pupils' Own School, Vile Parle. The Shantiniketan Ashramic Sangh an organisation of the pupils and teachers of Shantiniketan which, with the co-operation of the Pupils' Own School and the New Era School presented it in aid of Vishvabharati should be congratulated on the success of its production as well as of their efforts to collect funds for the institution.
"Chandalika" which is a fine product of Tagore's dramatic genius is a dramatised version of a Buddhist story of an untouchable girl. It was interpreted mainly through songs and dances with a few dialogues interspersed here and there between them. The young artistes, who participated in the performance gave a creditable account of their understanding of their respective roles.
Miss Sushila Asar did sufficient justice to the leading role of "Prakriti" by depicting the various emotions inherent in it Miss Bhanu Mehta as the mother of "Prakriti", was quite free in her acting and expression. Mr. Ninu Majumdar was appropriately selected for the brief role of "Ananda." Interesting dances by Messrs. Chiman Sheth and Pravinkumar in the different roles enlivened the situations to which they were assigned. Music, which was under the able direction of Mr. Pinakin Trivedi and the settings and costumes which were judiciously designed by Mr. V. S. Masoji contributed in no small degree, to the success of the performance.

TAX ON PROFESSIONS

Select Committee On Exemptions

NEW DELHI, Nov. 5.

The Select Committee on the bill to limit to a maximum of Rs. 50 per annum the amount payable in respect of any person by way of tax on professions, trades, callings or employments have excluded from the operation of the Bill certain taxes, which Provincial Governments desired to be excluded. These are taxes under the Calcutta Municipal Act 1923, the Bengal Municipalities Act 1916 and the Central Provinces Municipalities Act, 1922.
The Committee say:—"We considered in this connection whether it was necessary to provide for the licence fees levied under the Bombay Abkari Act 1878 and the fees levied for a licence under the Bombay Race Course Licensing Act 1912 We are of opinion that these are not affected by the Bill as now amended," from which "duties, cesses or fees" have been omitted, because Sec 142A of the Government of India Act, 1935, confines the power of legislation of the Central Legislature to that of legislating in respect only of taxes
The Committee has changed the date of commencement of the Bill to April 1, 1942.—A. P.

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SPECULATIVE BUYING MEETS HEDGING IN N. Y. COTTON

Scarcity Of Contracts

MARKET AWAITS BUREAU REPORT

Bombay, November 6

On Wednesday, the New York cotton market was quiet at the start but soon picked up strength on speculative buying but later on there was a partial loss of improvement on hedge selling.

Contracts were scarce but a renewal of speculative support and confidence on increasing evidence that Farm products will receive special control privileges not maintained partly owing to better weather. The market is inclined to await the Bureau report. The American cotton crop service estimates the crop at 11,117,000 bales and ginnings upto the end of October at 85,66,000 bales. The Journal of Commerce estimates the cotton crop at 10,553,000 bales.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton market opened quiet. There was hedging and New Orleans selling which met improved trade demand and local and commission house buying in sympathy with strength of wheat but finally prices reacted on renewed hedge selling.

Chicago grains advanced on broad front on waves of general buying and covering on reports that Russian Government may purchase substantial quantities of domestic cereal and grains. Wheat was strong on numerous complaints of flood damage delaying seeding in the Southwest and firmness of cash market.

At the opening March was unchanged at 16.28 and declined to 16.15 which was the lowest level. Thereafter prices advanced on general buying and March was quoted 16.47 which was the highest. Prices again reacted and finally closed at a net rise of 2 to 6 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 8 points at 17.02c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was steady and closed at a rise of 3 to 10 points. Spot cotton prices gained 13 points at 16.35c. per lb.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York March highest (2-40 p.m.)	16.47+19
New York March lowest (10-5 a.m.)	16.16—13

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

New York: Trade and local buying met with hedge selling. Market steady.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, November 5

December	16.12+08
January	16.15+04
March	16.34+06
May	16.42+05
July	16.45+04
October	16.54+02
Middling Spot	17.02+03

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, November 5

December	16.15+03
January	16.19+03
March	16.41+05
May	16.52+06
July	16.56+10
October	16.79+10
Middling Spot	16.25+13

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, November 5
Noon call

December	16.14
March	16.32
May	16.42

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York November 5

Day's receipts at all U S Ports 45,000 bales

LONDON SEEDS
London, November 5

Rozario Santa Fe Nov/Dec sellers	21/9
Barletta Russo Nov/Dec sellers	21/9
South Australian Nov/Dec sellers	27/6

LONDON EXCHANGES
London, November 5

T T London on:—	
New York	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
Madrid	40.50
Montreal	4.43/4.47
Berne	17.30/17.40
Stockholm	16.85/16.95

Increased Hours For Mills To Relieve Shortage Of Yarn Supplies

Bombay, November 5

There is nothing special to report in the yarn market which has continued to remain very steady throughout the whole past week so far as Indian yarns are concerned. At the close of the week however, the undertone has become rather uncertain on account of the reports to the effect that almost all Provincial Governments have allowed textile mills in their Provinces to work for 60 hours per week instead of 54 hours which in other words means that the production of Indian yarns will be increased to that extent and the shortage that has been felt at the moment may be relieved. Reports from various consuming districts continue to remain favourable especially from Southern India and Bengal but the Punjab, U. P., C. P., and other markets do not yet report any definite improvement. Stocks with the dealers and consumers have been steadily decreasing in particular counts especially in 20 1/2s, 32s and 40s and shortage is being increasingly felt in these counts at the moment. As regards Export markets the tendency seems to be irregular and uncertain; whereas some of the important Export markets such as Persian Gulf, Palestine and others have been yet showing inclination to make purchases of Indian yarns, several others especially Hongkong, Malaya, Java and others have been feeling the present level of prices too high and do not show any inclination to make any fresh purchases at this level. Cloth prices have remained steady without any important fluctuations during the week. It is feared that the present level of yarn prices is much higher as compared with prices of cloth and most of the present rise is due to heavy speculative activities and also due to some sort of hoarding by dealers and middlemen. Cotton prices have remained rather steady although at the close of the week tendency is for a further decline probably due to the worsening Japanese situation. On the whole future tendency of the market seems to be rather uncertain.

ENGLISH YARNS: Business in this class of yarns seems to be rather impossible owing to the War.

JAPANESE AND SHANGHAI YARNS: Prices in Japanese and Shanghai yorns have shown further improvement during the week to the extent of about half an anna per lb. all-round with a very steady undertone at the close. Speculative activities in Merceriseed yarns have further increased and prices have tended to improve yet further. In case of two-fold yarns both Japanese and Chinese, shortage of goods have been very keenly felt and in some cases much higher prices have been paid by the consumers for small lots. No fresh forward business has been possible with Japan owing to the uncertain political situation and no further fresh arrivals have been possible due to the absence of any steamers. Future outlook continues to remain hopeful.

ARTIFICIAL SILK YARNS: Prices in artificial silk yarns as well as in staple fibre yarns have been showing gradual improvement and on the week's trading there has been an advance all-round to the extent of about half an anna per lb with a firm undertone at the close. Stocks in the local market have been now decreasing and most of them are held by strong parties. Fresh forward business has not been possible so far and no fresh arrivals have been possible due to unfavourable political situation in the Far East. Future course of the market remains hopeful.

INDIAN YARNS: Turnover on the Bombay Yarn Exchange Ltd., has considerably increased and prices have fluctuated very heavily on the Exchange during the week under review especially in 20 1/2s where fluctuations have been very wide. Prices at the close have declined to some extent probably due to fears of increased production in yarns owing to the Provincial Governments having recently relaxed the hours of working in textile mills. Future course of the market is rather uncertain.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, November 6

The local gold market continues strong on general covering. Outsiders are buying call options and sellers of options are buying. Thus prices are moving up and to-day gold was quoted as high as Rs. 44-0-6 but later reacted to Rs. 43-11-6.

London gold was unchanged yesterday at £8-8-0. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and 4.03 1/2 at New York.

London Spot and forward silver quotations were unchanged at 23 1/2d. New York Spot silver was also unchanged at 34 3/4 cents. London Bombay Spot and forward silver parity was Rs. 82-10-3. The local silver market was quietly steady. Quotations were as under:—

GOLD

Ready	Rs. 43 11 6
Kartak	43 11 6
Magsar	43 11 3
Sovereigns	29 7 0

SILVER

Ready	53 1 6
Kartak	52 15 6
Magsar	52 14 0

LONDON SILVER
London, November 5

Spot	23 1/2
Forward	23 1/2

LONDON GOLD
London, November 5

Gold Bars Fine per oz £8-8-0

Bombay Metals

Bombay, November 6

Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 100 0 0
Copper sheets	Rs. 93 0 0
Tone:—Steady.	

COLOMBO RUBBER QUOTATIONS

Colombo November 6

Price of rubber in the local market was sheet 56, crepe 57 1/2. Yesterday's closing prices were the same. Copra 33.25, cocoanut oil f.o.b. 325.00 nominal.

LINSEED AND WHEAT

Bombay, November 6

Linseed May	8 12 6
Wheat January	5 9 9
Wheat May	6 13 9

PEPPER AND GINGER.

Bombay, November 6

Pepper ready per candy	86 0 0
Pepper Maha Sud 15	86 0 0
Pepper Chaitra Sud 15	88 8 0
Ginger ready	33 0 0
Ginger Maha Sud 15	28 4 0
Ginger Chaitra Sud 15	26 8 0

Sugar Market Steady With Demand From Consuming Districts

Bombay: November 6.

JAVA SUGAR: Since our last review during the earlier part of the week, market for Ready Bonded Java remained very firm with an advance of Rs. 1/12 per cwt. owing to good enquiry from the Middle East while unsold stocks were very limited. Mozambique Bond was also firmer in sympathy with Java Bond. During the latter part of the week market reacted with a decline of about one rupee from the highest touched owing to some reselling and lack of buying interest at advanced rates. Undertone, however, firm, as unsold stocks are very much reduced and fresh arrivals from Java are not expected during next few weeks. As regards forward positions during the beginning of the week, market was steadier with an advance of two annas owing to improvement in Java Bond, but later reacted and closed about the level of the last week. Generally tone of the market was very healthy.

INDIAN SUGARS: Market for Indian sugars continued to remain very steady, mainly due to good demand from consuming centres as practically Syndicate quotas were sold and secondhands were quoting 2 to 3 annas over Syndicate limits. Due to improvement in ready Maharashtra Mills sold a few thousand at increased limits. Total increase in Maharashtra Mills from the New Year, are about 4 annas per md. and latest quotations for Kalambies as compared with similar qualities of the syndicate are higher by 2 to 3 annas per md. In forward or arrivals there was no selling interest and business is only possible after quotas are released by the Syndicate. In Gola market ruled within narrow limits and closed with an improvement of 1 anna over last week. Arrivals during the week were estimated at 1800 tons and stocks at 9000 tons.

FOREIGN MARKETS: On the N. York Terminal there was an all-round advance of 5 points. Java market was reported steady. Business was very much hampered owing to scarcity of steamers. Undertone was firm.

CALCUTTA & KARACHI: There was no interest in Java sugar in Calcutta. In Karachi market for Bond was firmer owing to demand from Overseas. Stocks were small and holders were not prepared to sell at lower rates. As regards Indian Sugar, Calcutta market was reported steady and secondhands were quoting 2 to 3 annas especially for Superior Grades.

Stocks of Sugar in Java on:—

1st September 1941, 1261000 tons against September 1940, 556000 tons and against September 1939, 750000 tons.

Statement of stocks of Indian Sugar for the fortnight ending 31st August 1941:—

Opening stocks on 15th Aug. 1941 Mds. 15595254. Closing stocks on 31st Aug. 1941 Mds. 14011566.

Factories 116 from which returns were received.

GENERAL: Local market for ready Java is likely to remain unchanged. As regards forward positions, situation is very uncertain and will mainly depend upon shipping possibilities and also on the political developments.

SHIPPING NEWS.

IMPORTS

Bombay: Nov. 6.

16663 bags copra, 1958 bags Paraffin wax, 150 cyl C nut oil, 113 pkgs cutch, 500 cases cnd evap milk, 1000 cases safety matches, 1134 pkgs tea, 7007 bars pig lead, 100 cases Colophaan, 109 dms zinc chloride, 2210 bales raw cotton, 201 dms asphalt, 1170 rolls asphalt roofing, 90 bls hops, 200 cases cnd herrings, 102 pkgs buffalo hides, 52 dms steel grinding balls, 140 bags rolled sulphur, 172 nos block tin, 290 bdls galvd steel pipes, 50 loose galvd steel pipe, 100 cases quinine, 1933 bdls J wood timber, 1840 bdls Eng scantlings, 190816 pcs and bdls teakwood timber 681 coils wire rods, 950 pcs Douglas fir lumber, 744 bags infusorial earth, 545 rolls wrapping paper, 3015 bls old newspapers, 28 pkgs cow hides.

EXPORTS

Bombay: Nov. 6.

1310 bls cotton waste Champaklal and Co; 200 bls cotton waste Barot Bros and Co; 100 bls cotton twist waste C Jairam and Co 121 bags gum Narsi Muljee and Co; 42 cases flee seed husks The Fazaibhai Ibrahim and Co Ltd; 50 bls cotton waste Cox and Kings (Agents) Ltd; 200 bls cotton waste V A Save and Co; 20 bls cotton grey yarn Saleh A. Bassam; 50 bls cotton pcegoods Hamed Ali Al-Kazi; 30 bls cotton grey yarn Hamed Ali Al-Kazi; 34 pkgs cotton pcegoods Saleh Essak; 1500 tons manganese ore James Finlay and Co Ltd; 67 bags gum Ebrahim Mavji and Co; 1454 bls cotton waste L O Vora; 485 dms magnesium chloride The Pioneer Magnesia Works Ltd; 113 bls cotton pcegoods G N Musry; 28 pkgs cotton grey yarn G N Musry; 18 pkgs cotton pcegoods N M Bros and Co; 31 bales cotton pcegoods H M Ghazanfer and Co; 128 bls cotton pcegoods F J Ivry; 20 bls cotton yarn Saleh Essak; 200 bls cotton waste C Jairam and Co; 350 bls cotton waste G M Vyas and Co; 325 bls raw cotton L O Vora; 60 bags turmeric Produce Dealers Ltd; 24 bags turmeric K Hariram and Co; 130 bags corriander seed H Padamsee; 340 bags dry ginger S M Rajgor and Co.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, November 6

The local market was again firm at the start with active buying and short covering. Professional shorts were covering freely but old bulls were found feeding the market. Tejimandi operations are making the market erratic. Monthly fixed option premiums were quoted as under:—

Rs. 10 Difference Rs. 3/4. Rs. 15 Difference Rs. 2/8. Rs. 20 Difference Rs. 1/8 and Rs. 25 Difference Re. 1.

Thus those who sell option rights are forced to buy in an advancing market.

Following a rise of 6 points in New York cotton futures, the local market was expected to open at Rs. 233/8 for Broach A/M delivery but the market opened very steady at Rs. 237/8 and declined to Rs. 236. Mahajan market opened at Rs. 231 and rose to Rs. 238 so the market opened firm and with active prices advanced to Rs. 238. At this level there was professional selling and prices reacted to Rs. 235/8. The market was sensitive.

Subsequently active buying appeared and prices were pushed up to Rs. 240. At this level moderate realising appeared and prices reacted to Rs. 236/4 but again improved to Rs. 237/4. Trading was restricted and Broach stood at Rs. 236/8. There was renewed selling and prices declined to Rs. 234/8. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

BROACH	April/May	Rs.	235 8 0
OOMRA	Dec/Jan		198 8 0
OOMRA	March		189 8 0
BENGAL	Dec/Jan		143 8 0
BENGAL	March		150 0 0

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, November 6

Bengal Fine	141-44
Berar	175-80
C. P. 1	220-23
C. P. 2	185-88
Khandesh	145-50
Muglai	153-58
Broach	202-07
Broach Low	167-77

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay, November 6

Wheat January	0 5 6
Wheat May	0 12 6
Linseed May	0 15 0
Groundnut February	5 0 0
Castorseed May	6 0 0
Cottonseed January	1 12 0
Silver 1st settlement	0 8 0
Silver 2nd settlement	0 15 0
Gold 1st settlement	1 2 0
Gold 2nd settlement	1 8 0

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay: November 6.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

In full-pressed bales.	Yester-day.	Since 1st Sept. This year.	Last year
Khandesh		164	954
Central India	54	1,960	.....
Barsi and Nagar	300	5,636	718
Berar	277	3,350	45
Central Provinces		3,813	.....
Total Oomras	631	15,123	1,717
Dholeras	367	10,509	1,354
N.-W. Provinces		949	.....
Rajputana		18	.....
Sind-Punjab	1,859	48,279	54,289
Broach		5,744	777
Coompta and Dharwar		4,349	10,306
Westerns-Northerns		3,900	10,793
Cocanada			170
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		3,171	58
Total	2,847	92,042	79,464
Arrived by road to 30th October 1941		7,000	8,000

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F P Bales	1941-42	1940-41
Receipts to date 5-11-41	1957000	1654000
Receipts yesterday 5-11-41	46000	9000
Export to date 31-10-41	284000	320000
Stock at Ports 31-10-41	3350000	3026000
Stock at Interior Towns 31-10-41	3077000	2976000
Quantity in sight 31-10-41	4135000	4098000

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, November 5

Broach A/M highest 232 3/4 lowest 225 1/2 closing 232 3/4

Oomra D/J highest 195 3/4 lowest 189 closing 195 3/4

Oomra March highest 186 3/4 lowest 179 closing 186 3/4

Bengal D/J highest 147 lowest 141 1/2 closing 147

Bengal March highest 149 1/2 lowest 143 1/4 closing 149 1/2

COTTON PARITY

Broach A/M below New York May 744 cent points at exchange 331

RAW COTTON SITUATION

Bombay, November 6

Messrs. P. Chrystal and Co. have issued the following report:—

During the past week fluctuations in the New York market have been within a comparatively narrow range and the nett change in values has been negligible. The tone can be described as steady considering during recent weeks we have been having the free movement of the crop. The Ginning report due on Saturday is expected to give a figure of about 8 1/2 millions out of a crop of around 11 million bales. In other words, most of the crop must now have been picked and be available for the market. That the market has remained for so long above the Loan level is a healthy sign and indicates a probability of higher prices later in the season.

In the Bombay market during most of the week prices ruled lower than a week ago and it was only since yesterday that there was a sharp recovery of nearly ten rupees. This was primarily due to speculative buying on the Government notification allowing Mills in this country to increase the weekly working hours of labourers from 54 to 60 hours. It does not follow that this proposal will be adopted in cases where mills are working three shifts of 7 1/2 hrs. there will be no change and in other cases where working hours are 9 hrs. per shift we shall be very surprised if any alteration is made. If memory serves us correctly several years ago when working hours were reduced from 10 to 9 hrs. per day in actual working it was found that little loss in production resulted. If Indian Mills are going to increase the consumption of cotton appreciably the best method will be to retain more work people and increase the number of shifts and not the number of working hours per man. We are still of opinion that Indian Mills will do well if during the present season they increase the consumption from about the 36 lacs of bales of last season to 41 lacs this year. Present Indian crop estimates are appreciably lower than the figures of say a month ago, but even so internal consumption plus exports are almost certain to fall short of the crop unless during the coming months there should be a big change in the Japanese attitude and exports should be resumed to the Far East. At the moment there is little indication of any alteration of such a nature.

During the week no export business has been reported There has been an improvement in enquiry from Indian mills and with the crop movement still on a small scale this demand has made itself felt and yesterday when speculative demand was added to that of trade there was a temporary shortage of contracts. Once the crop begins to move more freely, and this will happen soon, hedge selling will come out. We are of opinion during the coming season there is going to be difficulty in getting into consumption those cottons which are the bases of our two chief hedge contracts whilst all premium cottons will continue in healthy demand. During the past week there has been a further hardening in the basis of all staple cottons and we think these bases are still a considerable way from the maximum which we shall see during the coming season. There is a healthy tone in the cloth and yarn markets and consumers can well afford to pay present prices for all their staple requirements.

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

CALCUTTA: Nov. 6.

The production of the 1941 cotton crop in the United States of America is estimated at 11,061,000 bales of 500 lbs. each, as against 12,741,000 bales and 12,566,000 bales, the corresponding and final estimates of last year, respectively according to information received here.

BURMA COTTON CROP

The area sown with cotton in Burma during the current year is now estimated at 425,000 acres, as compared with 421,000 acres, the actual area under the crop in 1940/41. The crop suffered from insufficient rain in places and its present condition is reported to be poor to fair.

Indian Stock Exchange

Bombay, November 6

Following higher foreign advices and encouraged by the strength in the local cotton market, the share market opened firm at higher levels but later owing to profit-taking prices began to recede. Towards the close, however, a partial recovery was noted. Tata Deferreds which closed yesterday at 2125 opened at 2140 and on profit-taking declined to 2105 but later stood at 2112-8. Tata Ordinaries, however, opened around the previous closing level at 399 and after being quoted lower at 393 improved to 396. In the textile group also, opening quotations were somewhat better but later prices showed a decline. Bombay Dyeings which opened at 1325 dropped down to 1300 reacting later to 1317-8. Indian Irons showed an improvement to-day to 33-2.

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange, to-day:—

Tata Deferreds (2125) 2140 2105 12-8 10
Tata Ordinaries (400) 399 93 96 95
Tata Ordinary 395; Tata Deferred 2110; Indian Iron 33/2; Steel Corpn of Bengal 20/6; Bombay Dyeing 1312/8; Central India 366/4; Century 436/4; Gokak 233/2; Kohinoor 495; Simplex 155; Andhra Valley 1740; Tata Hydro 184/6; Tata Power 1710; Associated Cement 158; Belapur 226/14. Bombay Burma (old) 505.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 31st day of October 1941:—

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES.	Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Dept.		13,94,04,000
Notes in circulation:—		
(a) Legal Tender in India	274,08,67,000	
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	19,36,40,000	
Total Notes issued		307,39,11,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES		307,39,11,000

ASSETS	Rs.	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—		
(a) Held in India	44,41,43,000	
(b) Held outside India		
Sterling Securities	155,67,34,000	
Total of A.		200,08,77,000
B. Rupee Coin		38,83,84,000
Govt. of India Rupee Securities		68,46,50,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial paper		
TOTAL ASSETS		307,39,11,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 65.092 per cent.

Statement of the affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on the 31st October 1941:—

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	
(1) Central Govt of India	22,47,13,000
(2) Govt. of Burma	3,00,73,000
(3) Other Govt. Accounts	6,12,74,000
(b) Banks	50,81,27,000
(c) Others	4,42,50,000
Bills Payable	53,49,000
Other Liabilities	1,93,26,000
RUPEES	99,31,12,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Notes:—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	13,69,85,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	24,19,000
Rupee Coin	11,31,000
Subsidiary Coin	3,66,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	
(b) External	
(c) Govt. Treasury Bills	18,74,000
Balances held abroad*	75,41,25,000
Loans and Advances to Govts.	
Other Loans and Advances	
Investments	8,43,77,000
Other Assets	1,18,34,000
RUPEES	99,31,12,000

*Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA

Following is the statement of liabilities and assets of the Central Bank of India, Limited, for the fortnight dated 31st October 1941:—

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital subscribed Rs. 3,36,00,000	
Capital paid-up	1,68,00,000
Reserve and Contingency Fund	94,00,000
Deposits, Debts due to Banks and Agents, Bills Payable, etc.	42,33,35,000
Sundries including Branch Adjustments	5,85,47,000
Rs.	50,80,82,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Cash Credits and Overdrafts on Government and other Authorised Securities	9,56,08,000
Loans on Government and other Authorised Securities	5,39,86,000
Bills Discounted	2,09,29,000
Lands and Buildings	1,18,55,000
Sundries including Branch Adjustments	4,21,38,000
Cash in hand, at Banks, Moneys at Call and Investments in War Bonds, Government Paper, Treasury Bills, Shares, Debentures, etc.	28,35,66,000
Rs.	50,80,82,000

Calcutta Share Bazar Closed

CALCUTTA, November 6

The Calcutta Stock Exchange is closed to-day.

London Stock Exchange

LONDON, November 5

The Stock Exchange quiet, chief feature sharp rise, Diamonds late session Debeers deferred closing ten shillings higher at one-seven-seven shillings six pence. Glitedged unchanged, home rails industrials shade lower but Textiles firmer whilst Oils featureless apart some activity both Canadian Mexican Eagles. Kaffirs improved, Coppers dull, following passing Rhodesian selection-trust dividend. Both South American rails bonds firmer.

Wall Street narrowly irregular.

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Bombay, November 6

Yarn No. 6 1/2s December 211 February 212 April 213

Yarn No. 10 1/2s December 236 February 237 April 238

Yarn No. 20 1/2s December 366 February 368 April 353

Yarn No. 40s December 550 February 555 April 560

Quotations for 6 1/2s, 10 1/2s, 40s. are nominal.

Yarn And Silk Merchants Quotations

Bombay, November 6

64/2 Koru Nissin:—	
Spot	36 12 0
November	37 1 0
84/2 Koru Nissin:—	
Spot	40 0 0
November	40 6 0
62/2 Any:—	
Spot	3 8 9
November	3 9 3
80/2 Any:—	
Spot	3 11 6
November	3 12 0
150 Any:—	
Spot	3 0 0
November	3 0 6

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGES

London, November 5

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£69 1/2
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	£92
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£99 3/8
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£82 1/4
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£106 7/16
War loan 3 1/2 per cent	£104 3/4
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/1990	£114 1/4
Victory bonds 4 per cent	£113 3/4
Chartered Bank of I A and China	£9 3/16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London reg)	£74
National Bank of India	£37

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, Nov. 6.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 Loan 97-14
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes 96-0
3 per cent 1951-54 Loan 99-13
3 per cent 1949-52 Loan 100-0
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 103-4
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 110-12
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 103-15
3 per cent War Bonds 102-0
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 114-10

TAX FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 111-8
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 116-0
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 127-4

CORPORATION DEBENTURE

4 per cent B P T 1947 110-8
4 per cent M Deb 1947 110-8
5 per cent M Deb 1965 116-8
6 per cent M Deb 1954 129-0
6 per cent K P T 1956 130-0

Trend: Steady.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, November 6

LONDON:—
Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/6 1/4 Two months.
Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/6 9/32 Three months.
Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/6 9/32 Four months.

B C RATES:—
T T 1/5 15/16; D D 1/5 15/16
Banks selling T T 1/5 31/32; D D 1/5 31/32
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/32; D D 1/6 1/8

NEW YORK:—
Banks selling T T Rs 332 3/4; D D Rs 332 3/4
Banks buying T T Rs. 329 1/2; D D Rs. 328 1/2
Cross Rates Dol. 4.02 1/2; 3 1/2

MONTREAL:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 302 1/2; D D Rs. 302 1/2
Banks buying T T Rs. 297 1/4; D D Rs. 295 3/4
Cross Rates Dol. 4.43/47

JAVA:—
Banks selling T T Gld 55 3/4; D D Gld 56.
Banks buying T T Gld 57 1/2; D D Gld 57 1/2
Cross Rates Gld 7.58/62

JAPAN:—
Banks selling T T not quoting; D D not quoting
Banks buying T T not quoting; D D not quoting
Cross Rates Sh. 1/2 1/2

BERNE:—
Banks selling T T Fcs 126 3/4; D D nil.
Banks buying T T Fcs 131 1/2; D D nil.
Cross Rates Fcs 17.30/40

STOCKHOLM:—
Banks selling T T K 123; D D K 123
Banks buying T T K 128; D D K 128
Cross Rates K. 16.85/95

SINGAPORE:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 158; D D Rs. 158
Banks buying T T Rs. 155; D D Rs. 155
Cross Rates Sh. 2/4 5/32 7/32

HONGKONG:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 85 1/4; D D Rs. 84 1/2
Banks buying T T Rs. 81 1/2; D D Rs. 81 1/2
Cross Rates Sh. 1/3 1/32

SHANGHAI:—
Banks selling T T not quoting; D D not quoting
Banks buying T T not quoting; D D not quoting
Cross Rates Sh. 0-3 3/16

MEXICO:—
Banks selling T T Rs. 67.27; D D 66.27
Banks buying T T Rs. 63.04; D D Rs. 62.04
Cross Rates Pes. 19.5 21.5

LISBON:—
Banks selling T T Esc 7.35 nom; D D Esc 7.35 nom.
Banks buying T T Esc 7.55; D D Esc 7.55
Cross Rates Esc 99 80 100.20

NEW YORK:—
Cross Rate Dol. 4.03 3/4
Tone of Sterling Exchange: Steady.
Gold £8-8-0 Ready.
New York Silver 34 3/4
London Silver 23 1/2 Ready; 23 1/2 Forward.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/8 per cent
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent
Money:—Call unquoted
1 to 2 months 1/4 per cent
3 to 6 months 1/2 per cent
9 months 3/4 per cent
Tone:—Very easy.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

Statement of the affairs of the Imperial Bank of India on the 31st October 1941.

LIABILITIES	Rs.	Rs.
CAPITAL:—		
Authorised—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Issued and subscribed—2,25,000 shares of Rs. 500 each	11,25,00,000	
Called up—75,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, fully paid	3,75,00,000	
1,50,000 shares of Rs. 500 each, Rs. 125 paid	1,87,50,000	
Reserve Liability of Shareholders—Rs. 375 per share on 1,50,000 shares	5,62,50,000	
Reserve Fund		5,62,50,000
Fixed Deposits		106,91,18,000
Savings Bank, Current and other Accounts		
Loans against securities per contra		
Acceptances for Constituents		87,70,000
Sundries		
Rupees		121,03,88,000

ASSETS	Rs	Rs.
INVESTMENTS:—		
Government securities	58,80,97,000	
Other Authorised Investments	1,23,51,000	60,04,48,000
ADVANCES:—		
Loans	6,49,04,000	
Cash Credits and Overdrafts	17,98,73,000	
Bills Discounted and Purchased	3,90,92,000	28,38,69,000
Liability of Constituents for Acceptances per contra		1,79,87,000
Dead Stock		85,22,000
Sundries		
Bullion		
CASH:—		
In hand and with Reserve Bank of India	25,53,27,000	
Balances with other Banks	4,42,35,000	29,95,62,000
Rupees		121,03,88,000

ACTIVE REALISING ON FIRM OPENING

Renewed Buying At Decline

MARKET CLOSES WITH STEADY TONE

Bombay, November 6

The local market was irreguiar to-day with moderate business. At the rise there was general profit-taking and prices declined. Lower levels attracted support and the market was steady at the decline.

The Wall Street market was steady. U. S. Steel shares advanced 3/4 at 53 5/8 and Anaconda Copper Mining shares improved 1/8 at 26 1/2 while General Motors closed 1/4 higher at 38 5/8 dollars.

In the local market general feeling remains bullish and it appears that boom period is beginning. All city markets are firming up as a result of war prosperity. Gold is advancing rapidly and commodity markets are also hardening. Thus there seems mass awakening of war prosperity and bulls are having good times. Of course higher prices attract general profit-taking and offerings are being absorbed by new buyers. Thus there exists a chain of buyers in a mounting market.

The market opened firm but there was a general wave of selling and prices eased off under heavy pressure. However at the decline moderate support appeared. Tata Steel Defds opened at Rs 2222 and declined to Rs. 2185 but recovered to Rs. 2195. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 417 and after declining to Rs. 408 rallied to Rs. 411. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1420 and declined to Rs. 1395 but recovered to Rs. 1415. The tone of the market was steady at the close.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, November 6

Bombay Dyeing (1421) 1427 1420 1410 1412 1395 1417 1410
Century (488) 488 480 475 484 480
Central India (427) 427 423 425 421 426 425 424
Kohinoor (578) 581 574 569 574 572
New Great (363) 368 358 362 361 360
Simplex (194) 197 189 191
Swadeshi (455) 458 448 455 453
Associated Cement (164) 166 155/4
Andhra 1762
Tram Ord (150) 152
Tata Hydro (185) 185
Tata Power (1787) 1810 1810 1795
T Steel Defd (2197) 2222 2187 2190 2195 2190
T Steel Ord (414) 417 413 414 408 411 410
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (154) 153/12 153/4
Bellapur (265) 267 268 262 265
B Steam (457) 435
B Burma (537) 540 541 537 538

TEXTILES

Bombay, Nov. 6.

100	Ahmedabad Advance	366 0
250	BOMBAY DYEING	1410 0
100	CENTURY	480 0
100	Colaba	226 0
100	CENTRAL INDIA	424 0
100	Coorla	131 0
250	David	330 0
250	Dawn	502 0
1	E. D Sassoon Defd	3 1 6
100	FINLAY	268 0
100	GOKAK	278 0
1000	Hindustan	2525 0
100	Indore	221 0
100	Khatau XD	245 0
100	KOHINOOR	572 0
250	LAXMI	677 0
100	MORARJI	585 0
250	Model	216 0
50	MYSORE	132 0
200	NEW GREAT	360 0
100	Osmanshahi	141 0
100	Foddar	226 0
100	Phoenix	345 0
25	Sassoon Silk	86 8
1000	Sholapur	5145 0
50	SIMPLEX	191 0
100	SWADESHI	453 0
100	SWAN	268 0
500	Vishnu	1550 0
1000	Western	1475 0

BANKS

50-100	Baroda	118 0
25-50	Central	51 4
500	Imperial	1622 0
125-500	Imp. Conty.	400 0
50-100	India	147 0
100	Reserve Bank	108 0
5	Union	7 7 0

CEMENTS

100	ASSOCIATED	165 0

INSURANCE

10-50	British India	13 0
100	Empire	727 0
15-100	Jupiter	16 11
20	Mercantile	74 8
15-75	New India	55 0
200	Oriental	4555 0
10-50	Vulcan	10 12

ELECTRIC

100	Ahmedabad

Mahaluxmi Track-Notes

SERENE HIGHNESS IN FINE FETTLE

BLUE MANTLE SHAPES LIKE A WINNER—LION TAMER IMPRESSES

(From Our Correspondent)

ROYAL ROMANCE (Deva Singh) held LIGHTS ON (Ramchandra) in a gallop over seven furlongs on the tan in 1 min. 36 3/5 secs.

ZENITH (B. MacQuade) and BAGHDAD BANDIT (Glyde) were about level when covering a mile on the tan in 1 min. 50 1/2 secs.

TABLE (Marrable) was ahead of VALENTIA JINKS when covering six furlongs on the inner grass in 1 min. 18 secs.

LION TAMER (Evans) impressed when doing six furlongs on the inner grass in 1 min. 19 secs.

SERENE HIGHNESS (Jadhav) and NEOCELL (H. Md.) were not extended when doing seven furlongs on the tan in 1 min. 36 secs. Former is in fine fettle.

SHERIFF (Raffaele) was easy when doing seven furlongs on the inner grass in 1 min. 48 secs.

STAR OF KASHMIR (Md. Khan) was sent over six furlongs from 9 to 3 on the inner grass and clocked 1 min. 26 secs.

GREAT STAR (R. B.) was superior to DEFIANT (Jadhav) when covering four furlongs on the inner grass in 57 1/2 secs.

SUEZ (Jones) had the advantage of about three lengths from JYOTI (S. Chavan). They clocked 1 min. to cover four furlongs on the inner grass.

IBN HILAL (A. Ahmed) held ALWAR (P. Khade) in a gallop over six furlongs on the inner grass. They covered the last four furlongs in 59 1/2 secs.

DESERT GEM (Davison) easily held SALLAL PASHA (R. B.) in seven furlongs on the inner grass in 1 min. 42 1/2 secs.

CHITOR (Britt) and BLUE MANTLE (Marrable) covered five furlongs on the inner grass in 1 min. 5 secs. BLUE MANTLE shaped like a winner.

GAY SPANIARD (Britt) asserted superiority over SHALIVAHAN (Marrable) when covering six furlongs on the inner grass in 1 min. 17 1/2 secs.

SHERITOZ (R. B.) held COUNTESS NIL (Balfour) in a gallop from 7 to 1 on the tan in 1 min. 19 secs.

STAR ACT (Britt) held BELL ACT (Burn) when galloping six furlongs on the tan in 1 min. 20 2/5 secs.

SUN DIAL (Burn) was better than TOLTEC (Brace) when doing easy work for six furlongs on the tan in 1 min. 22 1/2 secs.

SUNNY DAN (Evans) easily held POMP (Jadhav) when doing easy work on the tan.

SWASTIKA (Jones) covered six furlongs on the inner grass in 1 min. 20 secs.

FIRST DAY OF BOMBAY WINTER MEETING

Acceptances For Saturday's Races

The following are the Acceptances, for the First Day of Bombay Winter Meeting, to be run at Mahalaxmi to-morrow Saturday:—

THE HELIOPOLIS PLATE (Div. I) Dist.—6 Furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,500, Second Rs. 450, Third Rs. 250.-

For Arabs in Class III. W. A. reduced 3 lbs.

Penalties.—Winners in India after 29th July, 1941 once, 4 lbs.; twice, 7 lbs.; oftener, 12 lbs.

Allowance.—Ponies 14 hands and under, 4 lbs.

To be ridden by Half Jockeys, Riding Boys and Apprentice Jockeys. Half Jockeys and Riding Boys will ride on even terms and Apprentice Jockeys, who have not ridden 5 winners, will be allowed 7 lbs.

Mujbil Hamid 9-0, Sheriff 9-0, Shanghai 8-13, Zamil al Nassr 8-9, Mujalli 8-9, Sea King 8-9, Hilal Salam 8-9, Sialkot 8-9, Jyoti 8-9, Piccolo 8-9, Amiral 8-9, Arab Shah 8-2, Daryanur al Iraq 8-2, Mahbub Khalaf 8-2, Riman 7-10, Yisir al Arab 7-10.

THE HELIOPOLIS PLATE (Div. II) Dist.—6 Furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,500; Second Rs. 450; Third Rs. 250.

For Arabs in Class III. W. A. reduced 3 lbs.

Penalties.—Winners in India after 29th July, 1941 once 4 lbs.; twice 7 lbs.; oftener 12 lbs.

Allowance—Ponies 14 hands and under, 4 lbs.

Ipn Hilal 8-13, Alwar 8-13, Defiant 8-13, Mahoot 8-13, Canter 8-13, Sahran 8-13, Latiff Hassun 8-13, Fil Fil 8-13, Futaiba 8-9, Al Ra'eed 8-9, Prince Hachim 8-6, Snooker 8-2, Suez 8-2, Wavell 7-10.

THE EPSOM PLATE (Div. II) Dist.—6 Furlongs.

Winners Rs. 3,500; Second Rs. 1,000; Third Rs. 500.

A Handicap for Indian Horses in Class 'A'.

Countess Nil 9-4, Right Royal 9-0, Pomp 8-4, Mexican Mini 8-4, Steel Blue 8-2, Bell Act 8-2, Pierre 8-2, Swastika 8-0, Refine 8-0, Joker 7-9, Oh Yeah 7-11, Dimples 7-9.

Derby Winner Found Dead

LONDON, Nov. 5.

"Papyrus" the winner of the 1923 Derby famous for the Challenge Race with Zev in the United States was found dead in his box at Aislabie stud at Newmarket.

Zev, the then United States three-year-old champion, won the race for 20,000 sterling and the World's Challenge Cup at Belmont Park, Long Island.—Reuter

Radio Commentary On Ranji Match

The view that it is wrong for the Bombay Cricket Association not to permit the running commentary on the forthcoming Ranji Trophy Cricket Tournament, because it is likely to result in loss of gate money to the Association, is expressed by Mr. D. R. D. Wadia, Vice-President of the All-India Radio Merchants' Association.

Mr. Wadia says that the Local Association is only a very small part of the sporting life of India and surely no single body had the right to deprive the rest of India's sporting public from being able to listen to the radio commentary on the progress of the Ranji Trophy matches.

Mr. Wadia asks how the Bombay public would have felt if they had been deprived of the radio commentary from Poona last year in the sensational match between Bombay and Maharashtra.

As representing the Radio Dealers' Association, he says, he wants to raise a strong protest at the proposed curtailment of broadcasts which in his opinion, are important.

In his opinion, such a decision from an important Cricket Association like the Bombay one, was bound to react most unfavourably on all sport in general.—A. P.

THE LYALLPUR PLATE. Dist.—7 Furlongs.

Winner Rs. 4,000; Second Rs 1,250; Third Rs. 750.

A Handicap for Indian Horses Starred in Class IV.

Blue Mantle 9-2, Double Oak 9-2, Lion Tamer 8-9, Zenith 8-9, Bell Boy 8-0, Princep 7-9, Shahenshah 7-9.

THE BEGINNERS' PLATE. Dist.—1 Mile.

Winner Rs. 2,000; Second Rs. 600; Third Rs. 300.

A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

Serene Highness 9-4, Romney's Girl 8-10, Aquafortis 7-9, Kotor 8-9, Indication 8-9, Kirit 8-5, Anarbala 8-5, Lord Clarion 8-4, Barnegat 8-2, Bon Souvenir 8-0, Valentia Jinks 8-0, Adonis 7-11, None So Gay 7-11, How's That 7-7, Ecstasy 7-7, Gold Gainer 7-7.

THE EPSOM PLATE (Div. I). —Dist. 6 Furlongs.

Winner Rs. 3,500; Second Rs. 1,000; Third Rs. 500.

A Handicap for Indian Horses in Class 'A'.

Sheritoy 9-2, Discard 8-13, Hue d'Or 8-11, Bay Nazir 8-9, Sunny Dan 8-9, Khar 8-6, Tyrant 8-4, Prominent 8-3, Star Act 8-0, Can Can 8-0, Scottish Star 7-7.

THE NOVEMBER PLATE. Dist.—6 Furlongs.

Winner Rs. 6,500; Second Rs. 1,500; Third Rs. 1,000.

A Handicap for Horses in Class II.

Gay Spaniard 9-0, Shalivahan 7-12, Lotharic 9-0, Royal Romance 8-6, Nuit-de-Noel 8-0, Monocle 8-6, Valkyrian 8-4, Don't Shoot 8-0, Diamond Ring 7-12, Furore 7-12.

THE ROYSTON PLATE. Dist.—7 Furlongs.

Winner Rs. 3,000; Second Rs. 1,000; Third Rs. 500

A Handicap for Horses in Class III

Cougar 8-2, Vandyke 9-0, Lights On 8-12, Gone With The Wind 8-9, Spun Glass 8-12, Fable 8-11, Chitor 7-11, Neocell 8-8, Highland Lad 8-4, So That's That 8-4, Linguaphone 8-0, Masque 8-2, Um Colsoom 8-2, Sundial 8-0, Tatter-Sol 7-9, Mr. Cupid 7-7, Tipperary 7-4.

THE MOHAMMERAH PLATE. Dist.—7 Furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,000; Second Rs. 600; Third Rs. 300.

A Handicap for Arabs in Class II.

Desert Gem 9-4, Can You 9-0, Rabdan 8-13, Gaurishanker 8-10, Kolhapur 9-0, Legion II 8-9, Metro 8-7, Lu'ayb 8-4, Zafar Pasha 8-2, Almaroof 8-0, Astafer Allah 8-0, Star of Kashmir 7-12, Mushtaq Haim 7-12, Abdal al Mosul 7-7, Al Munjid 7-4.

MONEY MAKES THE MARE GO!

DeMello On 'Communal Cricket'

NEW DELHI, Nov. 6.

"There is nothing communal in the Bombay Pentangular. It has for 25 years given India very thrilling and topclass cricket played in a very healthy spirit of competition", says Mr. A. S. DeMello, former Secretary of the Board of Control of Cricket in India, in the course of a statement on the controversy regarding 'Communal Cricket'.

He appeals to patrons of cricket and cricketers in India and to the Board of Control not to interfere with the "Pentangular" just yet. If the Pentangular goes now, he says, we must be prepared for a period—a long period—during which cricket in India will suffer an eclipse.

Mr. DeMello adds: "The Ranji Trophy will certainly replace the 'Pentangular' and be the national tournament and most sought-after sports carnival in the country but that time is a little distant yet".

He concludes: "Much money is required for the development of cricket in this country. The Pentangular gives us money and very friendly competition. Let it, therefore, be played and let it prosper for the sake of cricket in India and let us cricketers with a firm conscience and strong heart decide now not to allow our pontius pilates to interfere with our cricket."—A. P.

BROTHER & SISTER SCORE

Last Day Of Flat Racing Season

NEWMARKET, Nov. 6.

A brother and sister defied the ten pounds penalties to win victories on the last day of the flat-racing season, "Crown Colony" the winner of the recent Manchester November Handicap taking the Stradbrooke Handicap over a mile and a half while his sister "Eastern Echo" won the Durham Handicap of a mile. Both are by "Colombo" out of "Singapore's sister". Both are owned by Lord Glanely and trained by Joe Lawson. Cliff Richards rode "Crown Colony" dick perryman riding Eastern Echo."—Reuter.

RANJI TROPHY CRICKET

The following is the Gujarat team to play Baroda XI, in the Ranji Trophy Zone meted at Baroda, on the College ground, from November 8 to 10:—

Messrs. M. S. Balooch (Captain), U. R. Chhipa, R. M. Patel, P. N. Cambhatta, M. J. Bhatt, K. A. Sheikh, R. C. Thakor, M. L. Prajapati, M. K. Pathan, H. M. Kadri and Chandrakant M. Patel.

Reserves

Messrs. M. R. Tewari, A. P. Shah, Raja and Shivkumar R. Tewari.

Telang To Play For U. P. Ranji Team

BENARES, Nov. 6.

Owing to the last minute intimation from Maqbul Alam of his inability to play for the United Provinces, which has further weakened the batting strength of the team, Palia, the Captain, has, with the consent of the Maharajkumar of Vizianagaram, Chairman of the Selection Committee, selected Telang to play for this Province in the Ranji Trophy, announces the Chairman of the Working Committee of the U. P. Cricket Association.

Telang, who is now a student of the St. Xavier's College at Bombay, is eligible to play for U. P., as he was born at Benares.—A. P.

Durand Tourney Postponed

NEW DELHI, Nov. 6

The Durand Football Committee announce that owing to certain unforeseen circumstances the tournament which was fixed to commence on the 15th instant has been postponed until later in the season. The dates on which the tournament will be played again will be notified later.—A. P.

New York Stock Exchange

New York: Nov. 6.

The following are opening rates:—
General Motors dol 38 7/8
Anaconda Copper Corporation dol 26 5/8
U S Steel Corporation dol 53 1/8
U S Steel Preference unquoted.

NEW YORK COTTON FIVE POINTS DOWN

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES.

MARCH
New York: Nov. 6.

Previous closing	16.34
To-day's opening	16.39
Difference	+5
To-day's closing	16.29
Difference	—5

BROACH EXPECTATION.

Broach April/May ..... Rs. 235

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York: Nov. 6.

New York cotton displayed better sentiment on the strength of securities, but absence of any other constructive news was a restraining factor. Trading in March began at 16.39, i.e. 5 points higher than the last closing. Prices advanced on trade and local buying with some Wall-Street enquiry but the demand thereafter subsided with resultant decline.

Following are the New York opening ranges:—

December (16.10/09) 16.20/19
March (16.28/28) 16.39/38
May (16.36/36) 16.47/47

LONDON COMMODITIES.

London: Nov. 6.

SEEDS

Castorseeds Nov/Dec (£19 3/4 quoted) £19 3/4 quoted
Linseed Bombay Calcutta Nov/Dec (£19 3/4 quoted) £19 3/4 quoted
Linseed La Plata November (£12 7/8 quoted) £12 7/8 quoted
Groundnut Coromandal Coast Nov/Dec (£18 1/2) £18 1/2 quoted.

JUTES

Dundee October/November unquoted
Lightning October/November unquoted

RUBBER

Spot unquoted
Forward December unquoted

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES.

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON
New York: Nov. 6.

Previous closing	4.03 3/4
To-day's opening	4.03 3/4

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK
London: Nov. 6.

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

LONDON BULLION.

LONDON GOLD
London: Nov. 6.
London Gold (£8/8/0) £8/8/0

LONDON SILVER
London: Nov. 6.
Spot (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d
Forward (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay not quoted
New York on Milan not quoted
New York on Bombay (30.36) 30.36
London on Shanghai (0-2 27/32 to 0-3 5/16) 0-2 27/32 to 0-3 5/16
London on Kobe not quoted

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
4 months (1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent) 1 1/32 to 1 1/16 per cent.
5 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/8 per cent.

BULLION AND SEEDS
Bombay: Nov. 6.
There was no trading during night session.

LONDON METALS

Tin (£256 buyers; £256 1/4 sellers. Steady) £256 3/4 buyers; £256 sellers. Very quiet.
Electric Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 2 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

3 1/2 PER CENT STERLING LOAN

London: Nov. 6.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £99 3/8

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

London: Nov. 6.

5 per cent 1958/68 £103 7/8

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols £82 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £106 1/2
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan £99 3/4
4 per cent Funding Loan £114 3/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan £104 11/16
New York Loan £101 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds £113 7/8

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors 15-0
Marks and Spencer Ordinary 36-3
Electric Music Industry 13-0
Princhin Johnson 22-1
Imperial Chemical 32-10
Woolsworth New Ordinary 88-3
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rate £74 1/2
Dundee 37-3
Unilever Ordinary 26-7
Ford Motors 24-7
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary £67 3/4
British American Tobacco Ordinary £4 5/8
Carreas 'A' £5 3/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary £6 1/8
P and O Def 29-0
Distillers 69-0
Bredfords Dye 7-4
British Celanese 4-7
J and P Coates 37-10
Courtauids Ordinary 34-6
Fine Cotton Spinners 5-6
Vickers Limited Ordinary 17-6
Inter Nickel dol 41 1/2
Indian Iron 51-3

TEA SHARES

Assam Company 18-1
Donaro Tea 31-10
Empire of India 20-0

JUTE

Barnagore £7

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber 15-10
Gula Kelampong 18-7
Rubber Plant Inv. Trust 27-6

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug 17-9
Burma Corporation 6-3
Rio Tintos £6 1/2
East Rand Properties £2 5/32
Rand Mines £7 1/8

MINE SHARES

Crown £10 1/4
Associated Portland Cement 49-4
Trinidad Leasehold 68-1
Sub Nigel £7 1/16
Spring Mines Split Shares £1 3/16
Union Corporation 150-0

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian 32-6
Anglo India 37-6
Burma Oil £2 29/32
Mexican Eagle 11-10
Shell Transport £2*5/8
Royal Dutch £22 1/2

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary £40
London Midland Ordinary £15 1/8
London North Eastern Def £1 9/16
London Southern Defd £13
London Transport 5 per cent £139
London Transport £40

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay, November 6

Fine White Java sugar per cwt:
Ready from Bond Rs. 15-4-0
African from Bond Rs. 13-4-0
Shipment June Rs. 10-4-0 F B H
Shipment September Rs. 10-4-0 F B H
Indian sugars ready:
Ready (ordinary) Rs. 14-14-0 to 15-5-0
Ready (large grain) Rs. 15-8-0 to 16-8-0
Tone:—Steady.

GROUNDNUTS AND SEEDS.

Bombay, November 6

Groundnuts February—			
Opening	43	4	0
Highest	44	8	0
Lowest	43	3	0
Closing	43	10	0
Cottonseeds January:—			
Opening	25	3	0
Highest	25	6	6
Lowest	24	12	0
Closing	24	13	0
Cottonseeds May—			
Opening	43	2	0
Highest	43	15	0
Lowest	43	0	0
Closing	43	2	0

Harijans View It Differently

A.-I. Conference Asks Ambedkar And Rajah To Quit Defence Council

GARH-MUKTESHWAR, Nov. 6.

A resolution calling upon Dr. B. R. Ambedkar and Rao Bahadur M. C. Rajah to resign forthwith their membership of the National Defence Council in view of the fact that the British Government had failed to modify their rules under which the Harijans were treated as a non-martial race, was passed unanimously at a special session of the All-India Harijan Conference under the auspices of the All-India Harijan League which was held here on November 2, 3 and 4. The Conference was opened by Pandit Mohan Lalji Yatri, President of the All-India Harijan League. Raja Maheshwar Dayal presided over the conference.

The resolution made clear that it did not imply that the League in any way approves of the policy of the Indian National Congress in this matter but the object was simply to assert the rights of Harijans to be regarded as a martial people.

Another resolution adopted by the conference expressed a vote of no-confidence against the Unionist Ministry in the Punjab whose present attitude was not in the best interests of the Harijans and called on the Harijan members of the Unionist Party to tender their resignations from membership of the party.

The Conference, by another resolution, expressed the opinion that the Pakistan scheme was dangerous to the best interests of the Harijans and India as a whole and resolved that the Harijans would resist this anti-national move to their utmost and in every possible manner.—A. P.

PAKISTAN CONFERENCE

LUCKNOW, Nov. 5.

Mr. M A. Jinnah is arriving in Lucknow in time to inaugurate the Pakistan Conference convened by the city Muslim League on November 29 and 30. The Nawab of Mamdot (Punjab) will preside over the Conference.

The Working Committee of the Provincial Muslim League is also meeting here on November 29.—A. P.

SHOLAPUR SPINNING & WEAVING MILLS

Six Per Cent Dividend Declared

BOMBAY, Thursday.

A dividend for the year ended 31st March 1941 at the rate of 6 per cent or at Rs. 60/- per old whole share, and Rs. 45/- per whole new share, without deduction of income-tax in both cases was declared at the annual ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the Sholapur Spinning and Weaving Co. Ltd., held at the premises of the company, Standard Building, Hornby Road, Bombay, this evening.

In the annual report of the company it was stated that during the year under report the profit earned by the Company amounted to Rs. 15,38,466-7-1 which included a sum of Rs. 9,611-11-9 balance of profit brought over from the previous year's account. Deducting therefrom Rs. 2,10,000 for Sinking Fund at 3 per cent on Debentures of Rs. 70,00,000/- the balance left was Rs. 13,28,-466-7-1. From this sum the Directors had provided Rs. 3,40,300 for depreciation on buildings, Rs. 750,000 for depreciation on plant and machinery, Rs. 11,000 for depreciation on Dead Stock, Rs. 18,000 for depriciation on Sholapur City Electrification Scheme, Rs. 20,000 for depreciation on electric light installation, Rs. 50,000 for depreciation on the Latur Ginning and Pressing Factory, and Rs. 45,000 for the depreciation on Sprinklers Installation. Out of the balance Rs. 48,000 were to be spent in paying the dividend, and the balance of Rs. 10,166 was to be carried forward for the next year.

Moving the adoption of the report, the chairman, Mr. Vithaldas D. Govindji pointed out that the increase of the net profit of the company to Rs. 13,28,466/- as compared to previous year's of Rs. 6,08,246 was no mean achievement. It was wrong to attribute the whole of this increase to the prevailing war conditions.

DEBENTURE DEBT

The only flaw in the whole financial picture of the company, said the speaker, was the debenture debt, which was being progressively reduced, year after year, pursuant to the provisions laid down in Debenture Trust Deed. Under the conditions of these debentures, the earliest date at which the whole debenture-debt could be repaid was the year 1945, and until such period elapsed, the shareholders' dividend was restricted to 6 per cent. This was, the chairman felt, very iniquitous and objectionable. However the whole question had been engaging the directors' attention, and they could expect to meet fair consideration from them.

The report was adopted unanimously.

By another resolution, two of the directors Mr. Krishnaraj M. D. Thackersey, and Mr. Cooverji H. Bhabha who were retiring by rotation, were re-elected.

The meeting dispersed after a vote of thanks to the chair.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

MADRAS: November 6.

The market continued its upward improvement, especially in Textile shares where new high levels in some shares have been recorded. There has not been any appreciable changes in other sections. The market ruled steady.

Transactions reported from 12 noon yesterday to 12 noon to-day:—

Sitarams 101, 101/8, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 106/8, 107, 107/8, 108, 108/8, 109, 110; Cambodias 12/12, 12/14, 12/15, 13, 13/1, 13/2, 13/3, 13/4, 13/6; Lakshmi 102/8, 104/8, 105, 108, 110 Radhakrishnas 206, 208, 209, 210 212; Buckinghams 294, 290, 289/8, 288, 287, 286; Coimbatore Spinning and Weaving 101, 100, 97/8 X-D; Sri Ranga Vilas 81/8, 81; Madura Mills 46/12, 46; Metiur Industries 200, 202, 206; Janardhana 71, 69, 65; Rajalakshmi 90; Sarda Ordinary 100, 101, 101/8, 102/8, 103; Mysore Spun Silks 11/12; Coimbatore Cotton 175, 173, 172; Pankaja 154; Kaleeswarar 366; Coimbatore Murgam 119, 107, 106/8; Vasantha 173, 170; Aaron Spinning Preference 12/12; Saroja Mills 100; Midlands 7/14; Highland New Ordinary 28, 28/8, Rajagiri 8/9, 8/12, 8/14, 8/15; Thirumbadi 2/4; Ontchterloney Valley Ordinary 3/3, 3/3/6, 3/4; Travancore Rubbers 11; Be Be 7/11; Chembr. Peaks 5/12, 5/10; Kalpettas 24/4, 24/2; Mlamlaay Pref 28/12, Mlamallay ordinary 26/12. Malankara 45; Udayagiri 8/4 ex-d; Vayunal 9/4, Periar 7/6, Peninsular 4/6, Devon Pref. 133/8, Karaikal Electrics 47/4; South Madras Electric ordinary 15/1/6, 15 c-d; United Breweries 112; Travancore Sugars 16, Mysore Papers 17/12, 18 a 1; Bruntons 11/4; Singareni Collieries 11/4, 11/8; Spencers a Preference 11/4, Spencers ordinary 6, Andhra Cement 90/8.

IAF

INDIAN AIR FORCE

Important announcement

The Indian Air Force is expanding daily. Under a new plan, all candidates who are successful in the combined Civil Aviation and Air Force Training Scheme will be COMMISSIONED in the Indian Air Force for the duration of the War. Pilots and Observers are required for full-time service.

The prospects of service set out in the Indian Air Force Reserve pamphlet should be read accordingly.

Apply for information and application forms to:—

(1) The District Magistrate
(2) The Commissioner of Police (Bombay, Madras & Calcutta Cities)
(3) The Political Agents (Indian States)

Third Week—

RANJIT'S Rollicking Comedy
SASURAL
Directed by:
CHATURBHUJ DOSHI
Cast:
MADHURI, MOTILAL, NURJAHAN, KANTILAL.
Daily at 4, 7, 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE

A SPOTLIGHT ON SOCIAL CONVENTIONS
PRAKASH'S
DARSHAN
Starring:
PREM ADIB, JYOTI, BHUDO ADVANI and Others
In 3rd Glorious Week
LAMINGTON TALKIES
At 4, 7, and 10 p.m.
AN EVERGREEN RELEASE

METRO
DAILY AT 3-30-6-30-10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045

2ND Demand Week 2ND

A Woman's Face
The Best Picture of 1941!
A Woman's Face
By The Director of "Philadelphia Story"
A Woman's Face
"Whatever I am, men made me!"

Joan Melvyn
CRAWFORD • DOUGLAS
with CONRAD VEIDT
Osa MASSEN • Reginald OWEN
Albert BASSERMANN
Donald MEEK • Marjorie MAIN
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer picture

NEW EMPIRE
4, 6-30 & 10 P. M.
The ONE & ONLY
WILL HAY HAY
returns in his funniest Comedy Hit
THE GHOST GHOST OF ST. MICHAEL'S ST. MICHAEL'S
Also Complete Sensational Scenes of the
LOUIS-BAER FIGHT
See the great event for yourself

CAPITOL
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
IT OUT-THRILLS "BOYS TOWN"!
SPENCER TRACY
ALL NEW! M-G-M's unforgettable sequel to the never-to-be-forgotten "BOYS TOWN"!
MICKEY ROONEY
The same great stars, director and producer bring you an even more heart-thrilling entertainment!
MEN OF BOYSTOWN
with Bobs WATSON • Larry NUNN
Darryl HICKMAN • Henry O'NEILL
Mary NASH • Lee J. COBB
ALSO LATEST WAR NEWS
SUNDAY 10-30 A.M.
"ROSE-MARIE"
with JEANETTE MACDONALD
NELSON EDDY.

BOMBAY & SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Kartik Vad 6, 1998
Muslim: Shavaal 19, 1360
Parsi: Khordad 4, 1311
Sunrise: 6h. 42m.; Sunset: 6h. 3m.
Hightide: 1-42; 13-21
Lowtide: 7-37; 19-27
Haj Committee at 5 p.m.

MANDVI CONGRESS: An informal meeting of all the workers of the Mandvi Ward will be held to-day (Friday) at 8-30 p.m. at the office of the Mandvi District Congress Committee.

BOM. MUNICIPAL KAMGAR SANGH: A monthly meeting of the Managing Committee of the Sangh will be held to-day (Friday) at 7 p.m. in the office of the Sangh.

MAKANJI FREE DISPENSARY: In all 1922 patients were treated at the Khatau Makanji Free Dispensary, conducted by the Bhatia Maternity and Nursing Home, Fort, Bombay, during Sept. 1941. The average daily attendance was 64.

M. R. FREE DISPENSARY
The number of new patients treated at the Mahomedbhoy Rahimtulla Free Dispensary at Sandhurst Rd. for the week ending 1st Nov. 1941 was 746; of these 434 were males and 312 females.

TAGORE SOCIETY: A meeting of the Organising Committee of the Tagore Society will be held at 60, Lakshmi Building, Sir Phirozshah Mehta Rd., Fort, Bombay, to-day (Friday) at 5 p.m. Mrs. Hansa Mehta will preside.

LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: There will be a public study class on the subject of "The General Principles of Theosophy" from "The Ocean of Theosophy" by W.Q. Judge, to-day (Friday) at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, opp. Flora Fountain.

SAFETY FIRST ASSOCN. OF INDIA: Lecture on "Shadow Profile Projectors" by Mr. H. J. Mulleneux, to-day (Friday) at 6-15 p.m. in the Conference Hall, Electric House, Fort. Open to engineers, supervisory staff and others interested in the subject.

BLAVATSKY LODGE, T.S.: Mr. C. Jinarajadasa will lecture in English at the Besant Hall of the Lodge at French Bridge, Chowpatty, to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) on "Road to Utopia, through Mysticism—Individual and Collective."

COMMISSIONER'S ROUND: The Municipal Commissioner and the Councillors of Ward No. 9 will meet near Sandhurst Bridge, East (Opera House) to-morrow (Saturday) at 6-51 a.m. (B.T.) to go round the Ward. Residents of the Ward who have grievances to represent should be present at the appointed place and time.

ANTI-FASCIST TRADE UNION COUNCIL: The Anti-Fascist Labour Conference will be held on 29th and 30th Nov. at Lahore. All those who desire to communicate in this matter should write to the Secretary Organising Committee, Anti-Fascist Trade Union Council, Ratilal Mansion, Parekh St. Bombay 4.

PARLE-ANDHERI MUNICIPAL ELECTION: Triennial election of the Parle-Andheri Municipality will be held on Sunday, Nov. 23, from 7-30 a.m. to 11-30 a.m. and from 2 p.m. to 6 p.m. (S.T.) at the Court Building of the Bench Magistrates (Laxmibai Karamsey Damji's Building), opp. Andheri Police Station, Kurla Rd., Andheri.

RADICAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY: A meeting of all the members of the Radical Democratic Party and its sympathisers will be held to-day (Friday) at 8-30 p.m. at 26, Rangari Building, Delisle Rd., to celebrate the Russian Revolution Day. Mr. Rajendra Dutt Nigam of Cawnpore will preside. The Anti-Fascist Labour Centre will be opened at the same time.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

METRO (2nd week)—"A Woman's Face" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"The Devil Commands" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"The Ghost of St. Michael's" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Unfinished Business" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Men of Boys' Town" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
BROADWAY—"Manmohan", Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m
ROXY—"Aujan" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Sikandar" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Khazanchi" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Gharki Laj" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Sasural" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Sant Sakhu" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Punarmilan" Daily at 4-30, 7-30 and 10 p.m
MAJESTIC—"Swami" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Buck Privates". Daily at 4, and 6-30 p.m
CHITRA—"Lagan". Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
SUPER—"Sohana Geet." Daily at 4-15, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
PALACE—"Santa Fe Trail". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
HIND-MATA—"Zorro's Fighting Legion", Daily at 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Darshan". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

CO-OPERATORS' DAY CELEBRATIONS AT KHAR

P. G. Shah On Importance Of Co-operation

(From Our Suburban Correspondent).

KHAR: November 6.

The Co-operators' Day meeting was held on Wednesday evening at Lakshminagar Hall, when prominent residents of suburbs attended.

After the reading of Governor's message by Mr. Almoulla, Deputy Registrar of Co-operative Societies; Mr. P. G. Shah was requested to occupy the president's chair.

The President explaining the significance of co-operation in all spheres of life and its international aspect referred to the slow progress of the co-operative movement in India in general and Bombay Suburban District in particular, where upto now, there were 57 societies comprising of 6,000 members only.

He remarked that the scope of co-operative movement for further progress was unlimited and also emphasised on the need of having consumers' Societies in the Suburbs for the benefit of the residents.

"The advantages of co-operation," he concluded, "are on economic side as well as on moral side; as it teaches us loyalty, toleration and self-help, which go a long way in helping a nation to progress towards its cherished goal."

After the speeches the audience were entertained with light music and refreshments.

BOMBAY WOMEN'S ASSOCIATION

The annual Constituent Conference of the Bombay Women's Association (Bombay Branch, All-India Women's Conference) will be held on Saturday (to-morrow) at 4 p.m. at Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, Bombay, under the presidentship of Mrs. Shuaib Tyabji, M.L.A., Dr. Jivraj Mehta and Mrs. Violet Alwa will speak.

At the Conference two delegates from the generous public will be elected to the Rajamundry Session of the All-India Women's Conference. Those who wish to attend the session, are requested to send in their nominations at an early date to Miss Wagle, Jt. Hon. Secretary, Bombay Women's Association, Servants of India Society, Bombay 4.

SUNNY SMILE

Basking in the Golden Rays of Love—
★
The Sunny Girl Starred in a 'HONEY' Picture
NAVYUG'S
SANGAM
—"Romance Plus Realism"—
Starring: MEENAXEE, VATSALA KUMTEKAR, MALATI, GUPTE, G.A., SUNDERABAI, BABY DEVI, SALVI, DAMUANNA MALVANKAR, JOG, NANDU KHOTE AND WINAYAK.
Produced by: WINAYAK
Story by: KHANDEKAR
Directed by: JUNNARKAR
Higher Class Tickets available between 10 a.m. & 12 noon
TO-MORROW at
NEW WEST END
MARATHI: 4 7 p.m. Sat., Sun. 1, 7 p.m.
HINDI: 10 p.m. Sat. Sun. 4, 10 p.m.

Karloff Turns Killer... In A Horror-Crammed Thriller!
BORIS Karloff THE DEVIL COMMANDS
A mad wizard pierces the veil beyond the grave..!

with RICHARD FISKE • AMANDA DUFF
Screen play by Robert D. Andrews, Milton Gunzburg
Directed by EDWARD DMYTRYK
A COLUMBIA PICTURE
EXCELSIOR 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

Water Rations For City

8 Million Gallons Less A Day From November 16

In view of numerous complaints from citizens regarding shortage of water supply, the Municipal Commissioner has issued the following statement:—

"Owing to scanty rainfall in the Vehar and Tulsi Catchment areas the two lakes have not filled this year. The total rainfall in the Tansa Catchment area was about 10 inches less than the average rainfall, but the Tansa lake filled in the first week of July owing to torrential rains. It remained full more or less upto 21st September, when it ceased to overflow. *On 1st November, the levels of the Tansa, Vehar and Tulsi Lakes were lower than the full supply levels of 420, 264.5 and 456.5 T.H.D. by 3, 19 and 7 feet respectively.* At present, about 88 million gallons are supplied daily from the Tansa Lake, 15 million gallons per day from the Vehar lake and about 3 million gallons daily from the Tulsi lake to the City and the Suburbs. Of the total daily supply of 160 million gallons, a little over 3 million gallons are supplied to the Suburbs. It is calculated that by 16th February 1942, the Vehar lake would reach a level at which it will not be possible to get any water from that lake. The Tulsi lake can however continue to supply 3 million gallons per day throughout the dry weather. The loss of water supply from the Vehar lake after 16th February will therefore have to be made good from the Tansa lake. It will not be possible to obtain an additional supply of 15 million gallons daily from the Tansa lake from 16th February upto 1st July 1942. The loss can however be partially made up, if the water supply from the Tansa lake is reduced.

In order to ensure that a fairly equal supply of water is distributed to the city till the end of July next year, it is necessary to curtail the supply of water to the City and the Suburbs from an early date. It is therefore proposed to reduce the total daily supply of water to the City and the Suburbs from 16th November 1941 to 15th February 1942 to 98 million gallons per day and to give a slightly increased supply of water of 100 million gallons daily to the City and the Suburbs from 16th February to 1st June, 1942. Thereafter, it may be necessary to reduce the total supply to 90.5 million gallons per day. The reduction in the supply will be made gradually from about the middle of this month. In view of the present situation of the water contents of the three lakes it is very necessary that water should be used as economically as possible and that all waste should be avoided. The people of the City and the Suburbs are therefore requested to use water as economically as possible and a special appeal is made to the owners of gardens in this respect and to avoid all waste from overflowing cisterns, leaky taps and fittings, unattended open taps etc., and to co-operate with the Municipality by saving water.

QUESTION OF AIR RAID CASUALTIES

Resolution In Corporation

For the first time on Thursday, the Municipal Corporation agreed to the resolution to make preparations to tend the casualties that may be caused by possible air raids in the city.

Dr. B. H. Rajadhayksha moved a resolution to request the Municipal Commissioner to report through the Medical Relief Committee on a scheme of Emergency Hospital Accommodation for casualties which may occur in the event of an Air Raid on this City, stating how far the present Municipal hospitals can hold additional beds in an emergency and what additional medical and surgical equipment and staff would be advisably necessary for the purposes.

Mr. H. Chamberlain seconded the proposition and hoped that no fuss would be made this time, as the danger to the city from the Far East was real and they should be prepared for it.

The resolution was passed "nem con".

The House also passed resolution moved by Dr. S. P. Mehta to request the Municipal Commissioner to consider the desirability of controlling prices in municipal markets by fixing prices and also the resolution of Mr. M. M. Bhat requesting the Municipal Commissioner to report what measures he proposes to take to ensure clean supply of water in the suburbs. The House then adjourned till Monday.

HUSSAIN LAKDA BAZAR SECRETARY IN TROUBLE

BOMBAY: Thursday.

Ramanlal Utamram Kapadia was arrested by the Nagpada Police on a charge of criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 4,000 in the early hours of this morning.

It is alleged that the accused was working as the Secretary of Hussain Lakda Bazar Ltd, at Bellasis Road since 1934.

The accused was ordered to be released on bail by Mr. M.A.F. Coelho, Presidency Magistrate, at the Mazagon Police Court, to-day.

PROFITEERING CHARGE FAILS

Pannalal Bhikachand, manager of Messrs. Vora Bros., and Shavonthilal Ambalal, who were arrested in February last on a charge under the Defence of India Rules for selling a medicinal preparation known as "Mitigal" at a price in excess of that fixed by the Government, were acquitted by the Chief Presidency Magistrate on Wednesday.

WOMAN'S BODY IN WELL

BOMBAY: Thursday.

The dead body of Hirabai Balkrishna, aged 18 years, was found floating in a well at Dadar yesterday.

It was stated that the deceased who was recently married, was ailing for the last few months.

She disappeared from her faither's house on Tuesday. Her body was found in a well in Raut's Wadi, Dadar.

A verdict of suicide was recorded by the Bombay Coroner at the inquest to-day.

ON THE AIR

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 7.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8 a.m. Flute solo. 8-5 News in Hindustani. 8-15 News in English. 8-25 Moghu Bai Kurdikar. 8-50 News in Marathi. 9 News in Gujarati. 9-10 Nisar Ahmad. 9-25 J. G. Gore. 9-35 K. M. Kulkarni. 9-45 A I R Quartet. 9-55 Brahmanand Bhajan. 12-30 p.m. Ghazals from the Grooves. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Marathi Pad. 1-15 Musical Mixture. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch Hour Music. 5 To-morrow. 5-5 Snehalata Marathe. 5-15 K. M. Kulkarni. 5-25 Hamid Husain. 5-40 News in Marathi. 5-45 News in Gujarati. 5-50 Snehalata Marathe. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 J. G. Gore. 6-20 Local news and announcements in English. 6-25 Same in Hindustani. 6-30 Children's half-hour. 7 Berlinchya Batmya: Talk in Marathi. 7-15 Screen hits. 7-25 Naghmo on Sarinda. 7-30 Amrit Lal. 7-45 News commentary. in Gujarati. 7-50 Nisar Ahmad. 8 News in Marathi. 8-5 News in Gujarati. 8-30 World Affairs: Talk relayed from B B C. 8-45 Showtime. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News commentary in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C news relay. 9-45 War commentary. 9-55 Listening Post: German propaganda examined. 10 Moghu Bai Kurdikar.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

8 to 8-5 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 8-5 Bhaygeets. 8-15 M. Tufail. 8-25 to 8-50 As in Bombay 1. 8-50 Subtleties. 9-10 to 10 As in Bombay 1. 12-30 to 2-25 As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

5 to 5-40 As in Bombay 1. 5-40 Jaltarang solo. 5-50 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 Flute recital. 6-10 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.

89.15 metres (3,365 kc/s)

7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 to 8 As in Bombay 1. 8 Moghu Bai Kurdikar. 8-30 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 Keshavant Smruti Din: Special Marathi feature. 9-30 Gretel Sommer: Violin. 9-45 Tony D'Souza: Tenor. 10 Tuna Portuguese with Sonia De Gouveia Pinto. 10-20 Al Almont (English comedian) songs and stories. 10-30 Aurora Saldanha: Soprano.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

4-30 p.m. For Indian Troops in the Far-East. 5 Mahmud Hasan Qawwal and Party. 5-20 Vilayat Khan. 5-35 Nasir Khan. 5-50 Zohra Bai. 6-15 Zohra Jamal. 6-30 V. A. Kagalkar. 6-50 Hanskaukni on Violin. 7 Mahmud Hasan Qawwal and Party. 7-15 Why I Believe in Democracy? 3: Talk in Hindustani. 7-30 For Villagers only. 8-15 Vilayat Khan: Ghazal. 8-25 Pahari on Cornet. 8-30 Vilayat Khan: Ghazal. 8-45 V. A. Kagalkar. 9-30 B B C news relay. 9-45 War commentary. 10 Mahmud Hasan Qawwal and Party. 10-20 Zohra Jamal. 10-30 V. A. Kagalkar.

AL ALMONT, COMEDIAN—Al Almont, a well-known English comedian, now a sailor, who is in Bombay will entertain listeners of All-India Radio, Bombay to-day (Friday) at 10-20 p.m. on short wave only. He has been the youngest "ame" in pantomime and has performed on various London variety stages as well as in other parts of the world. Since the war he has been giving shows for the troops with whom he is very popular.

ALL OVER A HARIJAN DEAD BODY

BOMBAY, Nov. 7.

The Secretary of the Harijan Sevak Samaj writes:—

The authoritarian stubbornness of the Caste Hindus of Vile Parle, one of the most important and picturesque suburbs of Bombay, had its dramatic sequel yesterday, when a number of patriotic, public-spirited social workers, who were all young men, broke open the lock of the Hindu burial ground at Vile Parle and buried inside it, a Harijan's dead body, against the protestations and demonstrations of a vociferous section of Sanatanists. The burial ground has been given free by Government to the residents of Vile Parle for burying the dead bodies of all Hindus, and not only of caste Hindus. Since a long time, Hindu dead bodies of all sections and subsections were buried there without any obstruction from anyone.

But a few Sanatanists, who instead of moving with the time, created a hulla-baloo about the untouchables being allowed to take their eternal rest along with the holy dead bodies of Caste Hindus, and soon the Managing Committee under its compelling influence barricaded the ground with towering walls, erected a gate and locked it up.

Only Caste Hindus were allowed to be buried in this ground since July last. But patriotic young men were not wanting who systematically broke open the gate and buried the corpses of untouchables also, whenever one of them died.

Yesterday too, there was a dead body of a Harijan. These young men broke open the gate once again, as key was refused, and buried the Harijan there in the cemetery. But the caste Hindus set their influence at work, summoned the Police, who arrested on the spot Messrs Indravadan Oza, President of the District Congress Committee, Virchand B. Seth, Councillor of Parle Municipality, Harkisan Zavery, Secretary of the Harijan Sevak Sangh, Harinda Desai, Secretary of the Municipal Workers' Union and two other Harijans.

GOVERNMENT'S APPEAL DISMISSED

(Before the Hon. the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Wadia).

Emperor: Appellant v. Godrej A. Irani and another: Opponents (Original accused).

This was an appeal by the Government against the acquittal of the opponent by the Additional City Magistrate, First Class, Poona, of charges under the Bombay Prevention of Gambling Act of 1887.

When the Police raided the house of the first accused they found the second accused there with certain betting slips on his person.

Their Lordships were of the opinion that there was nothing to show that the first accused, Irani, knew of what the second accused had in his pocket and that the Magistrate was right in holding that the presumption that the house was a common gaming house was rebutted by the negative evidence resulting from the search. Their Lordships, therefore, dismissed the Government's appeal.

The Assistant Government Pleader, Mr. B. G. Rao, appeared for the Crown. Mr. S. G. Patwardhan appeared for the accused.

CHARGED WITH THEFT

On a charge of theft Ramkhilawan Ramsunder, aged 25, was arrested by the Maharbouri Police yesterday and was produced today before Mr. K. J. Khambatta, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Court.

It is alleged that a theft to the value of Rs. 391, consisting of currency notes and wrist watches belonging to Mahadeo Raghuvir Pande, residing in Hamidabai Building, was committed by the suspect by using a duplicate key. He was offered bail till November 10.

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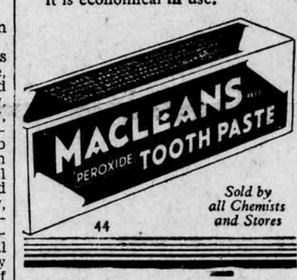

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The Bombay Chronicle

THE ONLY PRINCIPLE

In his address on the Principle of Preparedness at the Rotary lunch on Tuesday Sir Victor Sassoon showed vividly, but perhaps superfluously, that the war was coming nearer to India every minute. The more pertinent question is what we are going to do to face the impending crisis. Sir Victor is dissatisfied with our Defence preparations and has doubtless good reasons to be so. While he points out that we are recruiting a first class type of soldiers he is perplexed by the official plea that there is a shortage of a suitable type of officer. If a responsible war minister were to quarrel thus with his tools or materials in India or Britain, he would not remain a minister a day longer. But our bureaucrats are above criticism and forget even to vary their excuses in war time. No man who knows anything of Indian history or the Indian people of to-day will accept the view that there is a real shortage here of officers of the right type, apart from the fact that, if there is at all such a shortage, those are responsible for it who have wielded the country's destiny for a century and a half. The ill-fed, unschooled average Indian under the British regime may be unsuitable for commissioned service in the Army. But tens of thousands can be easily picked out who with proper training can excel as officers. It is a cruel libel on India to deny this. The trouble is not with the Indian recruits but with the British recruiters and the system of administration to which Indians are compelled to submit. Sir Victor could not be altogether unaware of this trouble and the system, which is still continuing in spite of its proved sins of omission and commission in preparing India for any war emergency.

Contrast

Consider now the position with regard to the Indian Air Force. Replying to questions in the Central Legislative Assembly, Sir Gurunath Bewoor, the Defence Department spokesman, stated that the Indian Air Force now consisted of three squadrons as against only one at the commencement of the war and that soon the Force would have ten squadrons. In contrast with the negligible starting figure the progress during the last two years may appear striking, but it cannot be said to be at all satisfactory in comparison with the needs of the present and the immediate future. And the various difficulties Sir Gurunath recounted in the task of expansion make one wonder when the objective of the squadrons will be attained. Contrast this with the rapid strides made by Australia, Canada and South Africa. Sir Earle Page, Australian representative to the British Government, said the other day that the Australian air force was now over 60,000 and increasing weekly. The position in Canada is well-known to be still better. Even in South Africa the Premier expects to have within a few months 24 air schools able to train "thousands and thousands of men every year", while already airmen and machanics are going there in thousands for training from Britain and other parts of the Empire. Compared with these achievements, the progress in India is negligible. But what better can be expected in a country where the people only pay for Defence but have no control whatsoever over the Department?

The Only Way

Sir Victor, in his rotary address, concerned himself less with the Defence organisation than with its work by way of protecting the country against possible air raids. He asked a number of searching questions like: "Are we organising hospitals in safe places for air raid casualties? Are we coping with the by no means easy task of training nurses and collecting medical personnel and equipment in sufficiently large numbers for this work? Have we seriously considered the consequences of the bombing of Bombay, for instance? I know we have had a series of A. R. P. instructions published from time to time, but have we seriously considered how vulnerable so many of our factories are, much more so than modern types at home? Have we weighed the difficulties of providing really efficient shelters in waterlogged Bombay, shelters not only for the workers but also for their families"? We doubt if these questions will be answered by the authorities concerned. If they are, we fear the answers will not reassure the country. However, the question of questions is how the present unsatisfactory state of things can be mended and that speedily. Sir Victor seems to think that all will be well if Government give up their red-tapism. That will doubtless be an aid to speedy preparation. But it cannot be elevated to the dignity of the "Principle of Preparedness", the title of Sir Victor's address. The only sound principle of preparedness is that the Department preparing India for the war must be made responsible to the people. That may transform the country as by magic. Nothing less can do the trick.

A Japanese Move

The activities of both sides indicate that Far East flare-up is due about the middle of November immediately after the extraordinary session of the Diet which General Tojo has summoned for November 15. Japan has rushed to the U. S. A. in a rather dramatic fashion a Special Adviser in the person of M. Kurusu to assist her Ambassador Admiral in his negotiations at Washington. This move is intended to be regarded as Japan's last effort for peace. But it is really Japan's last and final effort at blackmailing America. For, what Japan wants America to do is to concede the former's "rights" in China and the south-eastern countries as her "co-prosperity area." This is in the first place a direct challenge to the U. S. A.'s own interests and spheres of influence. Secondly it amounts to a demand that the U. S. A. shall submit, in the Far East, to that "New Order" and "way of life" which, in the west, she is staking her moral and material resources to fight to the finish. There can, therefore, be no compromise with the stand that Japan has chosen to take. That the negotiations are not going to succeed, with or without the aid of M. Kurusu is, indeed, clear from the outspokenness of Colonel Knox and the cold attitude of Mr. Cordell-Hull.

But there are other moves made recently by what are known as "democracies" which are even more significant. The arrival has just been announced at Manilla of Major-General Brereton, who will organise the first U. S. airforce in the Far East and Rear-Admiral Rockwell, commander of the sixteenth naval district at Cavite. On the British side, General Wavell has just paid a surprise visit to Malaya and General Blamey, the Australian Chief in the Middle East has been summoned for consultation with his Government. But most important of all is Mr. Curtin's hint that Britain and the Dominions have been discussing their relations not only with Rumania and Hungary, but also with Japan. The democracies have thus made it known that so far from yielding to Japan they are preparing the deck for action What will Japan do? After the failure of M. Kurusu she ought to strike at the democracies. This appears likely now. But it still remains more likely that she may seek to save face by attempting a decisive offensive against China In which case, what are the democracies, in their turn, going to do?

KING-HALL NEWSLETTER

Why Japan Is Waiting

The following are cabled extracts from the King-Hall Newsletter dated October 30, 1941:—

We hear from a reliable source that the Germans are becoming increasingly impatient with Japan's temporising. Early in October the Japanese authorities censored certain D.N.B. (official German news-agency) dispatches which contained an outspoken criticism of Japanese negotiations with the U. S. Government and of her failure to make trouble in the Far East in support of her Axis partners. This action of the Japanese censor greatly angered the Nazis. Some blunt talking has since taken place between German officials in Tokyo and the Japanese Government.

In the practice of power politics many factors are taken into account before an aggressor decides to take the plunge and nowhere are chances more carefully weighed up than in Tokyo. The Japanese have made many wars in order to "better" their position in the Far East and each has been preceded by a long and anxious examination of the balance of forces. The Japanese have always endeavoured to practise the type of political strategy which in nature is usually attributed to the jackal. The Japanese like to wait until someone else has assaulted their victim or their victim is in the throes of an internal conflict. In the Great War they spent months trying to make up their minds which side was going to win. Having attacked Tsingtao (a German naval base in China) in 1914, Japanese militarists very nearly changed sides in 1916-17 when the situation looked black for the Allies. At the moment they are on the edge of participation because they think that Russia is beaten and that the U. S. A. is incapable for a long time to come, of conducting a naval and an air war simultaneously in the Pacific and in the Atlantic

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Another important consideration is the state of development of the Japanese Navy. Since their denunciation of the London Naval Treaty of 1930 the Japanese have thrown the veil of secrecy over their new construction but we do know that they have pushed on furiously with a very big naval building programme. The signatories to the London Naval Treaty asked Japan in 1938 whether or not it was true that she was building five battleships, each more than the thirty-five thousand tons stipulated in the Treaty. The Japanese refused to give a straight answer and there can be little doubt that the five ships are of at least forty-thousand tons displacement, perhaps more. They are probably armed with nine 16-inch guns apiece and have a speed of at least 30 knots. Two of these ships, "Nisshin" and "Takamatsu" are either in service or are about to be commissioned, and the other three should be ready next year In addition, the Japanese have ten good battleships, all of which have been reconstructed". The U. S. battlefleet consists of 15 older battleships (corresponding to ten older Japanese ships) and two new vessels (30,000 tons) "North Carolina" and "Washington" They have four more 35,000-ton class due for completion in 1943, and eleven ships, not less than 45,000 tons, of which the first two are to be commissioned in 1944. The total fire power of the Japanese battle fleet includes 34 sixteen-inch and 80 fourteen-inch guns and that of the U. S. battle line 42 sixteen-inch and 124 fourteen-inch guns. It appears that the Japanese battle fleet has a slightly higher speed than that of the American fleet. Moreover, only ten of the American battleships have been modernised. Japan is also believed to have planned a surprise for the world in the shape of four pocket battleships modelled more or less after those of the Germans but possessing greater speed and slightly better protection. These pocket battleships, of which one is said to have been completed in 1940, are to carry six 12-inch and 12 five-inch guns. Neither Navy possesses cruisers of more than 10,000 tons but within that limit U. S. has concentrated on heavy and Japan on light categories. U. S. A. possesses 27 cruisers of more than 9,000 tons to Japan's 8; below the 9,000 mark Japan has 27 to America's 14. In a war in the Pacific aircraft carriers would have an important part to play Japan possesses 13 of these vessels with two more launched but not yet completed; U. S. has seven in service and 12 more are being built or projected. Japanese vessels, though more numerous, are smaller. The Japanese believe that next year their relative naval strength vis-a-vis that of U. S will be at its highest point. After 1942 it will decline. This fact may well prove to have a decisive influence on Japanese policy.

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Whilst we are on this subject of naval strength in the Pacific, it is worth noting that the U. S. S. R. has not large surface ships in the Far East but a large number of submarines and motor torpedo boats are based on the Siberian coast of the Japan Sea. The threat of an explosion in the Far East draws attention to the military position of China and to our relations with the Government in Chungking. For the best part of ten years, that gallant and determined people have withstood Japanese aggression with precious little help from the outside world. The Chinese, at great cost to themselves, have already blunted the spear point of Japanese power and, if Britain and America become involved in the Western Pacific, the armies of Chiang Kai Shek will figure large in allied strategy. For the past year this correspondence has advocated an out-and-out alliance with the Chinese. We believe that this question has become imperative and that it is high time that the peace-loving peoples of the world should stand side by side to meet the Axis aggressors.

The military power of China is greater at the moment than it has ever been in the past. We have reliable information to the effect that General Chiang Kai Shek now has 5,000,000 men well-trained and lacking only in aeroplanes and artillery to enable them to make a very different end to the China "incident" from what the Japanese anticipated. The Chinese are at present producing all the small arms they require. They have plant for assembling aircraft. They have also plants for the complete construction of aircraft, including engines, but it will take a long time to bring these into production Meanwhile their cities and towns are at the mercy of Japanese bombers and their armies are greatly handicapped by the almost complete lack of air support. The flow of British and American aid to China via the Burma Road has greatly increased during the past year. This has been due to (a) American help in organising the traffic along this road and in improving the road bed; (b) the provision of new motor lorries by the U. S. A. and (C) stricter control by the Chinese Government over the entire length of the road from the Burma frontier. This control has, amongst other things, put an end to scores of gambling and vice dens which had sprung up (Japanese agents were known to have had a hand in this) to entice the Chinese drivers from their arduous duties In addition, the Chinese have established a school to which only the best type of youth is admitted for training drivers, both in handling and servicing lorries. At the present time about 25,000 tons of goods are carried monthly over this Road to Chungking—about three times the volume of a year ago.

Frankly Speaking

Apology For Helplessness

Mr. Herbert Hoover, the anti-Russian isolationist, has come to the aid and inspiration of Finland by strongly denouncing Mr. Cordell Hull's note. He, of course, very conveniently ignores the important fact that what Mr. Cordell Hull has demanded is very far, indeed, from surrender or capitulation by Finland. But any way, the Finns would reject the demand even without Mr. Hoover's intervention. The Nazis with their jackboots will do the needful. In fact, they have already started the Finns on an offensive against Murmansk to commit them still more deeply. Finland's inevitable answer will, it is reported, seek refuge behind the excuse that the present war is only a continuation of operations against Russia's earlier aggression. But this has been anticipated by the fact that the American note and offer to negotiate a peace virtually concedes Finland's right to territories lost to Russia. The question of right and wrong is, however, an apology for a situation from which Finnish leaders are unable—even if they are willing—to escape. It is interesting to note that at least one Finnish paper has raised the awkward question of why the people and Parliament were not informed of America's earlier offer of peace. But what was once a famous democracy is no more so.

Black Sea Outrage

Here is an Ankara report dated Thursday:—

ANKARA, Nov. 6.

The Turkish motor boat "Kaynakdere" (name is doubtful) has been stopped and sunk by a submarine in the Black Sea, according to a semi-official announcement.

The sinking took place in Turkish territorial waters. The crew is safe. An enquiry has been opened."

The incident must cause anxiety because of its potentialities. The wording of the semi-official announcement suggests that the outrage—the motor boat was "stopped and sunk"—was deliberate. Now, whose submarine could have done it? It is inconceivable that the Russians will at this stage pick a quarrel with Turkey. Apart from every other consideration, including their commitments to Turkey, such a course would mean inviting inevitable disaster. For, it would mean adding another million fighting men to the rank of the enemy and opening an immediate and quick passage for the Germans to take the Caucasus in the rear, overrun Iran and not only cut the Iranian life line to Russia but also place the whole of the Middle East at the disposal of the Germans. The Russians and the British are no fools gratuitously to court disaster. The next alternative is that the submarine belonged to Germany or one of her satellites. But has Germany decided that the time has come to put Turkey to the test, to determine, that is to say, whether it would be worth while demanding Turkey's submission to the passage of German troops? If so, the Germans are in for a disappointment.

Feeling In Italy

Both British and Russian sources report that defeatism in regard to the war is rampant in Italy and that, moreover "German domination in Italy is fanning resentment among masses of the population against Mussolini's policy." This is to a great extent true. But it does not at all justify any hope that the present feeling is going by itself to exercise a decisive influence on the war situation in favour of Italy. It can, however, act as an auxiliary in direct proportion of usefulness to British military activities against Il Duce's Italy.

Starvation Wages

According to the annual report of the Controller of Emigrant Labour in Assam for the year 1939-40 the average monthly cash earnings of men, women and children during the year are said to have been Rs. 7/14/1, Rs. 6/3/8 and Rs. 4/7/9 respectively as against Rs. 7/15/3, Rs. 6/7/6 and Rs. 4/9/2 in the preceding year. In the Surma valley, the average monthly cash earnings of men, women and children were lower still, being Rs. 6/4/7, Rs. 4/7/3 and Rs. 3/1/9 respectively as against Rs. 6/5/6, Rs 4/5/6 and Rs. 3/2/2 in the previous year. These are shockingly low earnings, even making allowance for the fact that the labourers are given free quarters. We are sure the tea plantationers are now making fat profits owing to the huge war demand for tea. Attempts must be made to induce them to give fair wages.

"JAWAHAR DAY"

Glorious Services Of Nehru's Family

U. P. EX-PREMIER'S TRIBUTES: APPEAL TO CARRY ON CONSTRUCTIVE PROGRAMME

LUCKNOW, Nov. 8.

"We should make India free so that when Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru comes out of the prison, he may step into a completely Independent India." Thus observed Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant addressing a public meeting to celebrate "Jawahar Day" paying glorious tributes to the Nehru family. He said that from the eldest to the youngest, all have sacrificed for the emancipation of our country. Pandit Nehru's life is an embodiment of sacrifice and wholehearted devotion to the service of the Motherland. Had he been in an independent country, he might have been known better than Roosevelt, Churchill and Hitler for his service to the poor and downtrodden and his international love.

He went to Spain and China when those countries were in the throes of the life and death struggle for freedom of their nations, but he refused to meet Mussolini because he is against Fascism and Nazism.

Referring to the present war, he said Pandit Jawaharlal refused India's participation in it as she herself is not free. Pandit Nehru strongly believed in the freedom of speech.

CHALLENGE TO GOVT.

Continuing Pandit Pant said that what Pandit Nehru thought every Indian thinks in his heart of hearts and he challenged the Government to convict all. As the present Satyagraha is limited to the individuals, so it is not necessary for all to go to jail. But what we can do is to carry on the constructive programme of the Congress by encouraging spinning communal harmony, uplifting the Harijans and hoisting the national flag in our houses.

Exhorting the audience, he said "what we want is justice to prevail in the world, dependent nations should become independent and with co-operation among all to wipe out poverty from this world.

Referring to the Deoli hunger-strike, he protested against the internment of people without trial and conviction. When their meagre demands were not fulfilled, they were compelled to resort to hunger-strike. He urged the Government to pay heed to proposals of such an influential and responsible person as Mr. N. M. Joshi.—A. P.

PROFITS TAX AMENDMENT BILL

Select Committee Proposal: A Minute Of Dissent

NEW DELHI, Nov. 6.

The Select Committee on the Excess Profits Tax Amendment Bill have inserted a commencement clause retarding the operation of the amendment made in the act by Clause Three of the Bill relating to profits accruing or arising in an Indian state, so that this amendment shall take effect in respect of the computation of excess profits for the purposes of Excess Profits Tax at the same time as the similar amendment to the Income Tax Act, 1922 proposed in the bill at present before the Legislature takes effect for income tax purposes.

The Committee have proposed Section 10 A bringing it into complete conformity with the wording of the corresponding English provision, so as to secure that action cannot be taken under the Section unless the Excess Profits Tax officer is of opinion that not merely one of the purposes but the main purpose of a transaction was the avoidance or reduction of liability to excess profits.

MINUTE OF DISSENT

A minute of dissent signed by Sir Cowasji Jehangir, Mr. Hosseinbhoy Laljee and Mr. Baijnath Bajoria says: Under the provisions of the Act moneys borrowed by a company or a person from a bank or by the raising of debentures are to be taken as capital employed in the business.

It was then argued that this principle should apply to all moneys borrowed by a company or a person even if it be not from a bank or by the raising of debentures as in India, a large number of companies and persons are financed by managing agents or by deposits from private persons This argument at that time did not appeal to Government but they have now, under this bill, accepted the principle, although they refuse to give it retrospective effect. We contend that if Government now see the validity and force of our arguments and legislate to put them into effect, there is no reason why they should not give such legislation retrospective effect."—A. P.

PUNITIVE ACTION AGAINST MAHSUDS

NEW DELHI, Nov. 6.

Punitive action is reported to have been taken against the Abdullai section of the Bahlolzai Mahsuds living in Makin, a few miles south of Razmak.

It is stated that this section has been interfering with traffic on the Razmak-Jandola road, and the recent eviction of an Abdullai shop-keeper from Razmak Bazar was made a pretext for further hold-ups on the road, particularly after the Id. The Political Agent summoned a Jirga and ordered them to hand over thirty hostiles before the evening of October 28, as the order was not complied with, action was taken the next day by land forces, with the result that most of the hostiles were surrendered unconditionally, on October 30, including the leader Pir Gul and a security of eight English-made rifles was deposited for good behaviour.—A. P.

Tear-Gas Catches Outlaws

PESHAWAR, Nov. 6.

The aid of the tear-gas squad was summoned to effect the capture of four proclaimed offenders in the vicinity of Peshawar.

Information was received by the Burj Harisingh Police Station that four proclaimed offenders who were wanted in a number of murder cases were hiding in a tower near a village. A strong party of the police set out and surrounded the tower. On being challenged to come down and surrender, the outlaws opened fire at the police, who retaliated. The Officer in charge of the force sent for the tear-gas squad from Peshawar, which arrived and ultimately overpowered the accused. Four rifles and a considerable quantity of ammunition were recovered. There were no casualty on either side.—A. P.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

Great significance is attached by the astronomers and astrologers to the visibility of the Mars on the night of Saturday last in the close vicinity of the Moon. The planet was shining with a great radiance within the halo of the moon. It is stated that the conjunction of Mars and Moon in this position is a portent of ill omens.

—Jubbalpore Report.

* * *

Sir Henry Gidney is reported to have evoked loud laughter in the Central Assembly by declaring that "the German word for culture was spelt with a "k" instead of "c" because England had control of the seas."

It will certainly go down in the history of Humour as a great joke.

* * *

We feel we must record our strong protest against the publication in the Press of the letter purporting to have been written by Mr. Jinnah to a British M. P.

It is most unfair to him, that is, Mr. Jinnah. Indeed, it is a patent and outrageous "fake". For the Qaid-e-Azam is made to say therein that he represents only 90 per cent of the Muslims.

* * *

Said Mr. Fazlul Haq at Lucknow the other day: "Mum is the word till a certain day."

We can hardly restrain our excitement.

* * *

A special Japanese Adviser has been rushed to Washington to assist Admiral Nomura, the Ambassador.

It is reported that he is carrying a Japanese seven-point version of the Atlantic Charter for the Pacific.

* * *

According to M. Lozovsky "the Germans are bad psychologists" and "Japan is not Rumania or Hungary, and she will not run errands for Germany."

Let us hope this declaration of confidence is not similar to the one proclaimed on the Moscow Radio on the eve of the German aggression.

* * * *

An R. A. F. report says that a sulphur factory in Licatia, Sicily, has been twice attacked.

The Duce, we understand, has been appropriately fuming in sympathy.

* * *

There is, says a comentator, no evidence in London confirming German reports of a Finnish offensive against Murmansk.

Then London is too unimaginative to understand German diplomatic-cum-military methods.

* * *

Criticising the attitude of America, the British press demands a declaration of war on Finland by Britain.

The Junior Colleague interprets this as a dish for Russian consumption.

* * *

An American engineering authority predicts that "by next spring the U. S. armament programme will overshadow the Nazi effort."

Er—Amen!

* * *

Said the husband: "A baby's troublesome, that's true; but remember the hand that rocks the cradle rules the world."

Replied his wife: "Well, then suppose you assume world dominion for the evening while I go to the cinema."

Poppy Day

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Your half-columnist "Dim" is to be congratulated on his discovery that the proceeds of Poppy Day are virtually for British as opposed to Indian ex-Servicemen.

I believe I am right in saying that it was for this very reason that those responsible began a few years ago to make it known that donations could be earmarked for Indian ex-Servicemen and that the publicity dates from the year the 1914-1918 Association of Bombay undertook the organisation of Poppy Day and itself made the disturbing discovery.

In case "Dim" is unable to look further into the matter, he may see the light a little more clearly if he will consider how many Indian or British ex-Servicemen "who helped the Empire to victory" 23 years ago are likely to be dependent on Bombay's Poppy Day to-day as a result of their "sacrifice", "giving their all" or any of the other hackneyed Poppy Day slogans.

As his correspondents have brought out, Poppy Day in India is dominated by Army Headquarters and "Dim" should specially note the last few words in his quotations from the 1938 and 1940 appeals.

It is a fact, however, that there is still in Bombay a legacy from the 1914-1918 war in the obligation to finish the work of educating the sons and daughters of men who did suffer and the burden of that work is being borne by men who themselves fought in that war.

Perhaps "Dim" could take time off deriding English guts to persuade the numerous prominent citizens he has referred to that "justice and fairness and decency on November 11th" are not to be attained by attacking defenceless children.—Yours etc.,

SCOTSMAN.

Bombay Nov. 6.

Deoli Hunger-Strike Developments

Jogesh Chatterji Ordered To Be Released Unconditionally

NEW DELHI, Nov. 6.

Yesterday afternoon, November 5, the Government of India received information that the health of Jogeshchand Chatterji, one of the Security Prisoners, who is on hunger-strike at Deoli, was deteriorating owing to the fact that, for certain physical reasons, it was impossible to administer food by artificial means, states a Press 'communique'.

In these peculiar circumstances, the Government of India, after consulting the Government of the United Provinces by whose order he had been detained under Defence Rule 26 informed the Superintendent, Deoli, late last night that Jogeshchand Chatterji was to be released unconditionally forthwith.—A. P.

IFTIKHARUDDIN'S MISSION TO WARDHA

Appeal For Observing Deoli Day On November 9

LAHORE, Nov. 6.

Mian Iftikharuddin President of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee left for Wardha this evening.

Prior to his departure, he said in an interview that he would discuss with Mahatma Gandhi the question of the hunger-strike at Deoli and the demands of the detenus and "C" class prisoners in the Punjab.

During the last month and a half he had made every effort in accordance with the institutions of Mahatma Gandhi, to bring about a settlement of this question but his efforts had proved fruitless. The Security Prisoners at Deoli camp, added Mian Iftikharuddin, had now been on hunger-strike for a fortnight; it was impossible to wait any longer and some further step must be immediately taken. He got into touch with Mahatma Gandhi on this question and the latter had summoned him to Wardha for personal discussion.

Mian Iftikharuddin expressed the hope that every section of the public would respond fully to the appeal of the Central Deoli Committee in observing throughout the province Deoli Day on November 9.—A. P.

JOSHI TO MEET HUNGER-STRIKERS

Call For 'Deoli Day'

NEW DELHI, Nov. 5.

Mr. N. M. Joshi, M.L.A. (Central), left Delhi to-night for Deoli to interview the hunger-strikers.

Mrs. Geeta Narasimham also left for Deoli to interview her husband who is on hunger-strike.

Mr. M. Farooqi, general secretary, All-India Students' Federation, has issued an appeal to the students of India to observe Sunday, November 9, as All-India Deoli Hunger-strikers Day, to urge Government to accept the demands of the hunger-strikers.

A public meeting was held in the evening in Saraswati Bhawan, Delhi, under the auspices of the Delhi Provincial Students' Federation, Sardar Mangal Singh M.L.A. (Central), presiding. Dr. Choitram Gidwani, President, Sind Provincial Congress Committee, Mr. Dhirubhai Desai, President, Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, Mr. Sat Narain Singh, M.L.A. (Central), and Shrimati Satyavati addressed the meeting. A resolution urging the Government immediately to meet the demands of the hunger-strikers and end the strike was passed.

JOSHI FOR DEOLI

NEW DELHI, Nov. 5.

Mr N. M. Joshi M.L.A. (Central) left Delhi to-night for Deoli to interview the hunger-strikers.—A. P.

DEOLI PRISONERS & WOMEN'S DUTY

"Attend Public Meetings On Detenus' Day

LAHORE, Nov. 5.

A call to the women of India to put forward the demand that the hunger-strike at Deoli should be brought to an end is uttered by Mrs. Rameshwari Nehru, President of the All-India Women's Conference, in a statement to the Press.

The hunger-strike of the Security prisoners at Deoli Camp, she says, is unfortunate. Its continuation is causing great anxiety to the public. It is particularly disconcerting to women. It is a great pity that matters should have been allowed to drift to take this shape. The demands of the prisoners as adumbrated by Shri N. M. Joshi, are just and the Government should have conceded them long ago.

Women and mothers cannot sit still, adds Mrs. Nehru, while these young men, the flower of the nation, are going through the agonies of hunger. They should all, therefore, come out of their homes to put forward the demand that the strike should be brought to an end and the impending catastrophe stopped.

Mrs. Nehru appeals to all women to give their support to the cause of the detenus by attending public meetings which will be held all over the country on November 9, which has been fixed by the Detenus Committee to be observed as the Detenus' Day.—A. P.

KARACHI.—A public meeting held under the auspices of the Karachi District Congress Committee, on Tuesday evening, adopted a resolution urging Government to redress the Deoli hunger strikers' grievances.

SATYAGRAHA, A GREAT SUCCESS

Pattabhi Deplores "Uninformed Criticism"

MASULIPATAM, Nov. 5.

"Uninformed criticism of Satyagraha is to be deplored, especially when one remembers that the general leading the campaign is Mahatma Gandhi", observed Dr. Pattabhi Seetaramayya, addressing a public meeting at Masulipatam on his return from jail.

Dr. Pattabhi claimed that the Satyagraha was a great success, how could it not be a success, he asked, when legislators representing the parliamentary side of the Government and representatives of the people had courted imprisonment in their thousands. It meant, he asserted, that the country as a whole had offered Satyagraha qualitatively, though not quantitatively. He applauded the Muslim League for the walk-out staged by their representatives in the Central Assembly and said that whatever be their other demands, he would appreciate their walkout in the Assembly recently as a protest against the attitude of the British Government towards India and their unwillingness to part with power.

Mr. B. Gopal Reddi, former Minister, who also spoke at the meeting said that he would like to remove one wrong notion that had somehow crept into the minds of some people that inside the jail Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar was engaged in political discussions. The atmosphere in the jail, he said, was kept scrupulously non-political.—A. P.

BIG PRESENT FOR MAHATMA

Rs. 9,600 Collected In Maharashtra During Jayanti

(From Our Own Correspondent).

POONA, Nov. 5.

The Secretary of the Maharashtra Provincial Constructive Committee in a statement reveals that Maharashtra offered as many as Rs. 9,600 in cash, and twenty three millions yards of sacrificial yarn, in connection with the last Gandhi-Jayanti celebrations.

Mr. D. K. Gosavi, the President of the Provincial Congress Committee, who left for Wardha this morning will offer to Gandhiji the whole of Maharashtra's quota for his disposal.

MYSORE CONGRESS CHIEF RELEASED

BANGALORE, Nov. 6.

Information has been received in local Congress circles that Mr. H. Siddiah, Mysore State Congress President, who was arrested yesterday under the public security act and taken to Shimoga (where Mr. Siddiah habitually resides) has been released there yesterday.—A. P.

Student Detenu Released

BENARES, Nov. 5.

Mr. Virkaran Batra, a student of the Hindu University and organising secretary of the Benares Students' Federation who had been under detention in the Benares District Jail was released yesterday.

Mr. Batra was arrested on September 2 under the Defence of India Rules.—A. P.

Sentence Reduced In Appeal

CAWNPORE, Nov. 5.

The District and Sessions Judge of Cawnpore modified the sentence on appeal of Mr. K. B. Srivastava, vice-President of the Cawnpore Students' Union who had been convicted under the Defence of India Rules.

The Judge reduced the sentence from six months R. I. and fine of Rs. 100 to the sentence of six months' imprisonment only.—A. P.

Mrs. Pandit In Patna

PATNA, Nov. 6.

Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit arrived here this morning from Allahabad and was received at the station by a number of Congressmen.

Mrs. Pandit will address two meetings here this evening and will leave for Gaya to-morrow. She will return to Patna on November 8, to preside over the Patna District Political Conference and leave for Chapra on November 9.

Mrs. Pandit during her stay will try to reorganise the provincial branch of the All-India Womens' Conference.—A. P.

LUCKNOW, Nov. 6.

The U. P. Provincial Congress Committee will observe November 9 as Deoli Detenus Day when meetings will be held and resolutions urging the Central Government to remove the grievances of the detenus passed.

The students of the Lucknow University observed one-day strike to-day in sympathy with the Deoli detenus on hunger-strike.—United Press.

MOSCOW BEATS BACK NAZIS

(Continued from page 1)

tanks were left on the roadside damaged and smashed.

HUGE GERMAN LOSSES

The Russian Air Force on the Western Front in a single day's operations on November 4 destroyed 48 German tanks, 200 lorries with enemy infantry and ammunition, 100 horsedrawn carts, five field guns, fifteen other guns, four anti-aircraft emplacements and four waggons with ammunition, according to the Soviet supplementary Communique.

Russian troops dispersed and annihilated about two battalions of enemy infantry, the announcement says. A Russian tank unit operating on the Southern Front destroyed six German tanks, twenty anti-tank guns, four field guns, six lorries and killed about 500 enemy soldiers, while an artillery unit dispersed and annihilated two infantry battalions and damaged several German tanks says a Russian announcement.

Nazi Offensive Held

LONDON:—A more favourable view of the situation in the Central Sector of the Russian Front was taken in authoritative quarters in London to-day. The position of the Russian defence was stabilised though this might be a temporary condition, but there was no indication that the Germans were anywhere making an advance. The weather is still very bad.

At Kalinin the Russians are making counter-attacks and it was stated that the German offensive was very definitely held.

In the Crimea the Germans reached the outer defences of Sevastopol about twenty miles from the city, but there has been no penetration.

While masses of Nazi tanks, guns and dive-bombers still beat vainly against Soviet lines in the west and south of Moscow, there is news this morning of a sudden flare-up on the Leningrad Front.

"Operations are developing in the woods and half-frozen lakes and swamps", says a front line dispatch to the "Red Star". In an account of the fighting in the Leningrad Sector, the first for some time, it is stated, the Nazis recently launched an attack with four or five infantry divisions supported by tanks. The Germans broke through in a few places at first, but the dispatch adds, "the avdance of the main German forces has been checked".

The reason for this sudden assault on the Northern Front is declared to be the Nazis' need to bring about what Goebbels carried out "on paper" over two months ago—complete encirclement of Leningrad. German skiiers armed with automatic rifles are trying to filter through the Soviet lines. They are being surrounded and "exterminated" according to Soviet reports.

"Soviet troops on the Moscow Front are fighting with undiminished vigour, says a Moscow radio broadcast. Soviet cavalry have also been in action on this Front and are stated to have "dealt heavy blows" in operations behind the German lines.

A Moscow dispatch says that the Germans before Tula "no longer display the ardour with which they began their advance, but this does not mean that the enemy has abandoned the drive on Tula. He is massing reserves and busily reconnoitring".

"The unbelievable violence of Soviet artillery fire may be the most effective weapon in Moscow's defence, writes the Stockholm correspondent of the Independent French Agency who describes Soviet artillery barrages as "terrifying sweeping operations systematically combing every yard of ground and smashing everything before them".

While the situation in the Crimea remains serious, there is no confirmation of the German claim to have split the Soviet armies, penetrated the Yaila mountains and reached the Black Sea coast". The "Red Star" reports that Soviet troops have retreated to a new line and are consolidating their defences. The report adds that fighting is going on in the region of Simferopol, the Capital of the Crimea.

Berlin Claim

BERLIN:—A Communique says. "In the Crimea, pursuit the beaten enemy is being successfully continued along the entire Front. In the Yaila mountains German and Rumanian troops have overcome the separated enemy forces and are advancing on a broad front towards the Black Sea coast. In the mountains east of Sevastopol enemy resistance has been broken".

Japanese Drive In Shangtung

Tokyo Claim Of Having Surrounded 20,000 Chinese Troops

LONDON, Nov. 6.

The Japanese Domei Agency claims that Japanese forces are now engaged in a major offensive in southern Shangtung, a Chinese coastal province south of Tientsin. The Japanese say that they have surrounded 20,000 Chinese troops and are advancing in every sector.

This claim is not confirmed from other sources.—Reuter.

Subhas Case Echo

High Court Order On Mahajati Sadan Committee's Appeal

CALCUTTA, Nov. 6.

The Calcutta High Court has granted the application, made on behalf of Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, as Secretary of the Mahajati Sadan Committee, and Mr. N. C. Mitter as Secretary of the "Subhas Congress Fund", for an Order, inter alia that the plaintiffs be granted leave to make the necessary construction in order to protect the passage for ingress and egress to and from the underground air raid precautionary shelters under the Mahajati Sadan Building and to render the same fit for use by the public in case of emergency.

The High Court has directed that such construction is to be made under the supervision of the Chief Executive officer of the Calcutta Corporation.

The defendants in the suit were the Province of Bengal, the Chief Executive Officer of the Calcutta Corporation, as receiver and Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose.

The High Court passed the order without prejudice to the contention and rights of the Province of Bengal and the Plaintiffs.

One of the reliefs asked for in the suit, was, for a declaration that the Order of the Additional Chief Presidency Magistrate of Calcutta, passed in the Criminal Case against Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose for attachment and appointment of Receiver in connection with what is known as 'Mahajati Sadan' was illegal and not binding on the Plaintiffs and the general public and in particular on the citizens of Calcutta.—A. P.

STALIN'S SPEECH

(Continued from Page 1)

viets were disorganised behind their lines and that disturbances would occur. They were mistaken. The misfortune that the U.S.S.R. has passed through has not weakened the country, but, on the contrary, strengthened it.

RED REAR

The peasants and workers are helping the Red Army. Never has the rear of the Red Army been as strong as it is now. No other country could have suffered the losses suffered by the U.S.S.R. If the Soviet State has stood firm, it shows that it is fundamentally more solid than other countries.

The Germans thought their army and navy would destroy ours, but our army and navy, although they are not veterans like the Germans—for they have only been fighting for four months—and although they lack cadres which the bellicose Germans have been able to have in their armed forces, are morally stronger because they are defending their country and that which is right. The Germans are also weak in that they are vulnerable behind their lines which are in foreign country.

NO MERCY TO NAZIS

It is our duty to attack the enemy in his rear, not only in our territory, but in his own and disorganise it. The Red Army relies on its rear, but not the German Army. There is no mercy for German occupation forces. Death to German occupation forces (loud applause).

During the four months of war Soviet casualties were 13,58,000 in killed, wounded and missing. German casualties are 4,500,000 in killed, wounded and prisoners. The Germans are trying to seize Leningrad and Moscow before winter as they know they will not be able to do so once winter sets in.

MIRACLES OF HEROISM.

"Our army is perfroming miracles of heroism, but the enemy does not stop. The counter-attacks of our armies are putting out of action again and again new and ever new units of his Blitz' advance forces which replaced those we have rendered unfit for action. He strains every nerve oo take possession of Leningrad and Moscow before winter which augurs no good for him.

NAZI CALCULATIONS.

M. Stalin continued: "How can one explain the success of 'Blitzkrieg in Western Europe and failure and collapse of it in the East? What were the German Fascist strategists relying on in asserting that they would finish off the Soviet Union. They were relying first of all that they would be fighting against the Soviet Union alone. They had hoped to form a general coalition against the Soviet Union having drawn the United States and Great Britain into this coalition. Hitler knew that his policy of gambling against class revolution and putting one State against another was successful in France, whose rulers, terrified by the ghost of revolution, surrendered in the face of Hitler's attacks and relinquished their right to defend themselves. German Fascist rulers thought the same thing would happen in Great Britain and the United States.

Axis Agents To Leave Peshawar On Saturday

NEW DELHI, Nov. 6.

Axis nationals from Afghanistan are expected to leave Peshawar on November 8 for their homes, through Iraq.

Mr. Suzuri's arrest in Karachi is stated to be on grounds of suspected espionage and activities against India's war effort. It is not known whether legal proceedings will be taken against him.—A. P.

AMERICA'S LOSSES OF SHIPS

Three Destroyers And Nine Merchant Vessels

LONDON, Nov. 5.

The "Reuben James" is the third United States destroyer attacked by submarine, the earlier incidents being the attack on the "Greer" on September 4 and on the "Kearney" on October 17. Nine American-owned merchant ships have been sunk since the war began.

The "Reuben James" was named after a Bosun's mate who died in the Mediterranean in America's war against the Barbary pirates. James interposed his body between his fallen commander, Steven Decatur, and the Moorish pirates.

The merchant ships sunk are:

On December 28, 1940, the "Charles Pratt" (Panama flag), when 22 American lives were lost;

On May 21, 1941, the "Robin Moor";

On August 17, the "Sessa" (Panama flag);

On September 5, the "Steel Seafarer", bombed and sunk in the Gulf of Suez;

On September 11, the "Montana" (Panama flag);

On September 19, the "Pink Star" (Panama flag);

On September 27, the "I. C. White" (Panama flag);

On October 16, the "Bold Venture".

On October 19, the "Lehigh" —Reuter.

GERMAN VESSEL OFFERED IN COMPENSATION

LISBON, Nov. 5.

The German Government is understood to have offered the Government of Portugal a vessel now in the harbour at Lourenco Marques in compensation for the steamer, "Corte Real" torpedoed by an U-boat in the Atlantic on October 13, "en route" to the United States.

The German ship in question is larger than the U-Boat's victim. —Reuter.

NAZIS HIDDEN IN VICHY SHIPS

LONDON, Nov. 6.

Nazis may have been hiding in the Vichy ships intercepted by the British navy off the East African coast. This is suggested by the naval correspondent of the "Daily Telegraph" who writes: "Close questioning of the crews and passengers of the five Vichy ships . . may disclose one important reason why the French sloop in charge of the convoy refused to obey British instructions to make for port.

For some time it has been suspected that Nazis in the Far East have been travelling home in French merchant vessels and that they have been signed on as members of the ships' crew.

Three of the ships detained are passenger liners. Others, although cargo vessels, have passenger accommodation.

Their passenger lists will be carefully scrutinised."—Reuter.

TURKISH MOTOR-BOAT SUNK

ANKARA, Nov. 6.

The Turkish motor-boat "Kaynakdere" (name is doubtful) has been stopped and sunk by a submarine in the Black Sea, according to a semi-official announcement.

The sinking took place in Turkish territorial waters. The crew is safe. An enquiry has been opened.—Reuter.

TOKYO FORMULA FOR WASHINGTON

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.

ACCORDING TO WASHINGTON TELEGRAMS MR. KURUSU, THE SPECIAL JAPANESE EMISSARY 'EN ROUTE' TO THE UNITED STATES IS REPORTED TO BE BRINGING A FORMULA APPROVED BY THE EMPEROR FOR A PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT OF THE JAPANESE-AMERICAN PROBLEMS.

DIPLOMATIC CIRCLES IN WASHINGTON ALSO BELIEVE THAT HE MAY BRING A PERSONAL MESSAGE FROM THE PRIME MINISTER, GENERAL TOJO, TO PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT WITH PROPOSALS DESIGNED TO SECURE WHAT JAPAN CONSIDERS AN AMICABLE SOLUTION.

EMISSARY ON WAY TO U. S.

WASHINGTON.—The Japanese Emissary, Mr. Kurusu, who is on his way to the United States, is not coming at the invitation of the United States.

This was made clear by the Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull at a Press Conference on Wednesday.—Reuter.

U. S. HAS NO TRUCK WITH IT

Mr. Hull said that the United States Government had nothing to do with Mr. Kurusu's mission in any way except to extend to it such courtesies as might be feasible in connection with his travels.

Mr. Hull added that the Japanese Government had notified the State Department that the emissary would co-operate with the Ambassador, Admiral Nomura, in further exploratory conversations.—Reuter.

R. A. F. Bombers Attack Enemy Convoy Off Frisian Island

Channel Ports Also Bombed And Mines Laid In Enemy Waters

LONDON, Nov. 6.

Nightraids by the R.A.F. were against shipping and Channel ports as announced by a 'communique' of the Air Ministry to-day afternoon.

"Aircraft of the bomber command last night attacked a well defended convoy off the Frisian Island. Several ships were bombed from a low level and one was seen to be ablaze.

Channel ports were also attacked and mines laid in enemy waters. Hudson aircraft of the coastal command also attacked enemy shipping off the Dutch Coast. Four aircraft of the bomber command and four of the coastal command are missing.

Enemy Withdrawal In Middle East

CAIRO:—A 'communique' from British G. H. Q. in the Middle East on Thursday announces 'LIBYA: TOBRUK — yesterday there was no hostile air activity over Tobruk. Enemy artillery was much less active than normally and our patrol activities were again hampered by the persisting dust storm. In the Frontier area, small enemy patrols were observed some twelve miles south-west of Halfaya and also six miles south of Sidi Omar. Under cover of these patrols enemy working parties were evidently making additions to their frontier defences. On the approach of our patrols the enemy withdrew allowing us to complete without interference comprehensive reconnaissances of certain selected areas.

R. A. F. Raids Over Sicily

ROME:—Italian 'communique' announces that the R.A.F. raided Augusta in Sicily.

Vichy Convoy Intercepted

PRETORIA:—It is understood here that nearly a thousand persons including Naval and Military personnel, several Greeks and other civilians have been landed at a south African port from the Vichy convoy which was intercepted off the African Coast.

Br. Patrols Contact With Italians

NAIROBI:—British ground patrols in the Deva area, north-east of Gondar in Abyssinia, made contact with the Italians on First November and burned several houses and inflicted casualties.

A statement issued by the British Air Headquarters in East Africa to-day declares no British air action was ever intentionally directed against hospitals clearly marked with the Red Cross as asserted by the Italians. An Italian 'communique' of November Third had stated that British aircraft bombed and machine-gunned hospital tents in the Kulkaber area.

It is pointed out in Nairobi that Rome makes these accusations ceaselessly in a vain effort to influence opinion against British forces in East Africa and it is quite impossible to answer the numerous claims made by the Italians.—Reuter.

RAID-FREE NIGHT IN BRITAIN

LONDON, Nov. 5.

A raid-free night over Britain is signalled by an Air Ministry Communique saying: 'Nothing to report".—Reuter.

Single Aircraft Over England

LONDON, Nov. 6.

An Air Ministry communique states, "Shortly after nightfall a single aircraft dropped bombs in southwest England, causing slight damage and no casualties. Otherwise there is nothing to report."—Reuter.

57 ENEMY AIRCRAFT DESTROYED IN TWO DAYS

LONDON, Nov. 5.

The Soviet 'communique' says that 30 German aircraft were destroyed during November 4th. Russian losses were eleven. Twenty-seven German aircraft were destroyed near Moscow on November 5th.

IN FAVOUR OF PENTANGULAR

Bombay Cricket Association's Decision

A meeting of the managing committee of the Bombay Cricket Association held at Islam Gymkhana on Wednesday evening under the chairmanship of Dr H. D. Kanga when the following resolution was passed:

"The Bombay Cricket Association regrets the public pronouncement of Dr P Subbaroyan, the President of the Board of Control for Cricket in India, on the issue of the Bombay Pentangular Tournament. It is the considered opinion of this Committee that the Bombay Pentangular Tournament has fostered better communal feeling and is conducted and played in the best spirit of the game. The suggestion that it is breeding communal disharmony and is not conducive of improving the standard of Indian cricket is wishful thinking on the part of only a few individuals and does not represent the public opinion correctly. The Bombay public is overwhelmingly in favour of this Tournament and it looks forward to this fixture as an annual festival in which all communities take part. The Committee hopes that the Pentangular Tournament will receive the continued and fullest support from cricketers and the general public, as heretofore.

Australian Aid To China?

Great Desire To Co-operate Expressed By Minister In Chungking

CHUNGKING, Nov. 6.

The Far Eastern situation is likely to enter fresh stage of crisis according to messages reaching here.

The Australian Minister to China had talks with General Chiang-kai-Shek in which he expressed Australia's great desire to co-operate with China.

British Fighters For Australia's Defence

MELBOURNE:—Australia is being equipped with the most modern British fighters as first line of defence against any attempt at airborne invasion, according to the "Melbourne Herald" on Thursday. Beau fighters are being imported from Britain and R.A.F. pilots, including some of the most skilled, are now in Australia, the newspaper adds.

Air Force Expansion

SYDNEY:—The progress of the Empire Air Scheme in Australia is now so satisfactory that the Royal Australian Air Force is looking forward to still further expansion than was expected at the inception of the scheme. The building and training of schools of different types throughout the Commonwealth is contemplated and new schools are being opened at regular intervals, ensuring an ever-increasing output of trained men.

Bren Gun For Desert Warfare

The inventor of the new type of Bren Gun, E. Owen has been given authority by Mr. F. M. Forde, the Australian Army Minister, to experiment further with the object of devising improvements to make it more suitable for desert warfare. E. Owen believes that there are great prospects of making the Bren Gun impervious to sand.

Japanese Denial

TOKYO:—The Japanese Foreign Office to-day categorically denied the Singapore report that all Japanese residents in Burma have been advised by the Consul-General of Rangoon to leave, according to the Domei Agency.

A Singapore message states:—The Malaya "Tribune" reports to-day from an undisclosed source that all Japanese in Burma have been advised by the Japanese Consul in Rangoon to leave the country.

VICE-CONSUL TENDERS RESIGNATION

LONDON, Nov. 5.

Following on the recent resignation from French Legation in Dublin, the remaining members of Legation were recently instructed by Vichy Government to take an oath of allegiance to the head of French State.

Vice-consul M. Bie has refused to do this and accordingly had tendered resignation to French Minister".—Reuter.

SINGAPORE, Nov. 6.

A large body of reinforcements, part of the largest convoy ever to arrive at Singapore from England, disembarked here safely on Thursday morning.

The troops included units of engineers, artillery, ordnance and searchlight.—Reuter

Is Lindbergh Anti-Indian?

Read THE LAST PAGE

in the next Sunday Edition of

The Bombay Chronicle

SUNDAY, NOV. 9.

DIARCHY IN CONGRESS

Nariman's Suggestion

Mr. K. F. Nariman, M.L.A., has issued the following statement to the Press:—

We again find Congress High Command and its henchman in a very difficult and embarrassing position. They are again on the horns of a dilemma. There is a transparent conflict of loyalties, and a still greater revolt of the silent 'inner voices' within; they want to retain Gandhiji's leadership, although all of them seem to be practically 'fed up' with his perpetual experiments in Truth and Ahimsa; how to retain Gandhiji's leadership, minus Gandhian fads, is the problem that faces them and defies solution.

Hence in all humility, I, once again, suggest one or two alternatives; I had first suggested them in 1933-34 and have been persistently repeating them since:—

1. They must be prepared either to sacrifice Gandhiji's political leadership and take up the burdensome and onerous responsibility of guiding and controlling political activities and programme of the Congress, as a purely political organisation; and leave Gandhiji to carry on his spiritual and ethical experiments as a separate mission.

2. Or, if that is not possible or feasible, they must voluntarily divide the Congress into two separate departments (a) political and (b) constructive or spiritual; the former to be in charge of Congress Committees, directly under the control of the Congress President and latter under sole charge and control and Gandhiji. Membership may be divided into two groups, according to their natural inclinations political or spiritual. Though such a remedy seems rather unusual and has the appearance of dividing the Congress, still I feel, under the existing circumstances, that seems to be the only solution it certainly is a lesser evil than the present state of stalemate, inaction and downward drift.

If Congress is still to be saved, no more precious time should be lost but a decision must be taken before it is too late on the above or any other practical or realistic lines.

Recent instance of Shree Jayaprakash Narain should serve as an eye-opener; it is due to terrible mental reaction to the existing stagnation policy of reaction; and if that is the effect on such a devout, firm-minded, and well-balanced mind like that of Jayaprakash, we can well imagine the 'inner struggle' in the minds of thousands of average Congressmen; they must be immediately relieved of this mental torture, and further lapses must be prevented.

ZAHIR SHAH OPENS GRAND COUNCIL

PESHAWAR, Nov. 6.

His Majesty King Zahir Shah formally opened the Loe Jirga (Grand Council) in Kabul yesterday.

The Loe Jirga invited members of the Parliament, tribal representatives, religious leaders, civil and military officers, representatives of the trade, commerce and industry and all other interests of national life.

The King in the course of his speech said that he had summoned the Jirga firstly, to meet all the representatives of the nation and secondly, to confer with them the present situation with war spreading further to the east.

After the King's address the President of the National Assembly spoke. The King then returned to his palace and the meeting continued with the Premier in the chair.

The Foreign Minister made a lengthy statement on the country's foreign relations and gave full review of the events since the outbreak of war culminating with the departure of German and Italian nationals from Afghanistan. He reiterated the country's determination to maintain neutrality and follow peaceful policy as was done in the past. The Loe Jirga is continuing its sitting to-day.—A. P.

Two thousand, six hundred and five deaths from plague were registered during the year against 2,352 in the previous year, says the Government of Mysore reviewing the report on administration of Public Health Department for 1940.

FOREIGN FILMS THIS WEEK

BORIS KARLOFF IN NEW TERROR FILM

"The Devil Commands" At Excelsior

Boris Karloff is back! The master monster of the cinema returns to Excelsior to-day (Friday) in Columbia's newest chiller, "The Devil Commands". Thrill-packed and jammed with suspense, the film is the most exciting shocker to come out of Hollywood in a long time. Once again Karloff proves that terror can make for real entertainment as he walks away with all

Boris Karloff at Excelsior in "The Devil Commands"

the honours in a grim, stark tale of an insane inventor, possessed of a mad desire to communicate with the dead!

Soon after the story opens, Karloff retreats to a desolate, old house on the shores of New England and sets up a weird laboratory, where he desperately strives to pierce the veil that separates the living from the dead. Operating on the theory that pure science can succeed where spiritualism has failed, Karloff expresses his theory in these words, "We hold in our hands a key that can unlock the door between the living on earth and those who live beyond the grave!"

Completely rational when he begins his experiment, Karloff is slowly transformed into a monstrous killer as he creates a gigantic electrical device to aid him in delving into the blood-curdling world of unsolved mystery! The film reaches its whirlwind climax when Karloff, completely mad by now, seizes his young daughter and attempts to experiment with her in spite of the great danger involved. Just at that moment the enraged townsmen, who have become infuriated with Karloff for murdering one of their neighbours, storm the house and attempt to crash into his laboratory. In a final scene which has rarely been equalled on the screen for sheer suspense, Karloff turns a deaf ear to the surging mob and turns on the electricity at its highest pitch in a desperate effort to achieve success!

Edward Dmytryk directed from the script by Robert D Andrews and Milton Gunzburg. William Sloane wrote the original story

'A WOMAN'S FACE' FOR SECOND WEEK AT METRO

Thrills, excitement and stark drama mingle with heart-interest in "A Woman's Face," a story of a woman turned criminal through ugliness, who works out her regeneration with a new-found beauty. Starring Joan Crawford and Melvyn Douglas, with Conrad Veidt in a powerful supporting role, the picture is being run at Metro for another week.

Miss Crawford plays the scarred woman, enemy of mankind, restored to beauty by Douglas' plastic surgery, but the slave of a criminal madman, played by Veidt. The struggle between the two men, one offering sanctuary from a cruel world, the other a chance to change her fate, provides gripping moments.

Amid the dramatic and poignant heart moments are thrills such as a wild cable ride over a roaring gorge, a breakneck race against death in sleighs drawn by galloping horses, and other exciting episodes. The picture is beautifully costumed and staged.

"No, No, Nanette" At Palace

Anna Neagle has again proved herself a romantic comedienne by scoring a solid triumph in her new vehicle, "No, No, Nanette", which has come to The Palace this week as one of the sprightliest filmusicals of the year. Based on the Broadway hit of the same name but streamlined to strike a swifter pace and a more modern atmosphere, the story revolves about the rivalry between two men for the affections of a girl who is taking advantage of their susceptibility to assist her rich uncle out of a predicament.

"One Night in the Tropics" with Bud Abbott, Lou Costello, Allan Jones and Nancy Kelly will be screened at Regal on Sunday at 10-30 a.m.

Conrad Veidt and Joan Crawford in "A Woman's Face" at Metro in Second Week.

AUSTRALIA'S MARCH WITH BRITAIN

Fine F. A. B. Short For This Week

BY T. V. P.

Among the short films pertaining to war that the Film Advisory Board has put on Exhibition since it came into existence, the films made by the Australian Ministry of Information have been particularly noteworthy for their finish, polish and educational value.

This week-end, cinema-goers will see 'Australia Marches With Britain' which purports to be a succinct portrayal and a survey of all that the Australian Commonwealth has been dedicating at the feet of the Mother Country in defence of democracy and freedom and destruction of totalitarianism. I saw the film released at the Regal Cinema Press Show on Wednesday with the featured film 'Unfinished Business'.

Besides the natural resources of wheat, wool, butter, eggs and timber, Australia has contributed man power. The youth is willingly joining the Royal Australian Air Force and the Royal Australian Navy. Australians have been fighting shoulder to shoulder with Britain winning many laurels. To-day it is more the war of machines than the war of men and Australia besides supplying her mineral resources of lead, copper, bauxite and the hard pressed steel is rushing gas masks, ammunition, armaments, fighter and trainer aeroplanes and ships to Britain. Australian war factories are working twenty times the normal day. It is a thrilling scene to watch the Australian youth marching from all over the country towards the ports wherefrom they board the Orient Lines.

'UNFINISHED BUSINESS' AT REGAL

Producer-Director Gregory La Cava, the maker of such diverse hits as "My Man Godfrey," "Private Worlds" and "Stage Door" has put everything he had into the new film "Unfinished Business" which opens at the Regal to-day (Friday).

Co-starring for the first time, Irene Dunne and Robert Montgomery prove an ideal team and add to their stature as top-ranking stars.

The story, from a screen play by Eugene Thackrey, opens on an effective romantic sequence in which a small-town girl bound for New York meets a wealthy man-of-the-world on a train. Miss Dunne and Foster enact these roles.

The girl falls in love but the man does not return the affections. Later, in a spirit of adventure, she marries his younger brother, the latter played by Montgomery. The hectic life which follows is interrupted when Montgomery falls in love with his wife. Believing that she has some "unfinished business" in her love for the older brother, the wife leaves.

Later the older brother steps in to provide the surprise climax to the affair. Miss Dunne has never been seen to better advantage, Montgomery has one of his best roles, and Foster is also outstanding as the "other man."

"Young Tom Edison" At Royal Opera House

On Sunday morning at 10 "Young Tom Edison" will be shown at the Royal Opera House at half rate admission prices. It brings to the screen the thrilling story of the adventurous boyhood of the man whom the world acclaimed a genius, Mickey Rooney, the screen's favourite star of the day, is in the title role and gives his greatest performance.

On Sunday November 9th at 10 a.m. Mickey Rooney and Judy Garland in Metro-Goldwyn Mayer's musical sensation "Strike up the Band".

On Sunday at 10-30 a.m. "Rosemarie" starring Jeanette MacDonald and Nelson Eddy will be shown at Capitol

FUNNY SCHOOLBOYS AT NEW EMPIRE

Will Hay In "The Ghost Of St. Michael's"

Packed with laughter-making incidents, "The Ghost of St Michael's," which is to be shown at the New Empire theatre from to-day (Friday) shows Will Hay in the greatest bit of his career.

Produced by Michael Balcon and directed by Marcel Varnel, this A. B F. D. release boasts a fine comedy supporing cast with Claude Hulbert

Charles Hawtrey and Will Hay in 'Ghost of St. Michaels' at New Empire.

and Charles Hawtrey teaming with the star, ably backed by Felix Aylmer, Raymond Huntley, Elliot Mason, John Laurie and Hay Petrie.

Will Hay returns to his popular schoolmaster character as a Master at St. Michael's, the pupils of which have been evacuated to the Isle of Skye. Their new home is a romantic old castle with a superstition that ghostly bagpipes are heard whenever a death is about to occur. Two murders take place and Will Hay is forced to undertake a little amateur sleuthing.

At New Empire will be shown with this film, scenes of the Louis-Baer fight also in a short film.

"Men Of Boys Town" At Capitol

"Men of Boys Town" starring Spencer Tracy and Mickey Rooney comes to the Capitol on Friday.

An Academy Award winner for his performance of Father Edward J. Flanagan in the first story of the priest's City of Little Men, Tracy is once more at his very best, which is the best there is in acting. He cloaks his difficult role with gentle simplicity, but behind it is the strength and power of his two-fistedness when he fights against brutality in corrective treatment of boys.

The story is woven around Father Flanagan's increasing financial problems as he overexpands to care for the increasing hundreds of boys who appeal to him for aid. But such troubles mean nothing to him when a boy needs him. Tracy is hard pushed for honours by Rooney as Whitey Marsh, Mayor of Boys Town, now more mature, who has become Father Flanagan's right hand.

Munitions Production In East Russian Districts

BAGHDAD, Nov. 2.

Kazan, a new station operating on 440 metres in Russian, Turcoman and Turkish, broadcast this statement in Turkish on November 1:

The Kazan and Mariish districts are now working hard producing tanks, aeroplanes, guns, anti-tank guns, machine-guns, etc. Our factories are working in full swing making arms. We appeal to the technicians to give us more and more tanks. Our dear Moscow is threatened and every man and woman should spend the utmost energy to frustrate the enemies. Long live Stalin, the Soviet Union and all who are fighting for freedom and in the defence of the country and its children.

More Working Hours In Jute Mills

CALCUTTA, Nov. 5.

The decision to increase working hours from 54 to 60 per week with immediate effect was taken by the Committee of the Indian Jute Mills Association, at its meeting held today.

An application has been made to the Government of Bengal for the necessary exemption from the Factories' Act, for the new maximum working hours.—A. P.

WE ARE STILL IN THICK OF IT

Smuts Sums Up War Situation & Looks Ahead

DURBAN, Nov. 6.

Field Marshal Smuts, speaking at the opening of the Congress of the Associated Chambers of Commerce on Wednesday declared, "We are not yet out of the wood. We are in the middle of it and there is still a long road before us. Nobody knows what lies ahead.

Field Marshal Smuts also spoke of the far reaching social changes in the world which are being expedited by the war. In post-war years we shall have to look to a changed future, for, though the process started in last war, it is not yet complete. We may see a new order very different from that into which we were born and through which we have lived.

The German experiment would result in world serfdom and slavery and the destruction on freedom. He added, "We want to maintain in each land that freedom which makes man the master of his own fate and makes man's soul his own".

Aligarh League Conference Ends

ALIGARH, Nov. 4.

The concluding session of the Muslim League Conference passed a resolution reaffirming full faith and confidence in Mr. Jinnah, the Working Committee and the Council of the All-India Muslim League and congratulating them on their decision regarding the scheme of the Viceroy's expanded Council and the Defence Council. The Conference also expressed approval of the protest registered by the Muslim League Party against the policy of the Government by withdrawing themselves from the Central Legislature for the session.

By another resolution the Conference requested the All-India Muslim League to intnsify the efforts to consolidate the position of the Muslims in order to secure their demand for independent States in Muslim majority areas.

Other resolutions on the problem of Muslim education and rising price of foodstuffs etc., were adopted.

When Mr. Jinnah rose to address the Conference he was lustily cheered. Speaking in Urdu, Mr. Jinnah said: "The voice of the Muslim League was reverberating even beyond India in foreign countries and British journals were commenting, albeit incorrectly on the actions of the Muslim League."

As regards their goal of Pakistan Mr. Jinnah said it was no longer a theory confined to the intelligentsia but it had thoroughly infiltrated into the minds of the masses of the Muslim people.

Concluding Mr. Jinnah appealed to the people to concentrate now on constructive work and nation-building departments so that the achievement of their goal may be hastened (Loud cheers).

Winding up proceedings Mr. Suhrawardy congratulated the Muslims of Aligarh on the success of the Conference.—A. P.

Muslim Summer School Of Politics

GAYA, Nov 4.

The Muslim Summer School of Politics held at Gaya under the supervision of Mr. Abdul Bari, M.L.A., and Deputy Speaker, Bihar Assembly, has been dissolved after completing training for about two months. During this period the students spun about five lakhs of yarns, spinning bting an importdant item in the daily routine. —A. P.

U. P. Muslim League

LUCKNOW, Nov. 5.

The Council of the U. P. Muslim League at its meeting at Aligarh on November 3 set up a committee with Nawab Mohammad Ismail Khan as President and Mrs. M. Rizwan Ullah as Secretary to propagate the ideals of the League in the Province.

Another resolution demanded the reservation of seats for Muslim students in the Medical Colleges at Lucknow and Agra and in the Technological Institute of Cawnpore the League demanded that at least 30 per cent of the seats be set apart for the Muslim students.

A meeting of the Working Committee is to be held at Lucknow on November 29 during the Pakistan Conference.—A. P.

The Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, will hear the claims of the sufferers during the Communal Riots of 1941, from Tuesday the 25th November.

Applications for exemptions from liability to pay riot compensation will be considered on 16th December.

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It is invaluable during convalescence and for those subject to Malaria. Wincarnis is full of the most concentrated health and vitality-giving elements. It literally *creates* new red blood—you can feel it pounding through your veins within a few minutes of drinking your first glass of Wincarnis. You can actually *feel* new strength and vigour rising up within you, filling you with a new joy in living.

If you are feeling run-down, good for neither work nor play—start a course of Wincarnis. To-morrow you'll begin a new, better, "enjoying-every-minute-of-it" life!

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The usual trouble with low-price blades is lack of uniformity—good, bad and indifferent in every packet. Nacet Blades, though modest in price, are uniformly good—every blade in every packet will give you many close clean shaves. They have long been very popular with the owners of 3-peg razors for that reason.

MUTT AND JEFF—When I Was a Kid We Used to Call 'em Thousand-Legs — By BUD FISHER

NINE HUNDRED AND NINETY-NINE CLOP! NINE HUNDRED AND NINETY-NINE CLOP! 999 CLOP!
999 CLOP! 999 CLOP! 999-
WHAT'RE YOU DOING?
I'M IMITATING A CENTIPEDE WITH A WOODEN LEG!
NINE HUNDRED AND NINETY-NINE BLOP!
7-12

BREATHING MEANS BURNING!

Burning oxygen all the time we breathe! To keep on doing this for life we must "fuel" the body adequately. Adequate "fuel" does not and cannot embrace wines and spirits or tea and coffee! These are only stimulants NOT FOOD-FACTORS. Stimulants can only provide the body with a "flash in the pan" or short-lived existence. At best, these stimulants help only to burn the body and the brain "both sides"!

Adequate "fuel" must comprise of nourishing food and nutritive drink day after day. The body must be plentifully "fuelled" daily with essential vitamins, carbohydrates, proteins etc., in order that a fit and robust life and longevity may be assured. To-day these essential factors underivable from ordinary daily foods can be obtained from scientifically made foods in which the intake of vital factors is aptly balanced.

"BROOKVALE CHOCOLATA" has been expressly designed to supply the body with all vital factors. "BROOKVALE CHOCOLATA" is a "cocoa nectar", sweet and delicious, surpassing many a food-beverage on the market today. "BROOKVALE CHOCOLATA" sells only at Re. 1/2 per tin to yield as many as 50 to 60 bubbling cups more pleasant and more nourishing than ordinary milk and costing much less. Buy it of your chemist to-day or of Messrs. Shah & Co., Sitaram Bldgs., or M/S Akbarally Ebrahimji, Cowasji Patel Street, Fort, Bombay. And if you want to try a cup, visit "Bombay Santosh Bhuvan", Fort Chambers, Dean Lane, Fort, Bombay. It is new and novel introduced only a week since. It will be available everywhere and served everywhere in due course. (Dealers to phone 40078 or write to P. B. No. 857, Bombay. Alert workers wanted.)

FAT PEOPLE WHO HAVE HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE

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If thousands of fat folks could lose a goodly part of their excess fat they would also lose their dangerous high blood-pressure.

Take the case of this woman for example. In a grateful letter she writes:

"I have had trouble with my back and high blood-pressure. I was always tired and was twenty pounds overweight. I tried taking Kruschen Salts and soon lost five pounds of my overweight. The pain has stopped, and now I can get around much quicker, and feel 100 per cent. perfect, thanks to Kruschen Salts. I will always recommend them."—(Mrs.) D. W.

To lose fat the safe, inexpensive way, take one-half teaspoon of Kruschen in a glass of hot water every morning before breakfast. Kruschen Salts helps to put vigour and ambition into the indolent, and makes those who take the "little daily dose" gloriously alive and active.

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Insanity, etc.

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Poyapilla

"I have been acquainted with Dr. W. C. Roy's specific for insanity for a long time past and have known it to be efficacious."—Dr. Rabindra Nath Tagore.

"I personally know of two cases cured by it."
(Sir) Romesh Chandra Mitter, Kt.
Ex. Chief Justice, Bengal.

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MAHATMA'S MESSAGE

Spin For Swaraj, And Spin To Sustain It

Four members of the Charkha Section of the South Indian Association, Bombay, went on a "pilgrimage" to Sevagram where they had 'darshan' of Mahatma Gandhi recently. They presented to Gandhiji 2,30,400 yarns spun during the Gandhi Jayanti. The following is a brief account of their interview with Gandhiji:

Mahatma: Come along! What have you brought? Mr. Narayanswami spoke highly about you, and said that you will bring much yarn money.

A.: We have brought 270 hanks of yarn.

Mahatma: Spun by how many?

A.: About 50 during Gandhi Jayanti.

Mahatma: Of course!

A.: Members of the "pilgrim party" told Mahatma Gandhi that many people had sent their separate regards and greetings to him through them and they desired to have his blessings.

Mahatma: No blessings in exchange. Here there is nothing in exchange. Have you seen the Ashram? Have you learnt anything?

A.: We have learnt much.

Before the "pilgrims" took leave of Gandhiji, they asked for a message.

The Mahatma said: "My advice is, 'Spin, spin and spin again and spin more; spin for Swaraj and then spin to sustain it.'

How much is the yarn?

A.: Two lakhs thirty thousand four hundred yards!

Mahatma: Now your work is over? I have to accomplish so much work.

HINDU ARMY TO FIGHT PAKISTAN!

Dr. Moonje's Address To Rajputana Conference

AJMER, Nov. 5.

The Fifteenth session of the Rajputana Provincial Hindu Conference was held at Pushkar on November 2 and 3 under the presidentship of Dr. B. S. Moonje. Messages wishing success to the Conference were received from Mr. V. D. Savarkar, President, All-India Hindu Mahasabha, Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, Rai Bahadur Mehr Chand Khanna, Sahibzada Abdul Wahid Khan and others.

Dr. Moonjee, in his presidential address said that the Hindu Mahasabha had no quarrel with the Muslims or the Muslim League. Their quarrel was with the British Government, who alone could dispose off the question of Pakistan.

Dr. Moonje said the eternal law of the world was that the country belonged to those who possessed the army. Similarly, if the Muslims had an army they would have their Pakistan, but if the Hindus had their army they would have their Akhand Hindustan. He, therefore, exhorted the Hindus to join the army in large numbers and demand from the Government that their proportion in the composition of the Indian Army should not be less than 75 per cent.

The Hindus, he said, who formed thirty crores of the population of India, should be able to raise an army of one and half crores. If they could do this, they need not worry about Pakistan.

As a logical corollary to the claim of the Muslim League for a separate nationhood, Dr. Moonje emphasised that if a mere change of religion could bring about a change of nationality, then all proselytisation should be prohibited by the Government and the Hindus should do everything in their power to bring about this prohibition.—A.P.

SATYAGRAHA MOVEMENT

Will Be Called Off If Freedom Of Speech Is Conceded

"Intensification Will Come At Close Of War, If It Becomes Necessary"

Mr. H. V. Kamath, Organising Secretary of the Forward Bloc of India, has released for publication the answers given by Mahatma Gandhi to certain questions bearing on the present situation put to Gandhiji by Mr. Kamath on the occasion of his visit to Sevagram on 5th September. Mr. Kamath gives the following resume of the questions and answers during the interview:—

RUSSIA'S ENTRY INTO WAR

1. Q. Has the entry of Russia into the war altered its complexion and India's attitude thereto?

Ans. The entry of Russia into the war has not materially altered the complexion of the war. Expression of oral sympathy with Russia as a victim of aggression is not wrong, but no purpose will be served by so doing, so long as we cannot translate it into action. Russia is not wholly free from blame. Had Jawaharlalji, who is a close student of international politics, not been behind the bars and thus free to express his views, his opinion in the matter would have weight with me.

ATLANTIC CHARTER

2 Q. Can you, Mahatmaji, envisage the emergence of non-violent new world order in the Atlantic Charter?

Ans. No. I am not able to envisage in the Atlantic Charter the emergence of a non-violent new world order of my conception.

3 Q. What is your attitude towards the acceptance of office in the Viceroy's Executive Council by Congressmen such as Sjt. Aney and Mr. Nalini Ranjan Sarkar?

Ans. I do not approve of acceptance of office by Congressmen such as Sri Aney and Nalini Babu. Such action on their part has undoubtedly given a handle to the British Government for carrying on propaganda in America to the effect that India should now be satisfied in that even well-known ex-Congressmen had joined the Viceroy's Council.

SATYAGRAHA MOVEMENT

4 Q. Is the Satyagraha movement proceeding to your satisfaction? In what way is it different from the 1930 movement? Has the policy of non-embarrassment any political value or significance? What will be your attitude in case Government conceded the right of freedom of speech? Is there any likelihood of intensification of the struggle in the near future.

Ans. The Satyagraha movement is proceeding to my entire satisfaction. Pressure on a scale comparable to that of the 1930 movement was not being put on Government, it is true, but that movement was different in character from the present one. But the main fact that the struggle is going on constitutes sufficient moral pressure so much so that British Government's position in America does not appear to be quite comfortable. The policy of non-embarrassment is a logical consequence of non-violence and in that way a political necessity, though I do not expect the British Government conceding the right of freedom of speech, but if they did do so honestly, I was bound to call off the movement. Bonafide recognition of free non-violent speech meant a large step towards independence. No intensification of the struggle was likely during the pendence of the war. Intensification will come at the close of war if it become necessary.

KISAN AND MAZDOOR STRUGGLE

5. Q. What is your attitude to local Kisan and Mazdoor struggle?

Ans. I extend by sympathy to all local Kisan and Mazdoor struggle for their legitimate demands and such struggle cannot amount to embarrassment of Government. My attitude cannot be otherwise considering that I myself have been the author of such struggle in the past.

6. Q. In view of the fact that the word non-violence does not appear in the Congress constitution what is the duty of Congressman as regards non-violent conduct?

A. Though the word non-violence does not appear in the Congress constitution, it does in resolutions. Though there be no resolution of plenary session of the Congress on the subject of non-violence, I expect Congressmen to abide by the A.I.C.C. resolution so long as it is not modified or altered by a plenary session.

FORWARD BLOC

7. Q. Acharya Kripalani recently in reply to Sardar Sardul Singh Caveshеer said that the Forward Bloc is not a part of the Congress organisation. The statement on Kripalani's part has created not a little confusion and misunderstanding among several Congressmen. I personally hold that the position of the Forward Bloc in the Congress is quite similar to that of the Congress Socialist Party. Could you kindly enlighten me with your opinion on the subject?

Ans. Though the Congress constitution does not recognise separate groups within the Congress organisation. Congressmen who owe allegiance to such groups have every right to remain in the Congress in their individual capacity if the groups are not inconsistent with the Congress resolution and policy. I never insisted that Congressmen who do not subscribe to my interpretation of non-violence should leave the Congress. The Congress Socialist Party is just as much not a part of the Congress organisation as the Forward Bloc. The Congress constitution makes no mention of either as being component parts of the Congress organisation. Forward Bloc and Congress Socialist Party are on a par with each other so far as their being part of the Congress organisation is concerned.

DIVINE POWER

Q. Have you, Mahatmaji, full faith in a Divine Power moulding our destiny?

Ans. Yes, I have full faith in Divine Power guiding the destinies of India and of the world. It is this living faith that sustains me in the present crisis.

NO PERMANENT PEACE THAT WAY

Atlantic Charter Is Anti-Democratic, Says Rameshwari Nehru

PESHAWAR, Nov. 4.

Mrs. Rameshwari Nehru, President of the All-India Women's Conference, left for Lahore tonight after her visit to the frontier. Prior to departure, in an interview, she said: "There can be no two opinions about the Atlantic Charter as has been evidenced by politicians of all sections of thought.

It is quite plain that the Charter contemplates preservation of the 'status quo' in political and economic affairs of the world. Freedom, democracy, self-determination—would be restricted to European nations.

Permanent peace cannot be achieved in that way. The principles of social justice, political freedom and democracy are universal and unless they are applied to all peoples of the world equitably, there can come no peace to the human family. The Atlantic Charter is a negation of all these principles".—A. P.

GENERAL AVARI ARRESTED

NAGPUR, Nov. 6.

Mr. Mancharshah Avari, popularly known as "General Avari" was arrested at 1-30 this morning under the Defence of India Rules for an alleged prejudicial speech made recently at Armori in Chanda District. He is being taken to Chanda.—United Press.

Intimation Of Intention To Offer Satyagraha, No Offence

Conviction And Sentence Of Accused Set Aside By Allahabad High Court

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 5.

The mere giving of a notice to a District Magistrate by a person of his intention to offer Satyagraha does not constitute an offence under the Defence of India Rule. This was held by His Lordship Mr. Justice Ganganath of the Allahabad High Court to-day in disposing of the revision of Hafiz Nurul Hasan who was sentenced to 18 months R. I. and a fine of Rs. 200 by a First Class Magistrate of Moradabad under Rules 38 (5) read with 212 and 34 (K) and (P) of the Defence of India Rules or in default to undergo six months' further R. I. was maintained by the sessions Judge in Appeal but the fine was reduced to Rs. 50. The present application in revision which His Lordship allowed was against the judgment of the sessions Judge.

PROSECUTION CONTENTION

It appeared that the applicant sent a letter to the District Magistrate of Moradabad informing him of his intention to shout an anti-war slogan which was also mentioned in his letter. It was urged on behalf of the prosecution that the sending of this letter amounted to an act preparatory to the contravention of the provisions of the Defence of India Rules and so the applicant was rightly convicted.

His Lordship said that under Rule 33 there could be no doubt that the shouting of the slogan contained in the letter would have amounted to the commission of a prejudicial act and if that slogan had been shouted, the applicant could have been convicted under Rule 33 (5) read with Rules 121 and 34 (K) and (P.) The applicant was not allowed to shout the slogan but was arrested before he could do so. The charge against him was that he had sent a letter to the District Magistrate intimating to him his intention to shout the slogan. An intention. His Lordship said was not to be confused with preparation.

FOUR STAGES!

There were four stages ordinarily in the commission of an offence continued Mr. Justice Ganganath, namely intention, preparation attempt and the final Act constituting the offence. Intention was not ordinarily punishable at all. Preparation was punishable in rare cases, as for example Section 121 and Section 399 of the I. P. C. attempt was punishable in the majority of cases while the final act constituting the offence was always punishable. Preparation consisted in devising or arranging any means or measure for the commission of an offence. The communication of the letter to the District Magistrate did not come under preparation because the sending of the letter did not in any way devise or arrange any means or measure for the commission of the offence, that is the shouting of the slogan. His Lordship pointed out that the applicant had simply intimated his intention which he might have given up at any time before he could actually commit the offence. The applicant had therefore committed no offence under the Defence of India Rules. In the result, the Revision was allowed and the conviction and sentence were set aside.

Mr. Z. H. Lari appeared for the applicant and Mr. Sankar Saran the Deputy Government Advocate for the Crown.—A. P.

BOMBAY GOVERNOR FOR PESHAWAR

Will Present Squadron Of War Planes To I. A. F.

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Sir Roger Lumley, Governor of Bombay, flew at 7 a.m. this morning from Juhu along with Mr. C. R. C. Gardiner, Mr. Ramniwas Ramnarain Ruia, Mr. H. C. Captain, Mr. Camar S. Tyebji and Mr. R. P. Lowndes to present the squadron of aeroplanes to the Indian Air Force at Peshawar.

Sir Homi Mehta and Sir Shapoorji Billimoria could not go and the latter's place was taken by Mr. R. P. Lowndes. They will be received by Sir Homi Modi at Delhi on Friday morning.

The Tata plane which took off the party will halt at Jodhpur for half an hour and reach Delhi at 12-30 p.m. to-day. From Delhi they will start for Lahore at 7 a.m. arriving at 9 a.m. After half an hour's halt at Lahore they will take off for Peshawar reaching their at 11 a.m.

The presentation ceremony will take place at 3-30 p.m. on Friday. Among those who were present at the Juhu Aerodrome to see the Governor and his party off were Lady Lumley, Mr. J. B. Irwin, Private Secretary, Lt.-Col. Palk, Military Secretary, and Mr. Figgins, Manager, Tata Aeroplanes Ltd.

Twenty war planes will be presented by the Governor on behalf of Bombay City and the Presidency. They are named as under: Bombay City 1, Bombay City 2, Bombay City 3, Bombay City 4, Bombay City 5, Bombay City 6, Then comes "Satara", "Sholapur", "Khandesh", "Konkan", "Gujarat", "Karnatak", 1, "Karnatak 2" Bombay R.W.I. Turf Club, Bombay R.W.I. Turf Club 2, Bombay R.W.I Turf Club 3, Bombay Parsis 1, Bombay Parsis 2, Bombay Parsis 3 and Bombay Tata. Sir Homi Mehta being already in Delhi will join the party at Delhi

Hindus And Peshawar Evacuation

PESHAWAR, Nov. 5.

"Though over eighty per cent of the Hindus and Sikhs in Peshawar have expressed their willingness to be evacuated if and when an emergency arises, my advice to Hindus and Sikhs is that they should consider the question of sending away only their women, children and old men," says Rai Bahadur Mehrchand Khanna, M.L.A., President of the Frontier Hindu Mahasabha in a statement.

"All youngmen, he added should stay here to fight the enemy and look after their hearths and home. So far as I am personally concerned I shall be the last Hindu to leave my Province."—A. P.

Non-Inflammable Brattice Cloth

Samples of two kinds of non-inflammable Brattice cloth have been produced by the Director Scientific and Industrial Research following an enquiry received from New Zealand whether this cloth could be obtained from India.

The samples have been sent to the Eastern Group Council for approval.

THANA SATYAGRAHI JAILED

(From Our Correspondent.)

THANA, November 5.

Mr. Ramachandra Keshav Chowdhary, a Congress worker from Bassein, who offered Satyagraha yesterday, was tried today by the Thana Town Magistrate for breach of Defence of India Rules. Mr. Chowdhary having pleaded guilty to the charge, the Magistrate convicted him and sentenced him suffer four months' simple imprisonment with 'C' Class.

Jail For Two Ahmedabad Satyagrahis

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 5.

Mr. Kantilal Shah who offered Satyagraha in Ahmedabad was tried and sentenced to-day to four months R. I. while Mr. Jayantilal Doshi who offered Satyagraha at Dholera town in Ahmedabad District was tried and sentenced to-day to six months R. I.—A. P.

POONA, Nov. 6.

It is understood that Mr. L. M. Patil, ex-Local Self-Government Minister of Bombay will succeed Mr D. K. Gosavi as the President of the Maharastra Provincial Congress Committee after Mr. Gosavi offers Satyagraha and is arrested.—United Press.

Moon-Mars Axis

(From Our Correspondent).

JUBBULPORE, Nov. 4.

Great significance is attached by the astronomers and astrologers to the visibility of the Mars on the night of Saturday last in the close vicinity of the moon. The planet was shining with a great radiance within the halo of the moon. It is stated that the conjunction of Mars and moon in this position is a portent of ill omens.

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OPENING DAY NOVEMBER 8th

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Friday, November 7, 1941

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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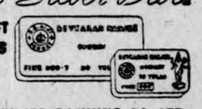
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SOVIET ADVANCE IN ONE SECTOR OF DONETZ

Enemy Retreating Leave Trail Of Dead And Wounded

Deadly Soviet Attacks On Moscow Front Bring Nazis To Halt

RED FORCES BLAST TO PIECES GERMANY'S WELL-PLANNED OFFENSIVE ON LENINGRAD FRONT

INITIATIVE FAST PASSING TO SOVIET HANDS

MOSCOW, Nov. 5.

RED ARMY UNITS UNDER THE COMMAND OF TRETYAKOVSKY ARE CONTINUING TO ADVANCE IN ONE SECTOR OF THE DONETZ IN SOUTH RUSSIA, ACCORDING TO THE MOSCOW RADIO ON WEDNESDAY NIGHT.

THE GERMANS ARE RETREATING, LEAVING BEHIND HEAPS OF DEAD AND MANY GUNS, SAID THE ANNOUNCER.

EVERYWHERE IN THE DONETZ BASIN THE GERMANS ARE SUFFERING HEAVY LOSSES.

On the Moscow front fighting continues at Tula 100 miles due south of Moscow.

Our units are dealing heavy blows on the enemy and huge losses suffered by him in manpower and machines compelled him to refrain from attacking the announcer added.

The enemy resumed his activities on the Leningrad front but the advance on the main forces was checked, according to the correspondent of the "Red Star" the correspondent says.

The enemy who has long been on the defensive suddenly became active and sent four or five infantry divisions with tanks to cut Soviet communications but evidently met unexpectedly strong opposition and only in a few places managed to penetrate the Russian defences.

In many sectors the initiative is passing into Russian hands.

Evdently the German command attahes considerable importance to the operations on this sector the correspondentt continues, bu he advance of the main German forces has been checked and Soviet counter-attacks are growing in intensity along the whole sector.

Tula armaments manufacturing town and one of the keypoints in the German attack on Moscow, is in danger, according to latest reports received from the Moscow front, though so far numerous German attacks have been beaten off in fierce day and night fighting, says Reuter's special correspondent.

FIGHTING ON WHOLE FRONT

MOSCOW, Nov. 6.

A Soviet Communique states during November 5th, our forces fought battles with the enemy on the whole front. On Tuesday Soviet air units destroyed or put out of action 80 enemy tanks 350 motor vehicles with infantry and ammunition, 30 petrol tank lorries 13 field-guns and seven batteries of field artillery

Powerful Reserves

A supplement to the communique states that Red Army detachments and the Red Air Force operating on the central front destroyed between November 2 and November 4, 96 tanks 18 field guns and several fuel tanks many motor vehicles with infantry and munitions and more than a battalion of infantry.

The training of powerful reserves for the Red Army is proceeding apace, states a supplement to the Soviet communique.

Millions of workers, collective farmers and office employees have successfully completed the first month of universal military training.

Soviet guerrillas are inflicting serious losses on the enemy, disrupting his communications, causing casualties and destroying tanks lorries and ammunition and the Fascists are compelled to divert strong forces for the protection of their rear, states a supplement to the Soviet 'communique.'

This is revealed, it says, in an Order of the Day issued by the Commander of the Eleventh German Army, which states: "Guerrilla groups act at night time before dawn when vigilance is relaxed.

They strike suddenly from ambush, kill sentries with cold steel, waylay supply trains, suddenly opening fire, shoot at aircraft near landing grounds when the aircraft take off or land, shoot down artillery horses in order to impede the movement of artillery and then attack."

In the fighting from November 2 to 4 in the area of "D" Red Army units and aircraft operating on the Western Front destroyed 97 German tanks, 184 lorries with infantry and military supplies, 18 guns, 7 fuel tank cars and annihilated about one battalion of enemy infantry.

In many districts of the Gorki region, on the initiative of the Soviet people, they are undergoing training. A number of houses for drill have been raised. As a result many units have accomplished the October programme ahead of schedule.

They are now studying the handling of machineguns and sub-machineguns and are effectively mastering the art of hand-to-hand fighting

The entire male population of the Trans-Baikal region is capable of bearing arms and is intensively preparing to defend the country.

Training centres and firing ranges have been equipped in towns and villages, mines and at goldfields.

The Red Army is staunchly carrying out M Stalin's latest order that every officer and every Red Army soldier on all sectors of the Moscow front has a personal obligation' 'not to step backward"

One German night attack made with tanks proved a particularly costly failure, while daylight assaults with tanks along a heavily mined road have so far been staved off and front reports state that the Germans have been thrown back over one mile "in the neighbourhood of a brick factory."

Should Tula fall, the Germans will find nothing useful to them there in the arms factories. In accordance with M Stalin's policy of timely removal of industrial equipment which might be useful to the Germans, Tula's factories have already been evacuated.

This does not mean any weakness in the Soviet determination to hold this town but in part of the policy which has also been successfully applied elsewhere

It is learnt, for example, a factory plant and electrical factories at Kharkov have been moved away in time and some of them will shortly be functioning elsewhere.

The number of factories which are already re-functioning in new localities is steadily increasing and include those manufacturing light arms and aeroplane parts.

This is definitely one of the most successful aspects of the scorched earth policy.

German domination in Italy is fanning resentment among masses of the population against Mussolini's policy, the supplement continues.

This resentment finds ever frequent expression in strikes. On October 28 miners at Aosti destroyed the police headquarters, killed eight policemen and organised a demonstration under the slogan: "Down with the War. Out with Germany."

Clashes between workers and the police occurred in the towns of Biella and Clusone.

Soviet forces are fighting with undiminished vigour on the Moscow Sector, reported the Moscow radio early on Thursday morning.

At Tula, the southern key point in the German attack on Moscow the Soviet defenders are "destroying enemy tanks at the approaches of the town with hand grenades and fuel bottles," the announcer said.

Within the last few days some 14 German tanks have been damaged or destroyed there.

Soviet cavalry detachments are operating behind the German lines. Boys and girls of Tula said the announcer, are behaving with great gallantry carrying the wounded under fire.—Reuter.

Will Handicap Russian Evacuation Of Crimea

LONDON, November 6.

Developments of German offensive in Crimea it is felt in authoritative circles to have somewhat changed position. It is not clear whether German move towards Kerch is an endeavour to cross the strait to Mainland or to handicap evacuation of Russian troops from crimea. The strait itself is a fairly formidable barrier and unless the bridgehead is established on Caucasian mainland and control obtained over the strait by gunfire and air attack it is not easy to see how large a number of troops could be transported across.

The strait varies in width from three to ten miles and has strong currents and shoal waters.

MRS. CHURCHILL'S APPEAL
Travelling Red Cross Unit To Collect Funds For Russia

LONDON, Nov. 6.

Mrs. Winston Churchill and the Russian Ambassador and Mrs. Maisky, inspected special travelling Red Cross display unit before it left London to tour England and Wales, with object of helping raise money for Red Cross agriculture fund which has promised substantial financial assistance to Mrs. Churchill's aid to Russia appeal.—Reuter.

War "Malaise" In Italy

LISBON, Nov. 5.

Fresh evidence has reached here from Italy of the war "malaise" which has stricken the Italian people. Countless of thousands of families, already deprived of menfolk lost in the African campaigns, are now losing others among the million troops Germany had demanded to be sent to the Russian Front.

Thousands of others have been sent to work in the Reich.

Many arrests were made in Naples and Genoa among those openly expressing resentment, which is becoming so general, that the Germans have decided to take over complete control of the Italian propaganda machine until the war ends.

It is learned that Italians who manage to leave the country for the Americas and elsewhere do so declaring "whoever wins the war, Italy is finished anyway, so why stay —Reuter.

Sir Victor Sassoon speaking at the Rotary lunch at the Taj on Tuesday on "Principle of Preparedness."

INVITED BY GOERING

Fr. Delegate-General In Occupied Territory Back From Naziland

VICHY, Nov. 5.

De Brinon, French Delegate General for the occupied territory on his return from Germany said that his visit had been a private one and not for the purpose of pursuing the Franco-German negotiations according to the Vichy News Agency.

De Brinon said that he went to Germany as the result of an invitation transmitted by Abetz, the German Ambassador, in the name of Goering and Von Ribbentrop. - Reuter.

U. S. ATLANTIC PATROL ACTIVE

"Shoot At Sight" Order Put Into Effect

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.

American warships on the Atlantic patrol have been actively hunting Hitler's U-boats ever since President Roosevelt's "shoot on sight" order nearly two months ago. The "New York Sun" states to-day that it learns from an authoritative naval source that vessels on the Atlantic patrol have frequently attacked U-boats in the past few weeks, and on several occasions American crews have seen parts of submarine blown to the surface by the explosion of depth charges.—Reuter.

PLIGHT OF FRENCH MERCHANT NAVY

LONDON, Nov. 5.

The economic warfare spokesman added the entire French Merchant Navy was under the control of the German Armistice Commission which issued orders covering routing, cargoes, destinations, through Bordeaux.

A copy of the scuttling orders issued from there on the instruction of the Armistice Commission had come in the possession of the British Government. Their refusal to comply with the British request for legal search and attempt to frustrate enforcement of that right were therefore taken at the direct instance of the enemy.—Reuter

U. S.-CANADA PLANS FOR JOINT DEFENCE

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.

The White House announced that President Roosevelt and Mr. Mackenzie King have created a joint Defence Production Committee of 12 members to co-ordinate the capacities of the two countries for production of defence materials.

PERSONNEL OF THE BOARD

The new Board is established on the recommendation of the Joint Economic Committee of the two countries. Mr. Milo Perkins, Executive Director of the Economic Defence Board, United States is named Chairman of the American group. Other Americans are Mr. J. V. Forrestal, Under Secretary for the Navy, Mr. Patterson Under Secretary for War, Mr. W H. Harrison, Director, Production Division, Mr. Stettinius Junior Lend and Lease Administrator and Mr. H. L. Vickery, Vice Chairman of the Maritime Committee.

Mr. G. K. Sheils, Deputy Minister of the Department of Munitions Supply, heads the Canadian group. The other Canadians are Mr. J. R. Donld, Director General of Chemicals and Explosives branch of the Department of Munitions Supply, Mr. H. J. Carmichael, Director General Munitions Production Branch of the Department of Munitions Supply Mr. J. R. Donald, Director General Aircraft Production Branch of the Department of Munitions Supply, Mr. H. R. MacMillan, President of the Wartime Merchant Shipping Limited and Mr. Walter Gordon of the Department of Finance.—Reuter.

U. S. ARMAMENT PROGRAMME

"Will Overshadow Nazi Effort By Next Spring"

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.

"By next spring the United States Armament programme will overshadow the Nazi effort" declared Mr. Coldwell, President of the Society of Automobile Engineers, quoted in the New York "Times" on Wednesday.

"This country is building 5,000 aircraft engines monthly compared with an estimated 3,500 produced by the Nazis", Mr. Coldwell said. The Ford Motor Company has disclosed its programme to build 400 tanks monthly, according to Mr. Coldwell who added that such a programme would make Ford the Nation's largest tank builder.

Lord Halifax conferred privately with Mr. Henry Ford after an inspection of the Ford Factories at Detroit. The Ambassador then left by train for Cleveland, Ohio, where he will tour defence plants. —Reuter.

WAGE INCREASE TO STAVE OFF U. S. RAILWAY STRIKE

WASHINGTON, Nov. 5.

With the object of staving off a threatend railway strike, the Presidential Emergency Board has recommended temporary wage increases for the nation's 1,150,000 railway workers.

These include a seven and a half per cent. increase for 350,000 people in five operating brotherhoods and a nine cents per hour or 13 and a half per cent. average increase for 800,000 non-operating employees of 14 other brotherhoods.

I. L. O. Conference Ends

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.

At the closing session of the International Labour Office Conference, the United States Secretary for Labour, Miss Frances Perkins, who is the Chairman of the Conference, paid a tribute to its work.

"We could not have met and exchanged views like this," she said, "if we had not years ago established an institution to which we could adhere."

The Conference also passed a resolution authorising the holding of its next session away from Geneva if circumstances should so require; endorsing the principles laid down in the Roosevelt-Churchill Charter and requesting the International Labour Office Governing Body to instruct the I.L.O to support the regional office of economic information and studies and to collaborate in its work.—Reuter.

New Non-Stop Flying Record

SYDNEY, Nov. 6.

Catalina flying-boat created Pacific air-crossing record of 33,000 miles non-stop from Canton Island to Sydney.—Reuter.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE AND THE FLYING SQUAD

ONE MINUTE / THEN THE EXPLOSION /
EVEN IF THEY SURVIVE, THE CAVE-IN WILL BURY THEM ALIVE /
THE FUSE IS PAST MY WAIST. WE HAVE ONE MINUTE, THAT'S ALL . . . .
I CAN MOVE MY THUMB AND FINGER . . . IT MAY NOT WORK, BUT I'M GOING TO TRY TO . . .
SNUFF THE FUSE OUT /
6-19
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Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.